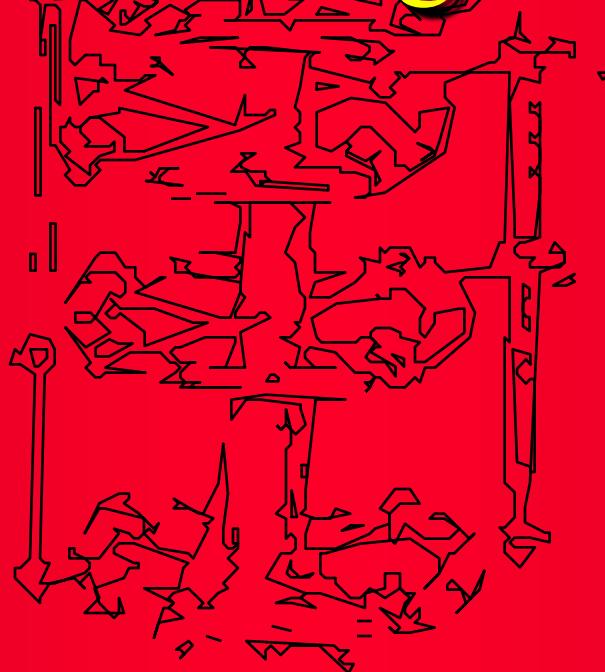


Pro and contra of limb lenghtening with external fixators and internal nails



Evolution of the Ilizarov system and presentation of new configurations



Ospedale Lecco

Ilizarov Unit



Progresso





Progress
is gained by the continuous
learning of our's and other's
experiences



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit

Why in Lecco, Italy

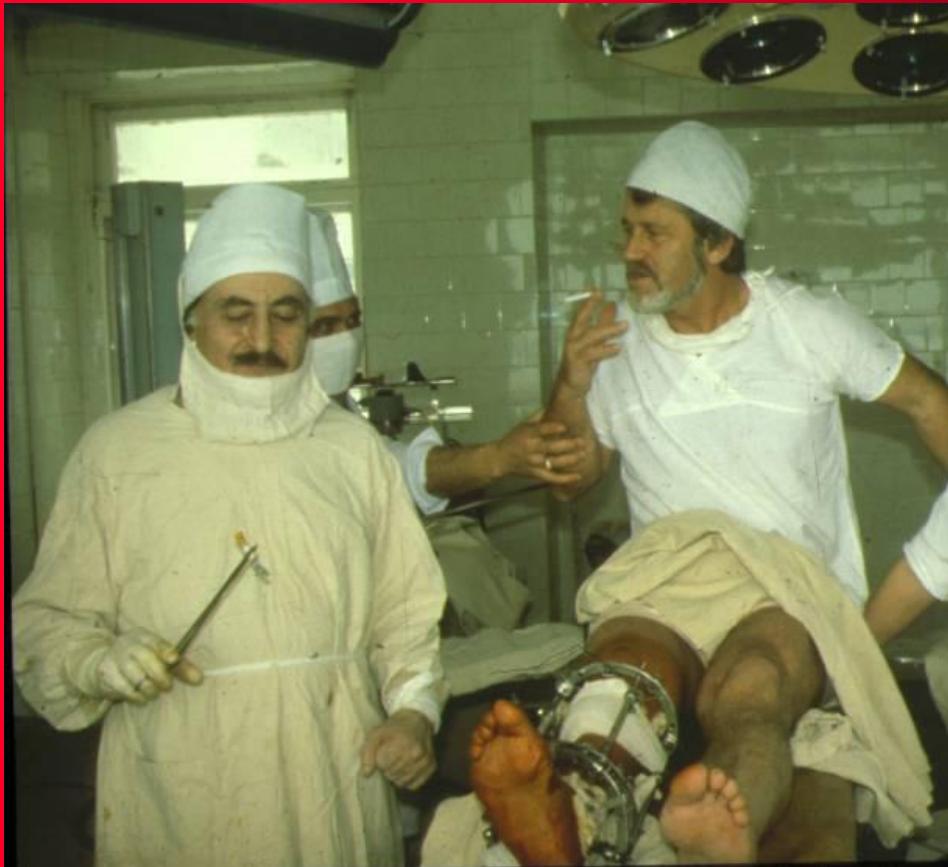
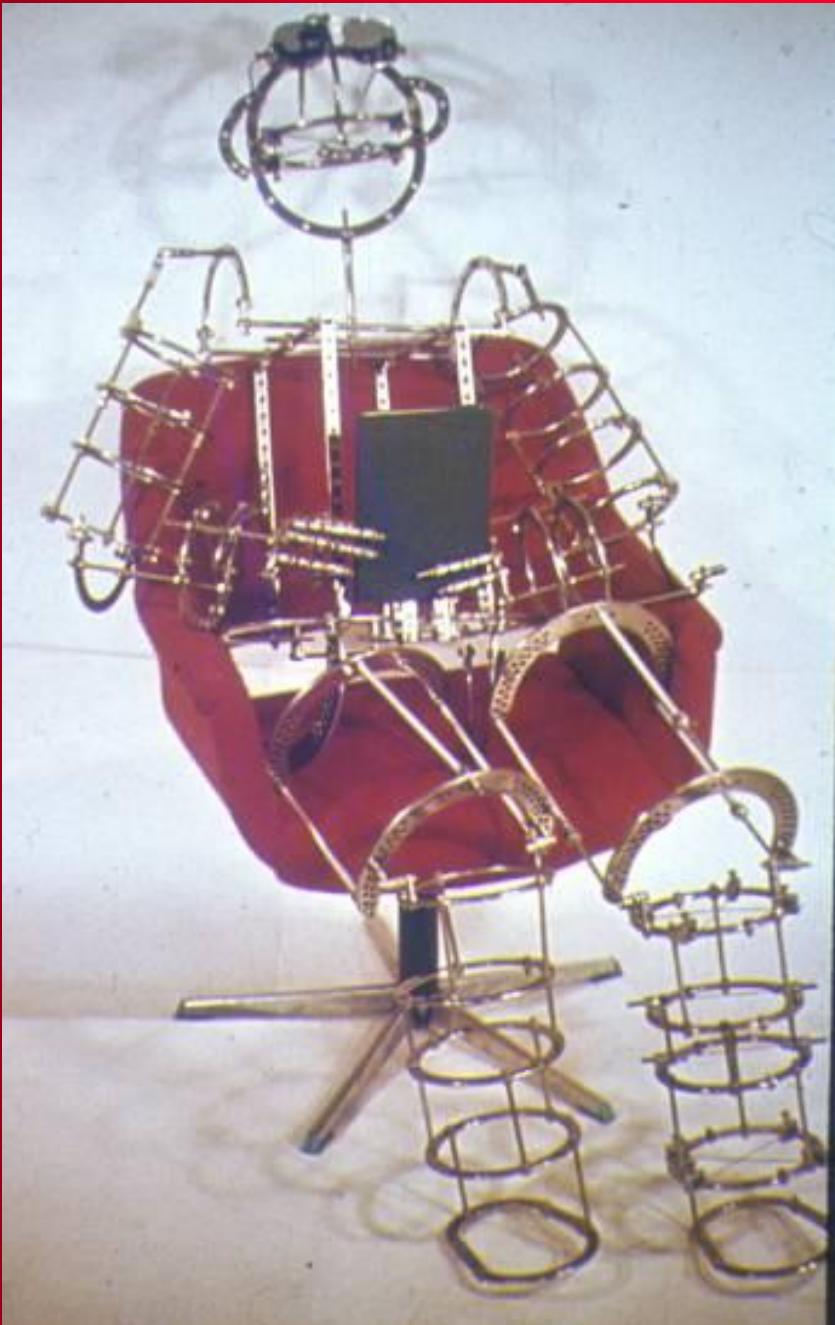


Ospedale Lecco



DRPILORTOPEDICO

Ilizarov Unit

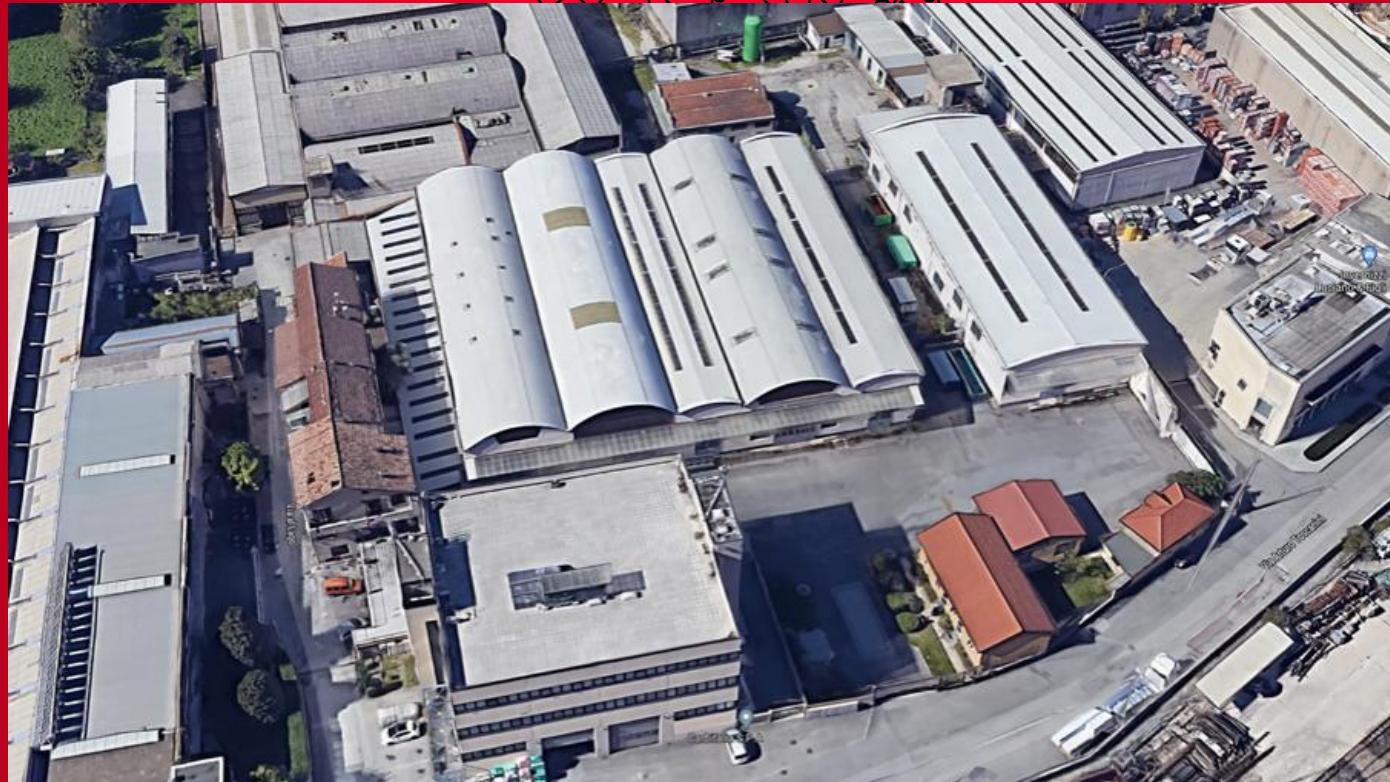


Gavril and
Carlo

M. A. Catagni



Why in Lecco, Italy



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit



Catagni and Cattaneo

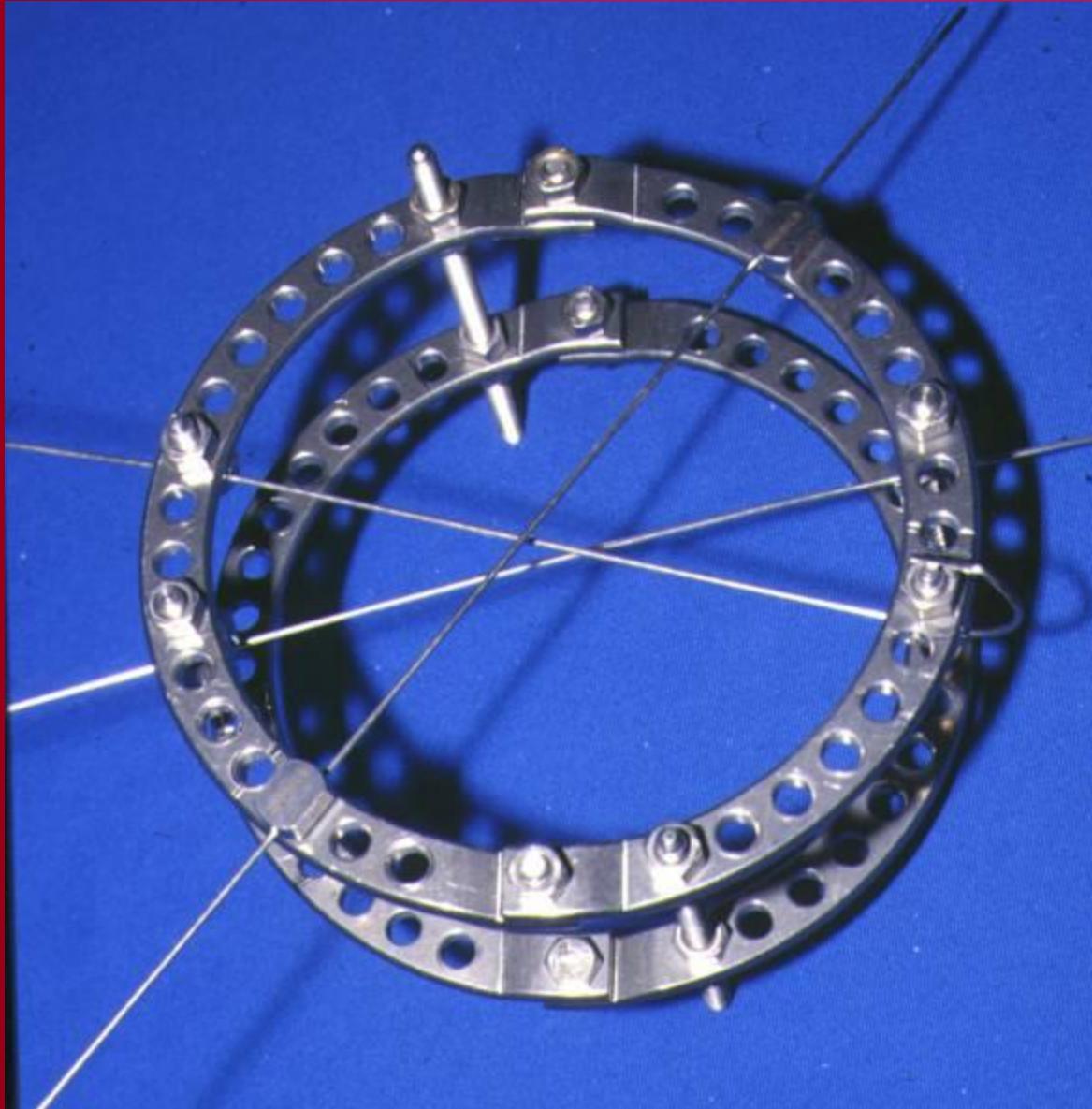


DRPILIORTOPEDICO



Ilizarov Unit

The bridge between conventional orthopaedics



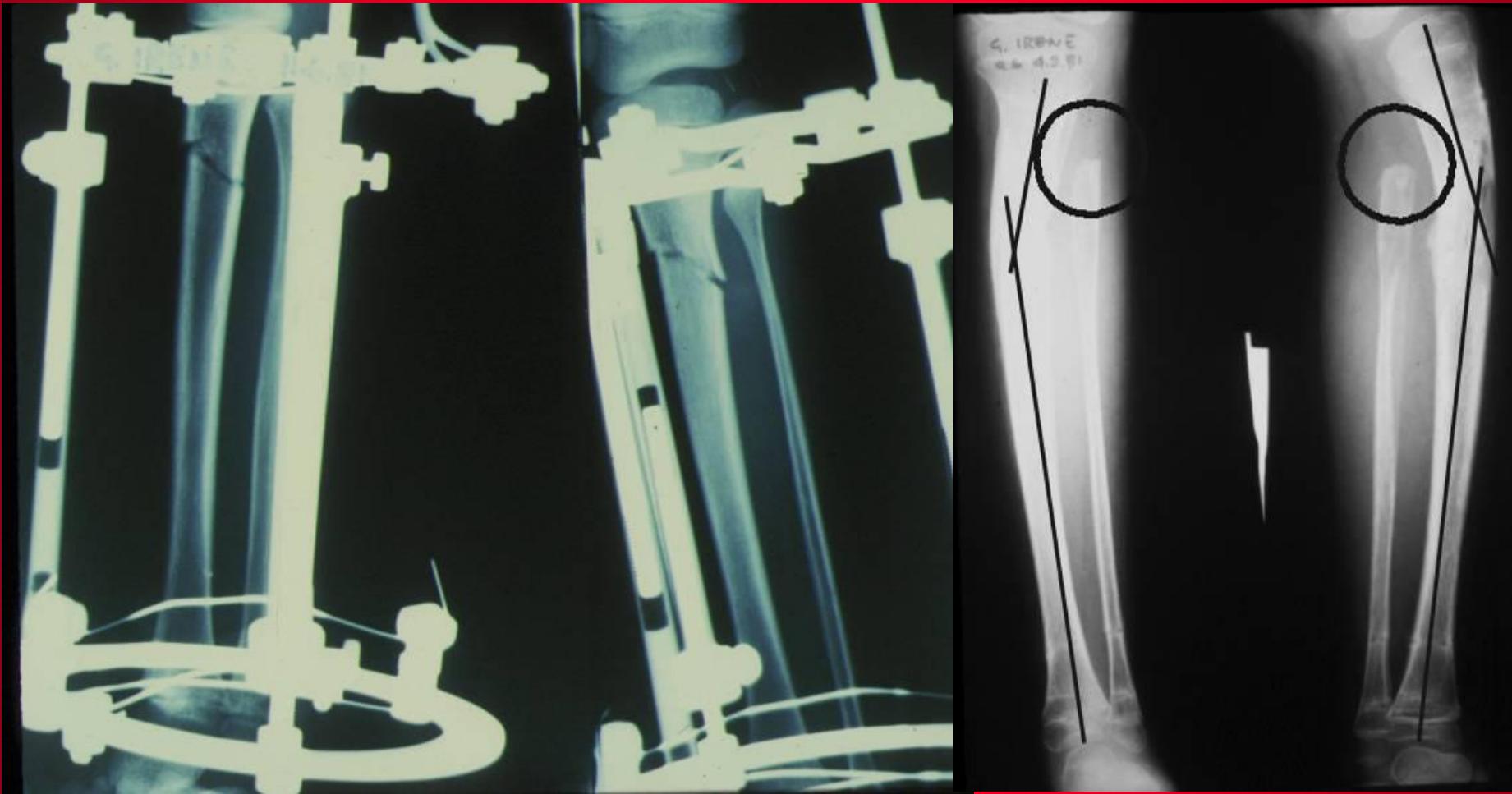
Ilizarov Upgrade:

- Frame construct
- Biology
- New parts



M. A. Catagni



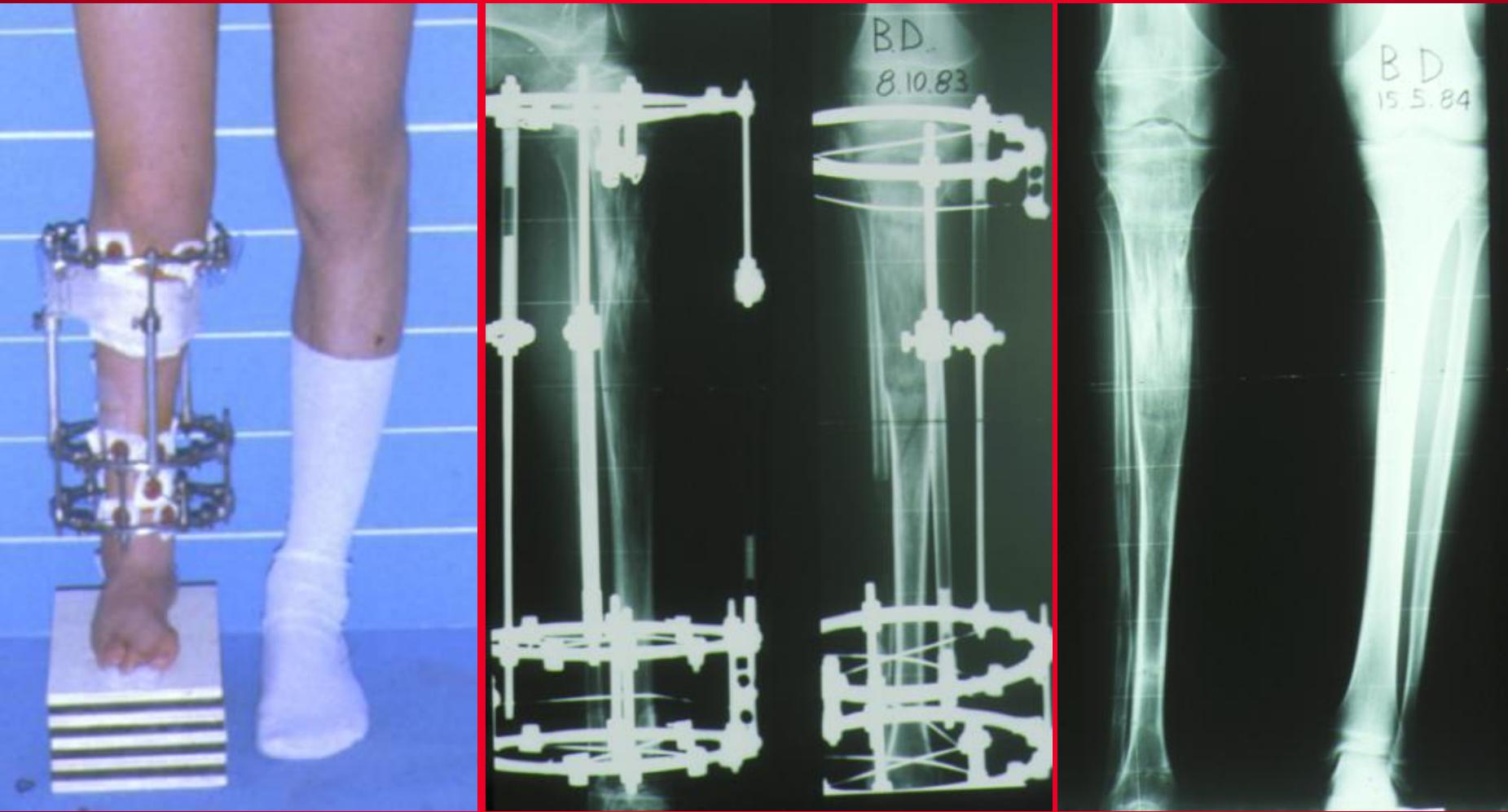


Tibia: Axial deviation



M. A. Catagni





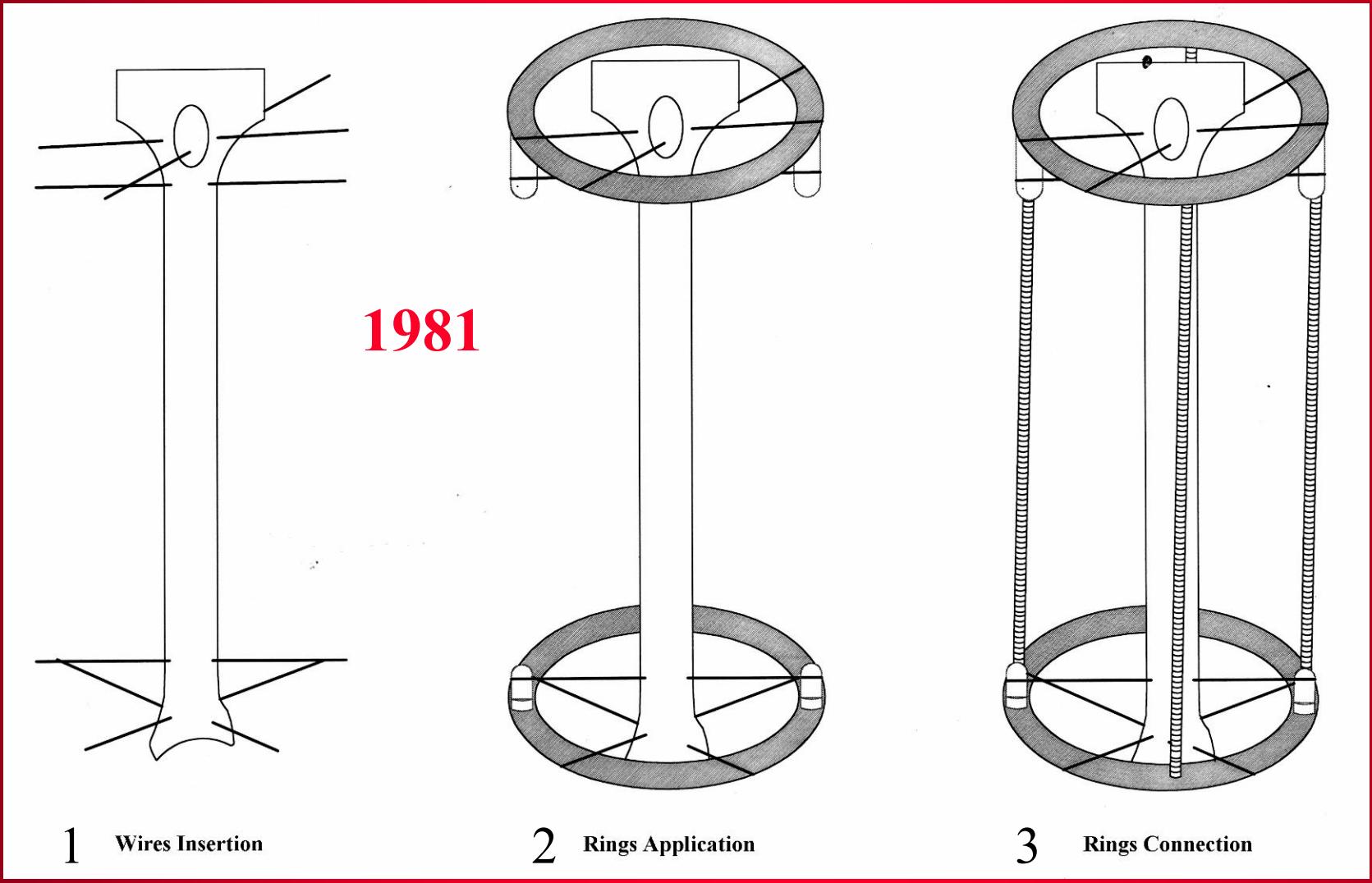
1982 First modification:
More stability, less axial deviation



M. A. Catagni



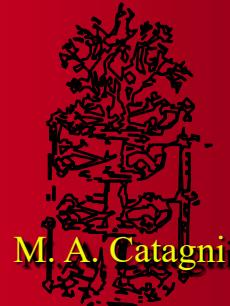
DRPILOORTOPEDICO



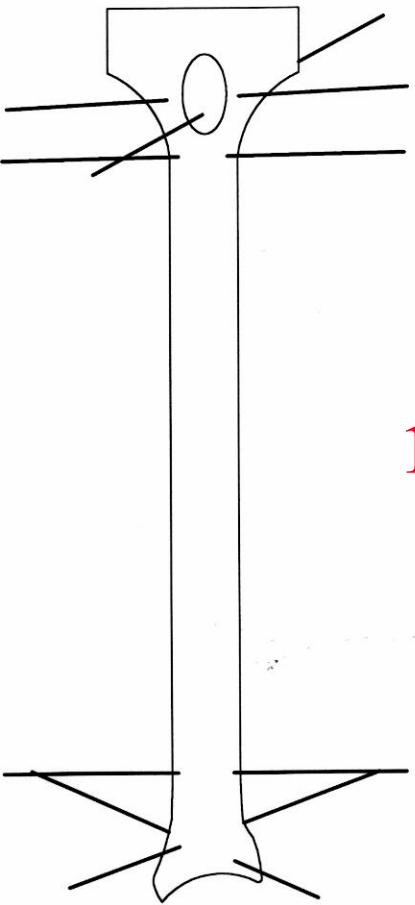
Evolution of frame application



DRPILIORTOPEDICO

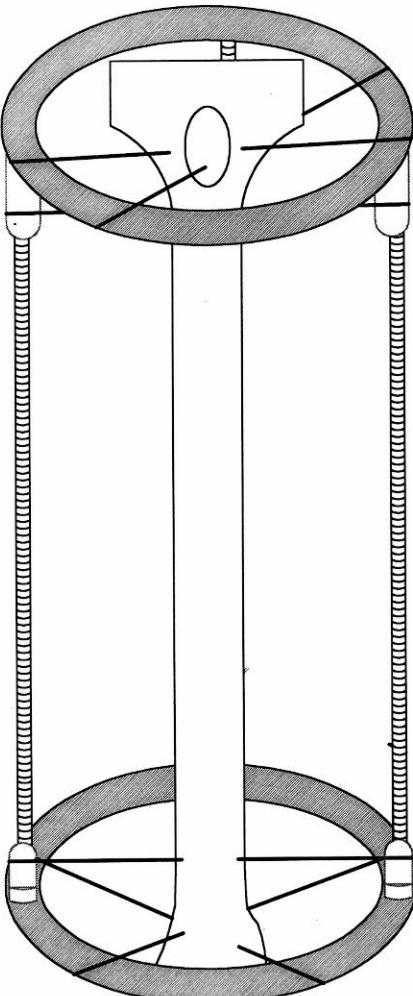


M. A. Catagni



1982

1 Wires Insertion



2 Frame Assembling
With Connections

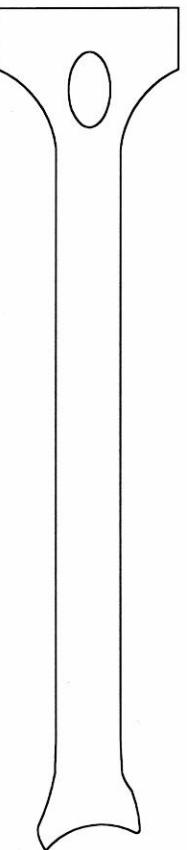
Evolution of frame application



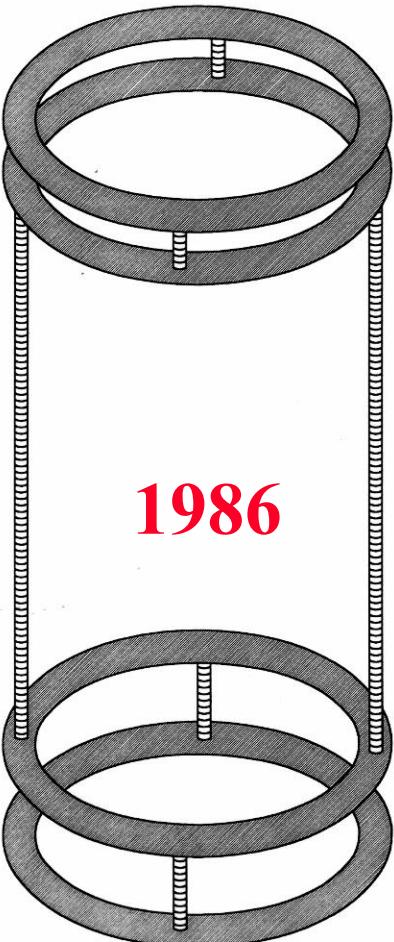
DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



M. A. Catagni

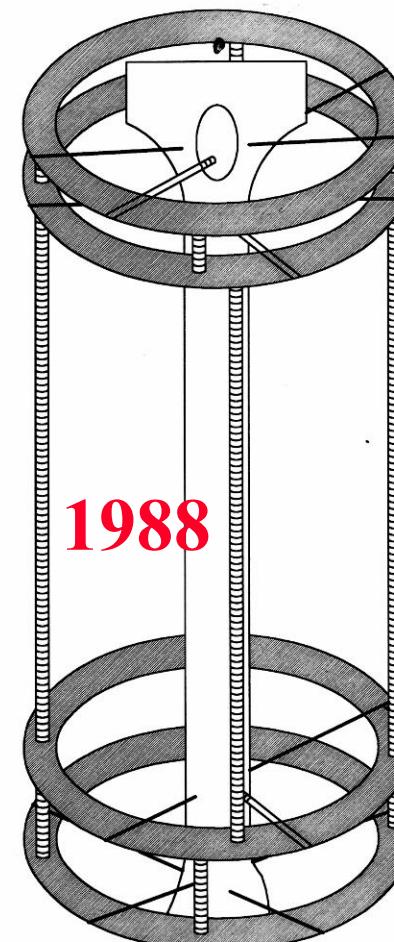


Segment
to be Treated



1986

Preassembled
Frame



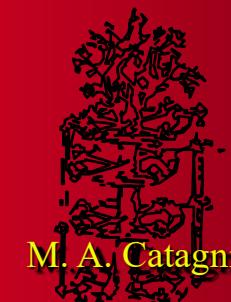
1988

Wires and
Pin Fixation

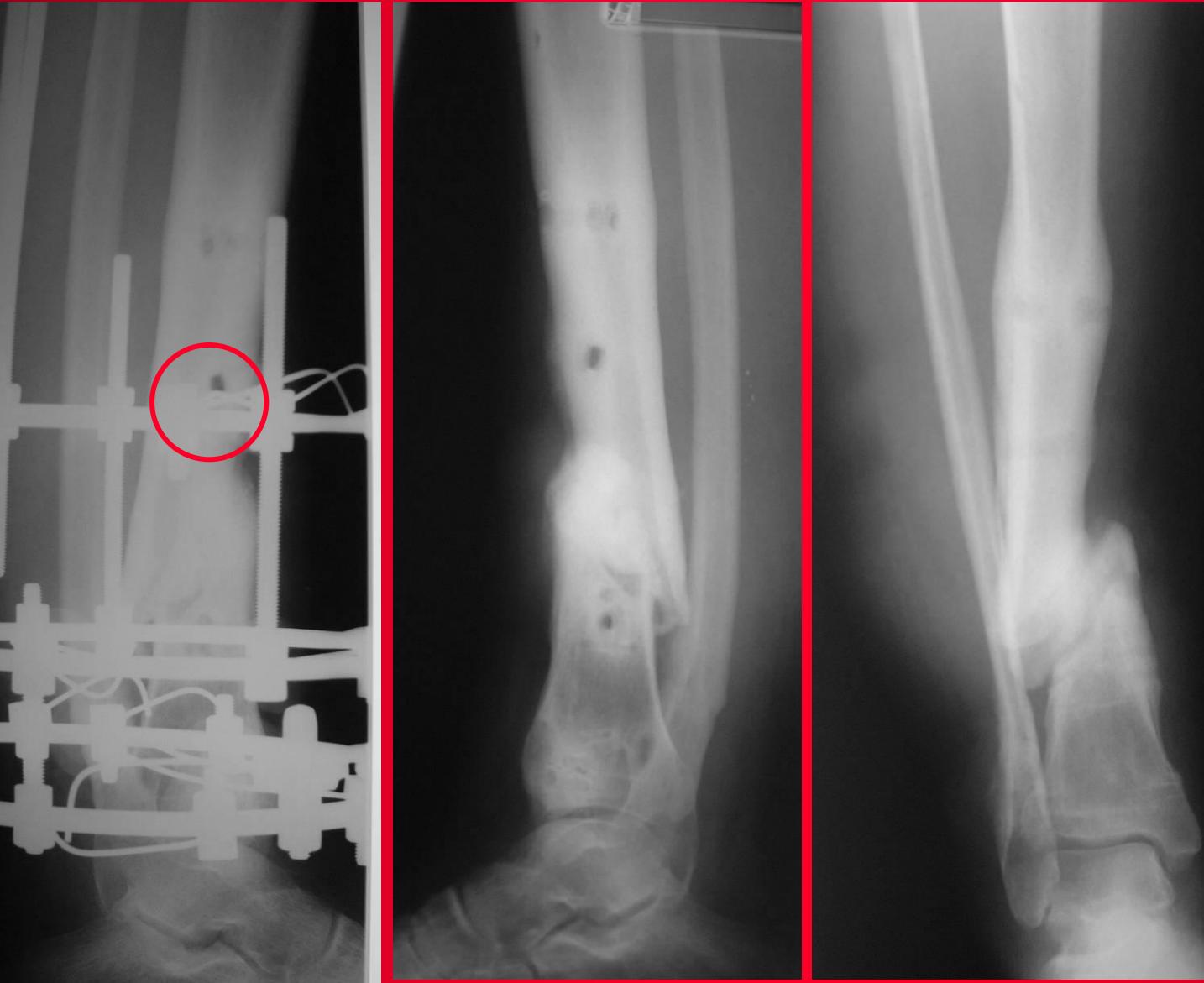
Evolution of frame application



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



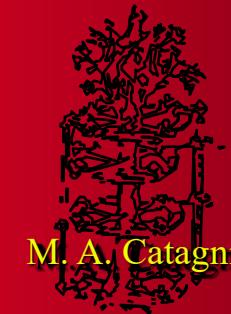
M. A. Catagni



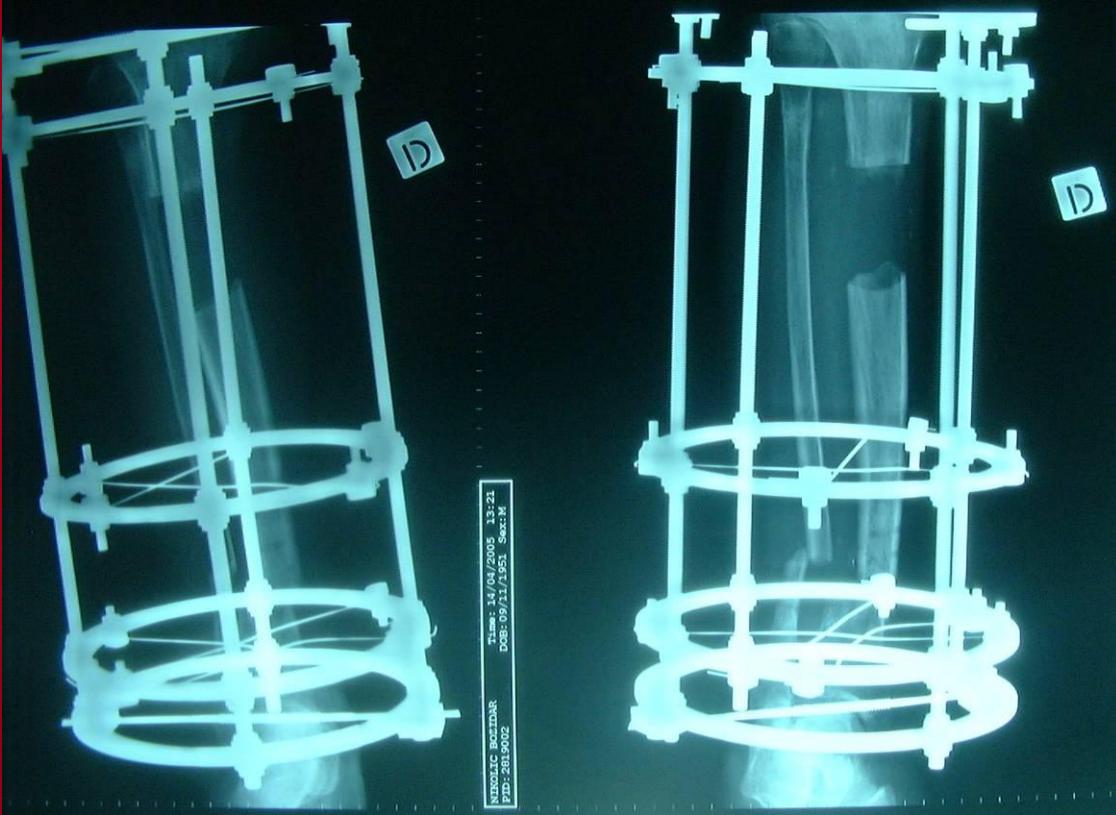
Wires complication: osteolysis and instability



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



M. A. Catagni



Instable frame;
delay of new bone
formation,
infection and lack
of alignment

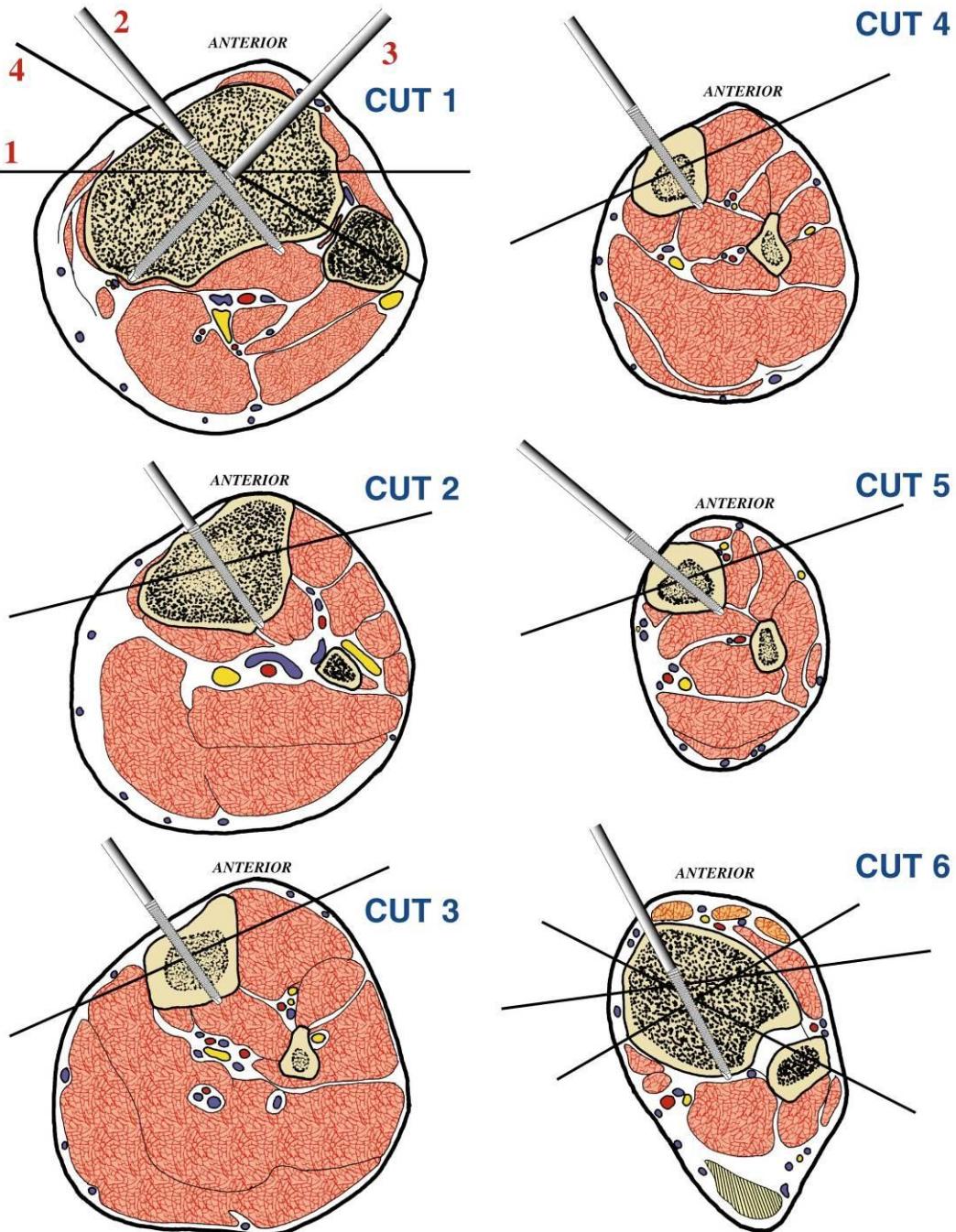


DRPILIORTOPEDICO



M. A. Catagni

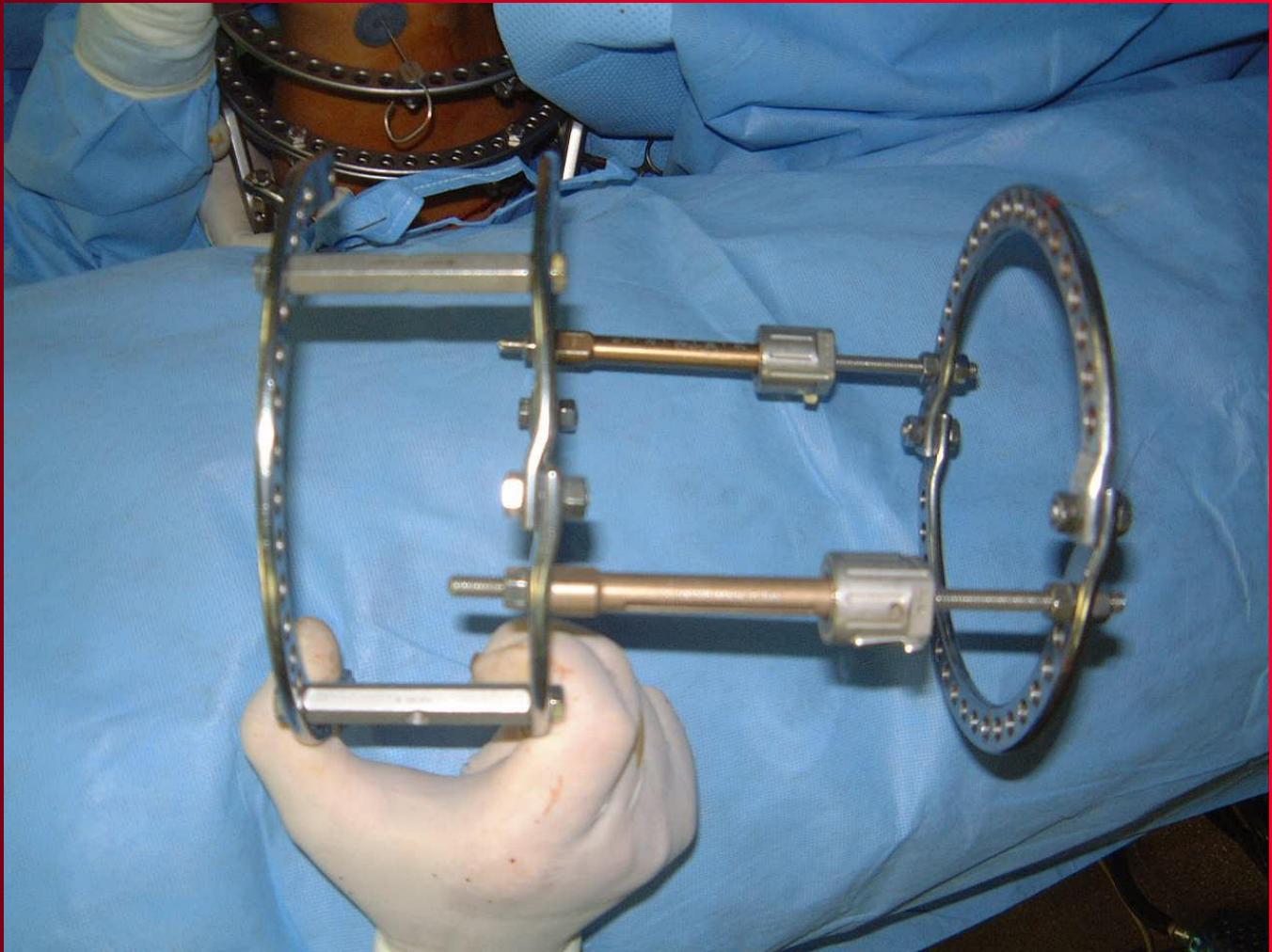
INSERTION WIRES AND HALF-PINS - LEFT



Wires and half pins in the leg



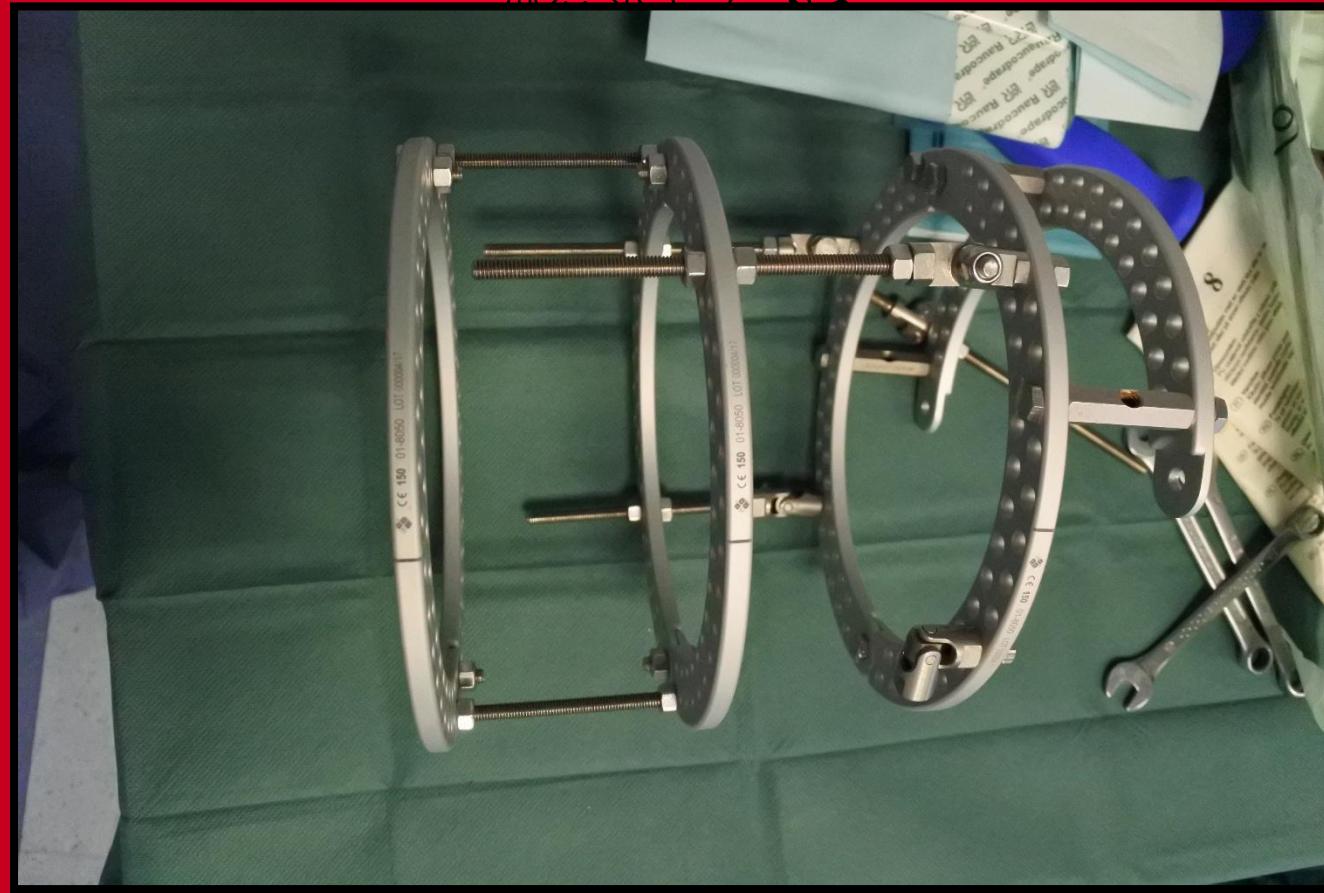
DRPILOIORTOPEDICO



Preassembled frame

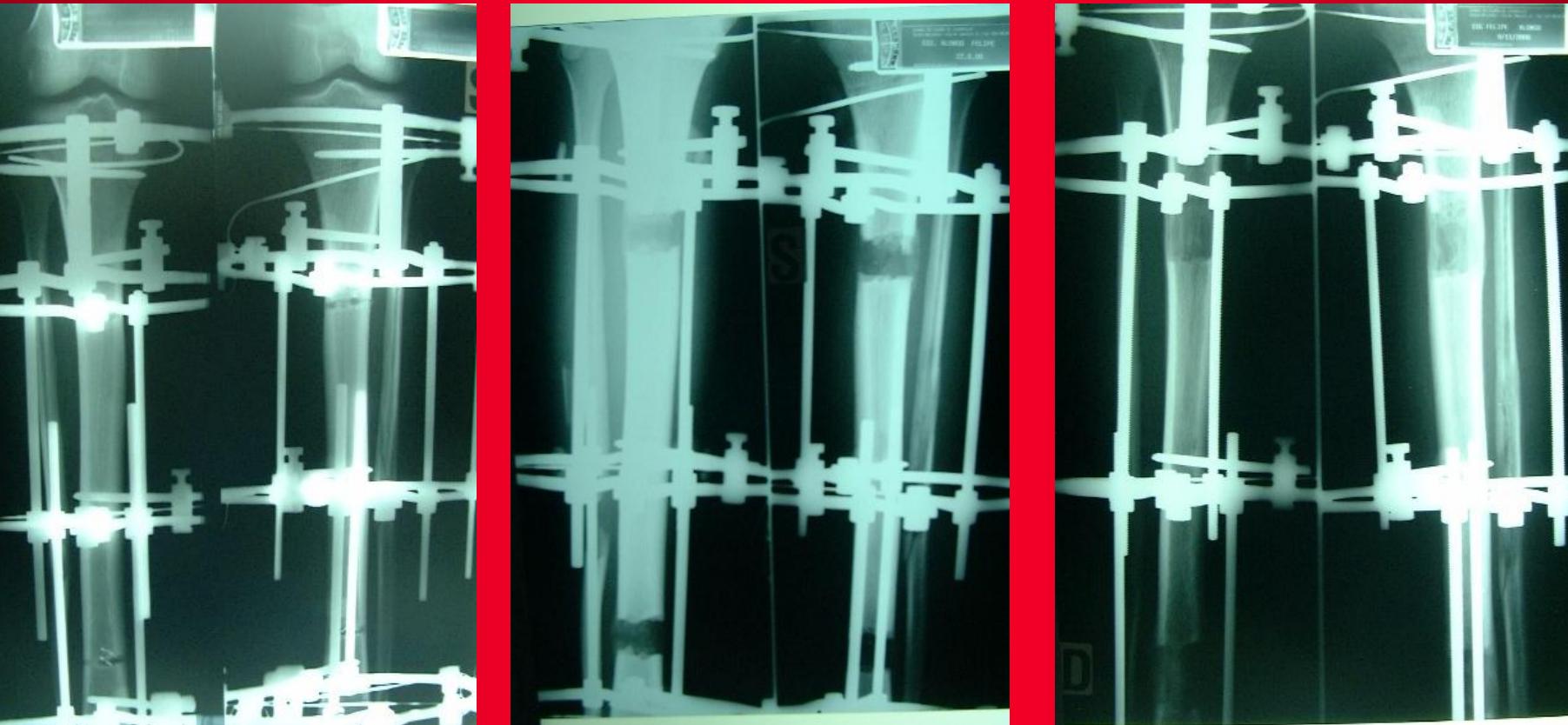


Pre-assembled frame



Pre-assembled frames

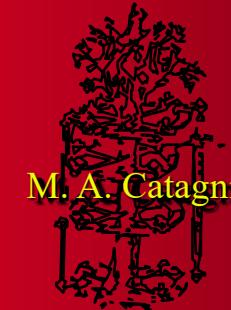




During treatment



DRPILOORTOPEDICO



M. A. Catagni

Final clinical result

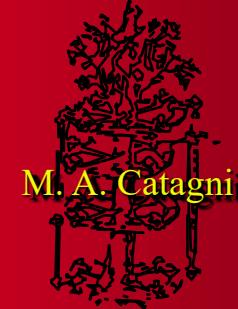


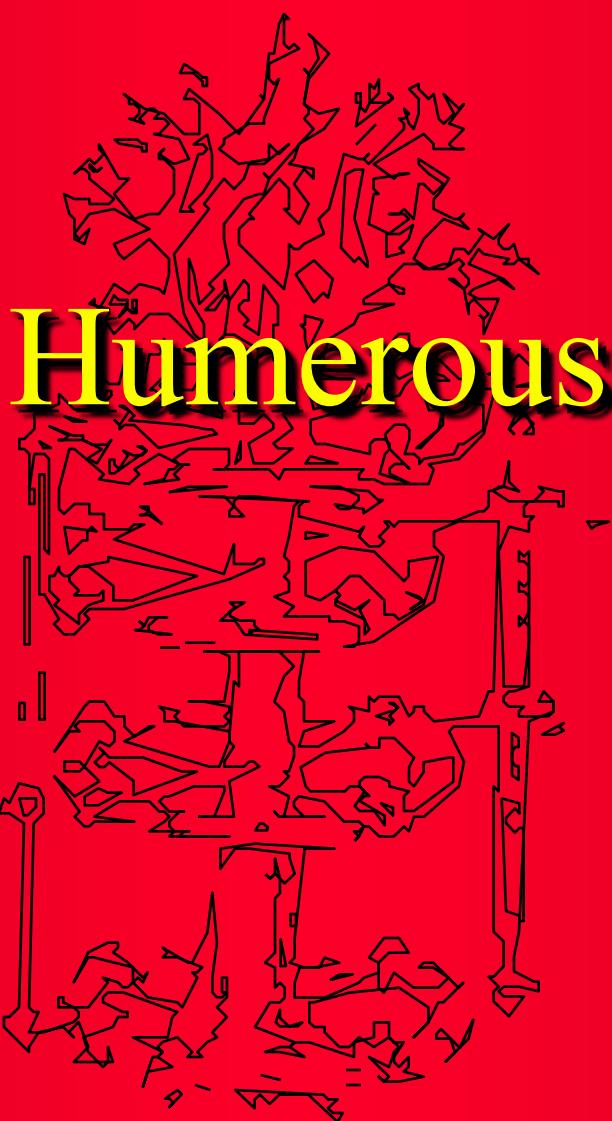


Function



DRPILIORTOPEDICO





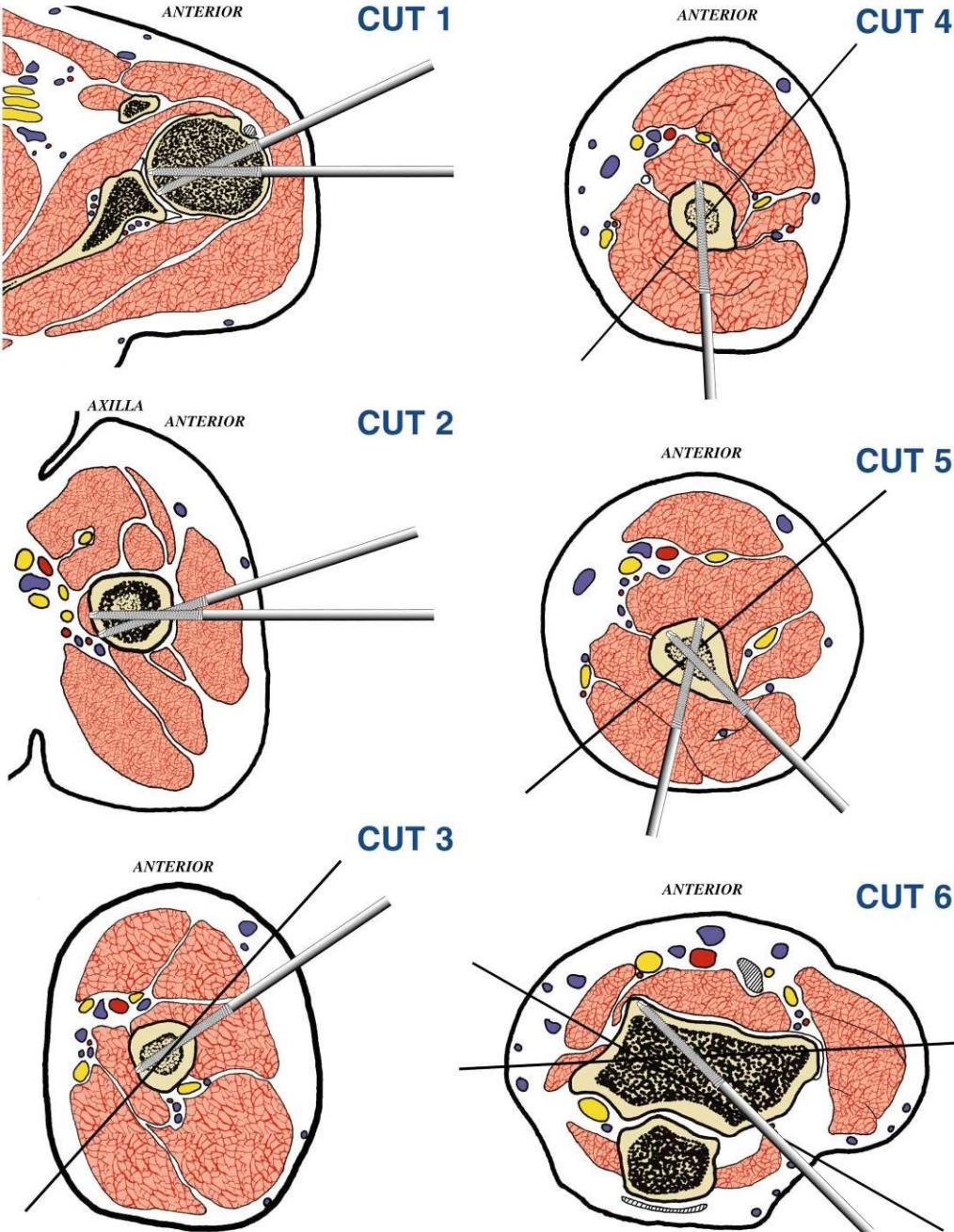
Humerous



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Ilizarov Unit

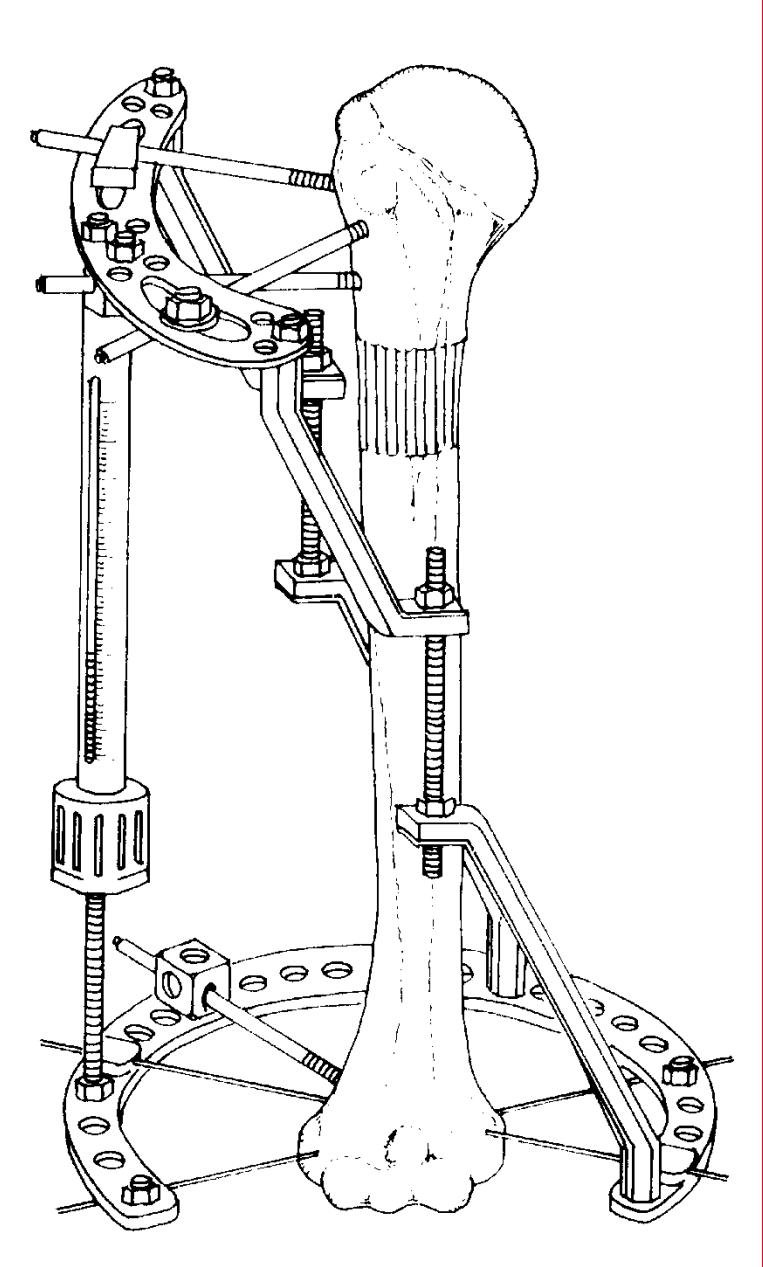
INSERTION WIRES AND HALF-PINS - LEFT



DRPILOIORTOPEDICO

Wires and half pins in the humerus





New configuration

Proximal Fixation:
Three half pins)
(from 1987)

Distal Fixation:
Wires and half pins
(from early 90)

M.A. Catagni





One or two distal half pins



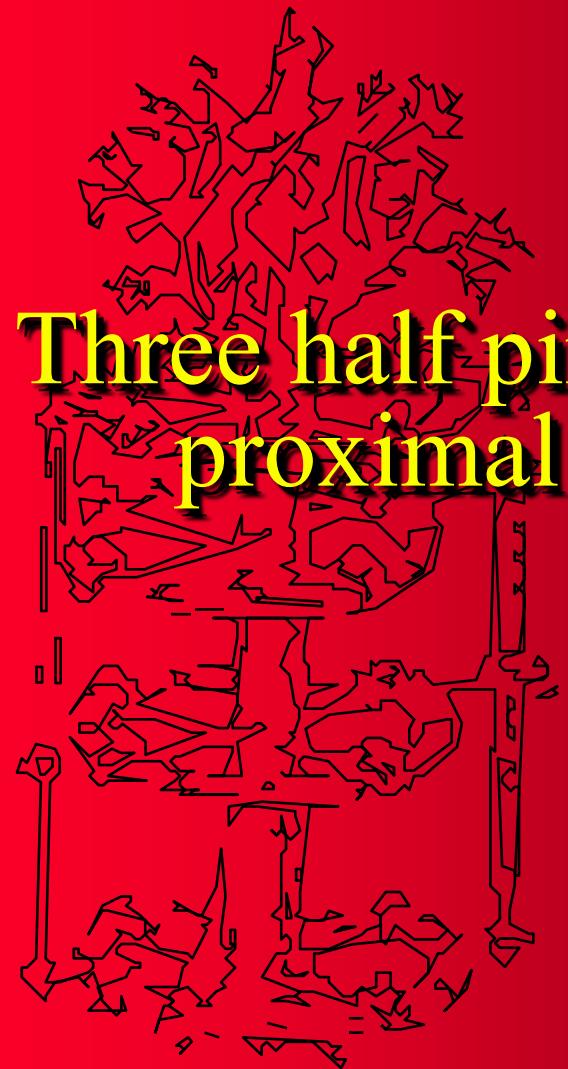
M. A. Catagni
M. A. Catagni



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



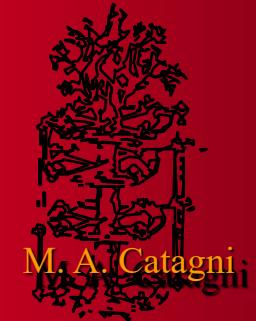
M. A. Catagni
M. A. Catagni



Ollier with 90° deformity:
a stable fixation is needed and the half
pins guarantee more grip in to the
soft bone



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M. A. Catagni

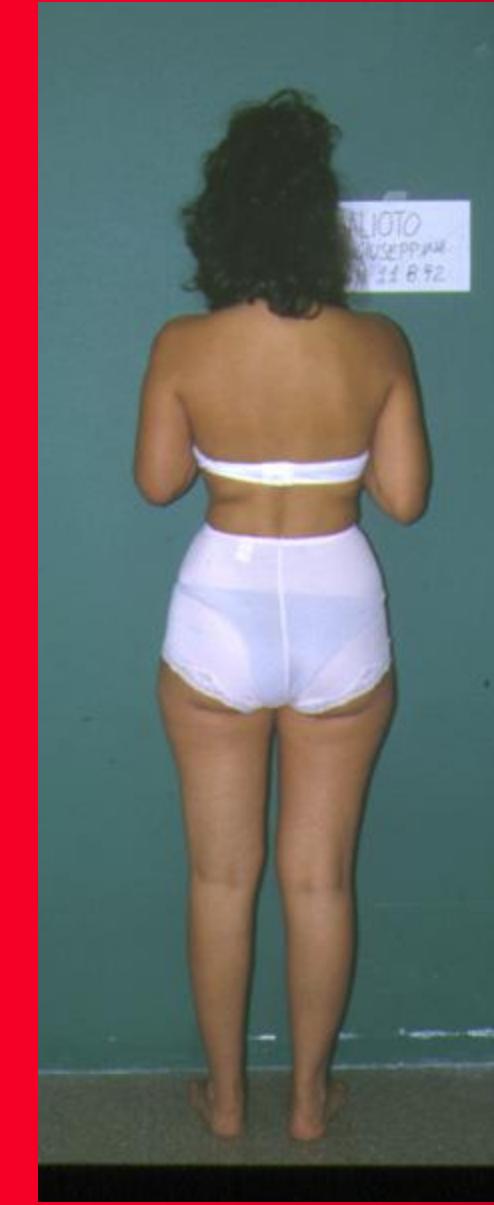


Stable frame for correction



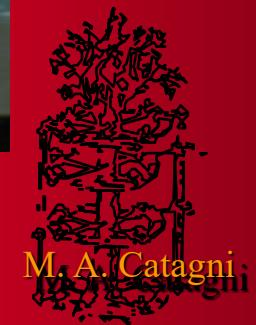
DRPILOORTOPEDICO





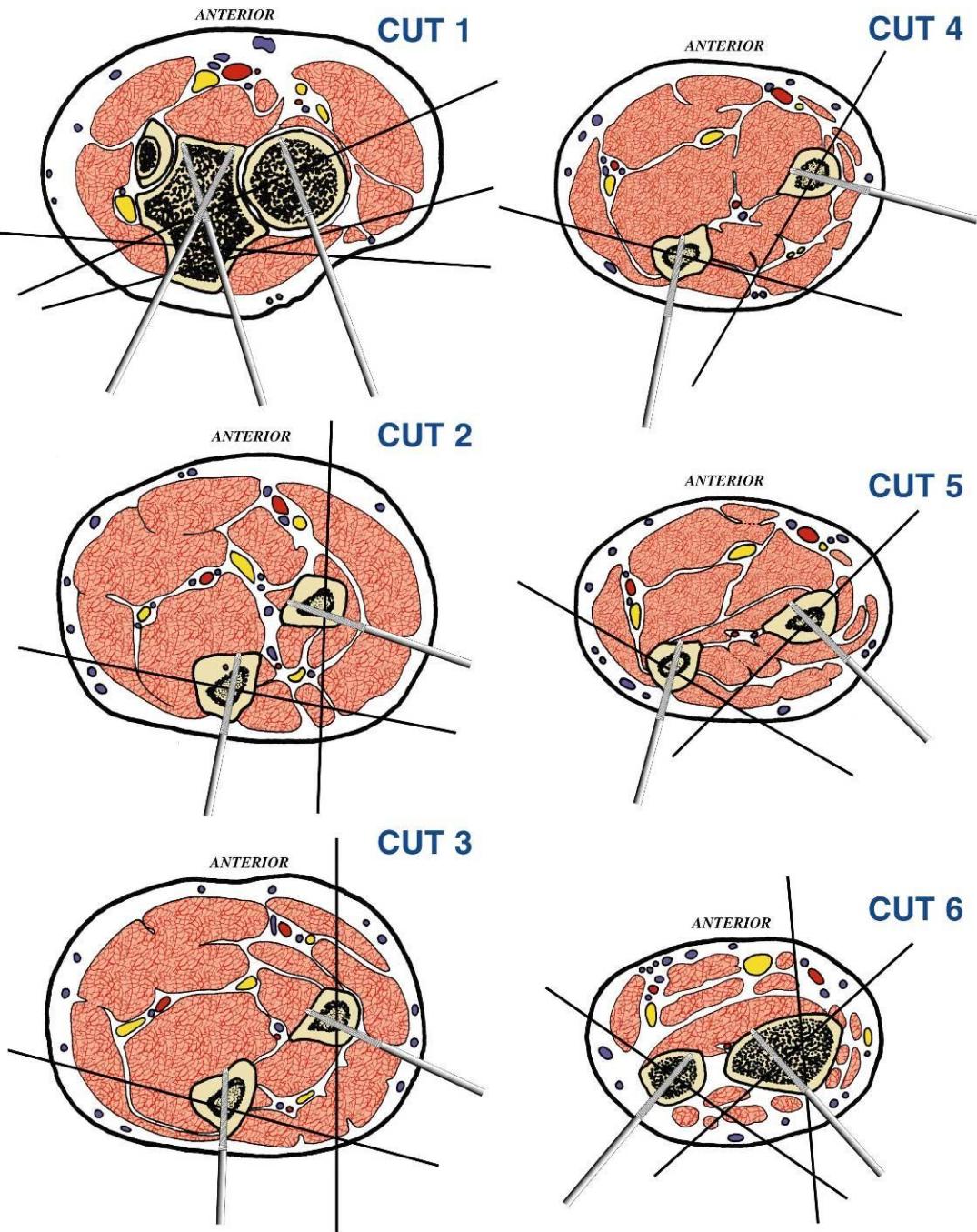
DRPILIORTOPEDICO

Final result without any stability problem
in the frame despite a soft bone



M. A. Catagni

INSERTION WIRES AND HALF-PINS - LEFT



Wires and half pins in the forearm:
Every level
one safe wire
and one safe pin

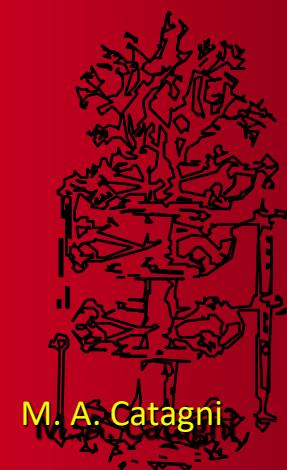




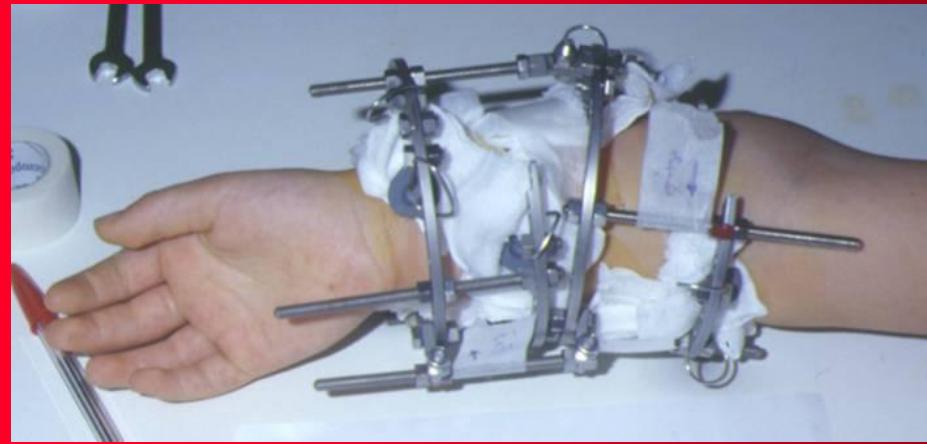
**Short ulna and radial head
dislocation (exostosis)**



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



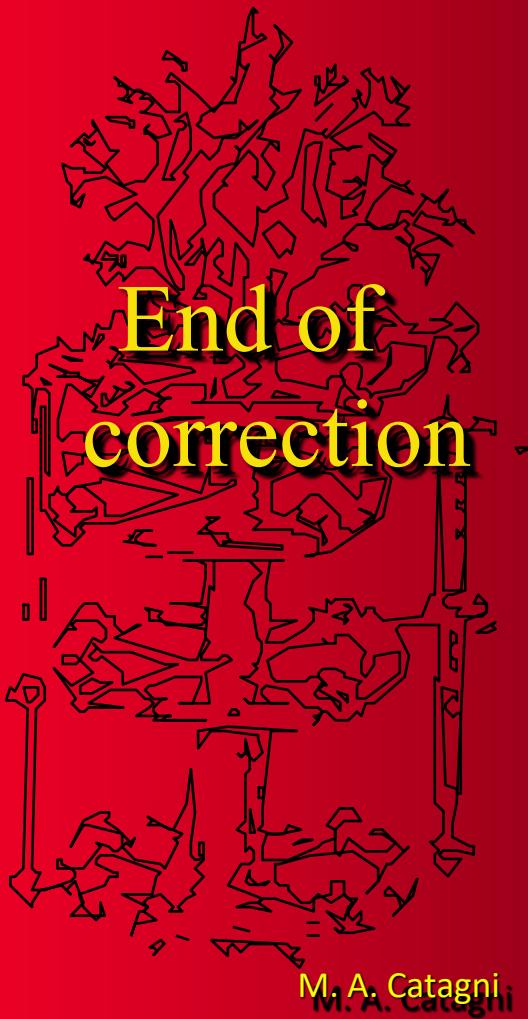
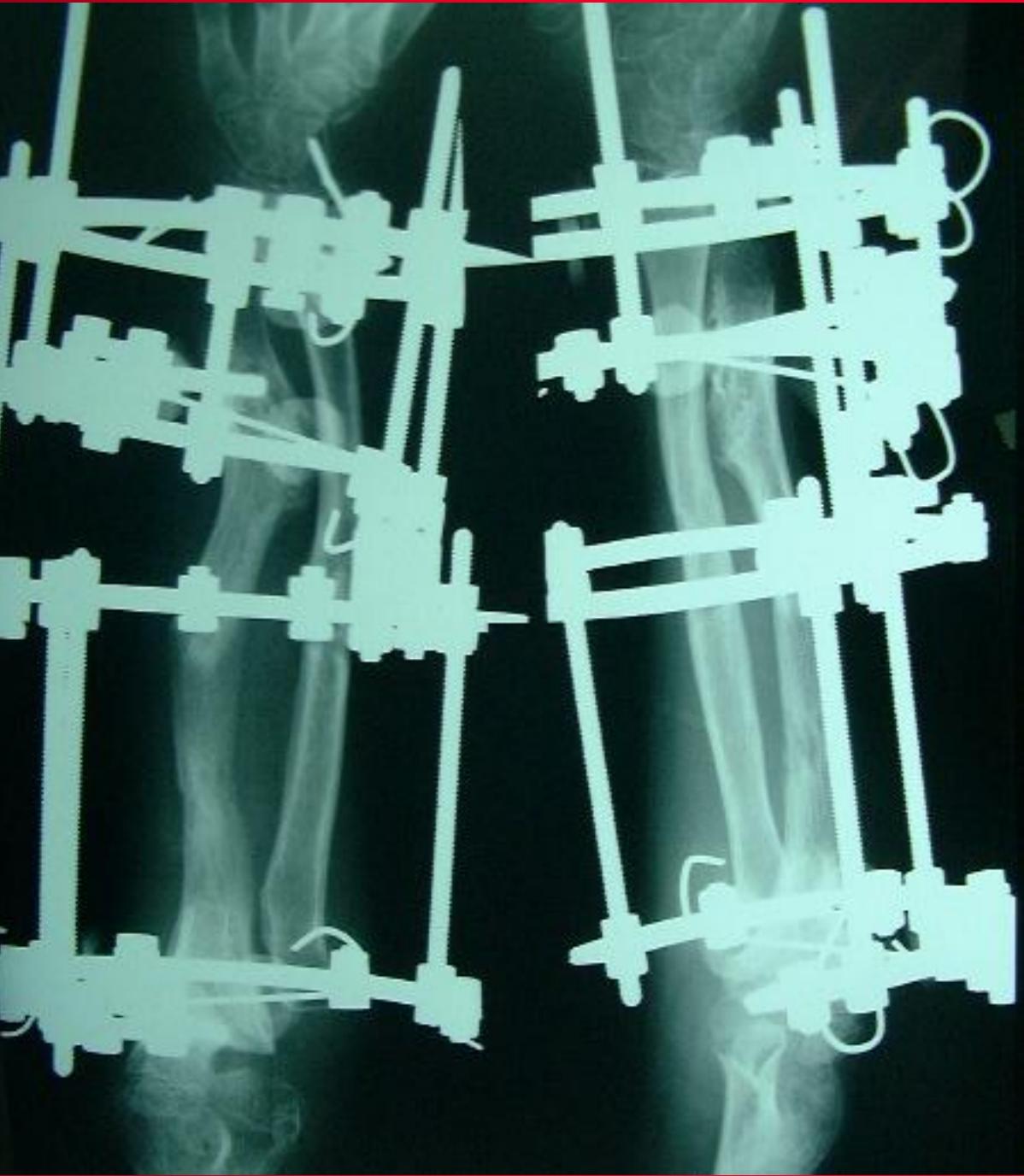
M. A. Catagni



**Ulnar lengthening and
reposition of the
radius with translation
by hinges**



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



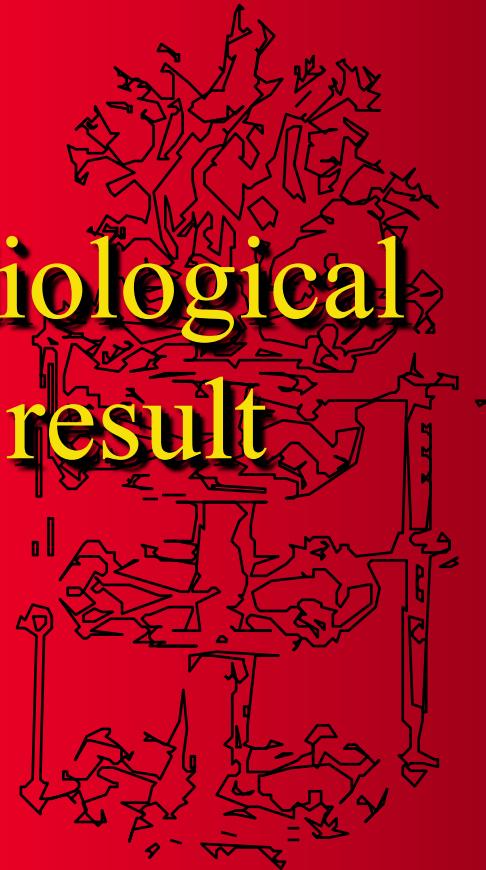
M. A. Catagni
M. A. Catagni



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Radiological result



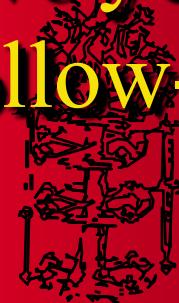
M. A. Catagni
M. A. Catagni



DRPILOORTOPEDICO



Two years
Follow-up



M. A. Catagni
M. A. Catagni



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Forearm ulnar deviation of the radius with short ulna



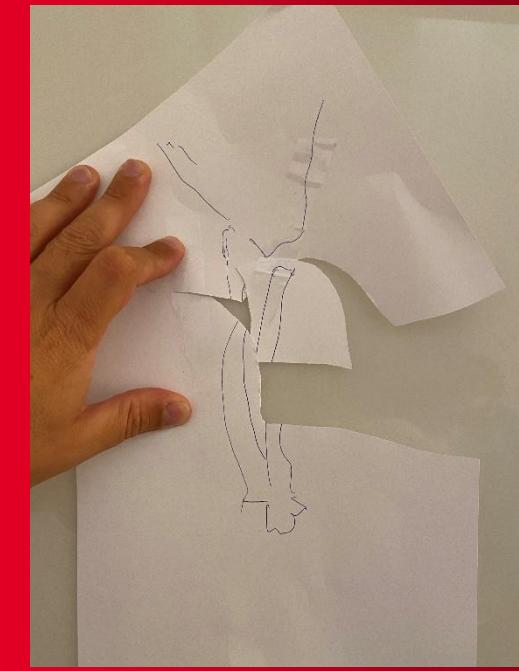


**Forearm ulnar deviation
of the radius with short
ulna**



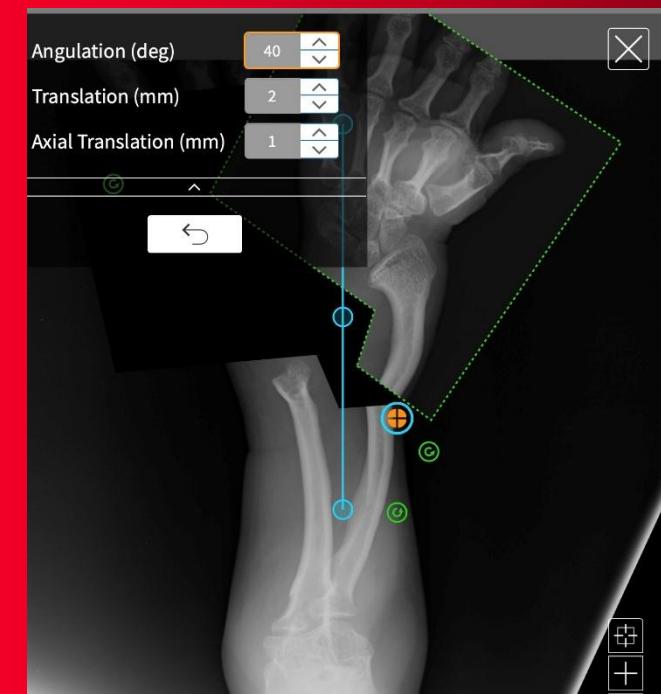


Forearm ulnar deviation of the radius with short ulna

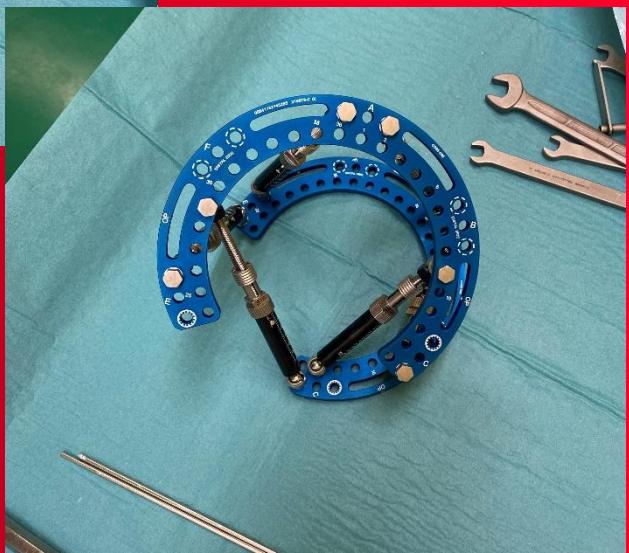
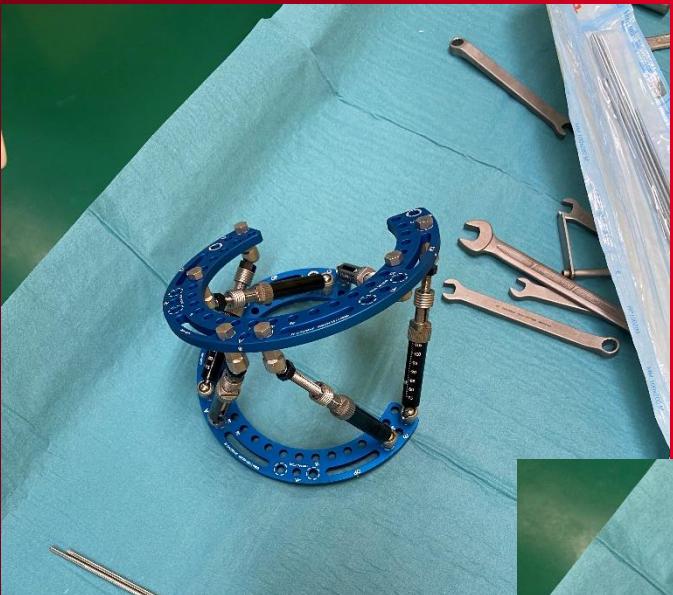


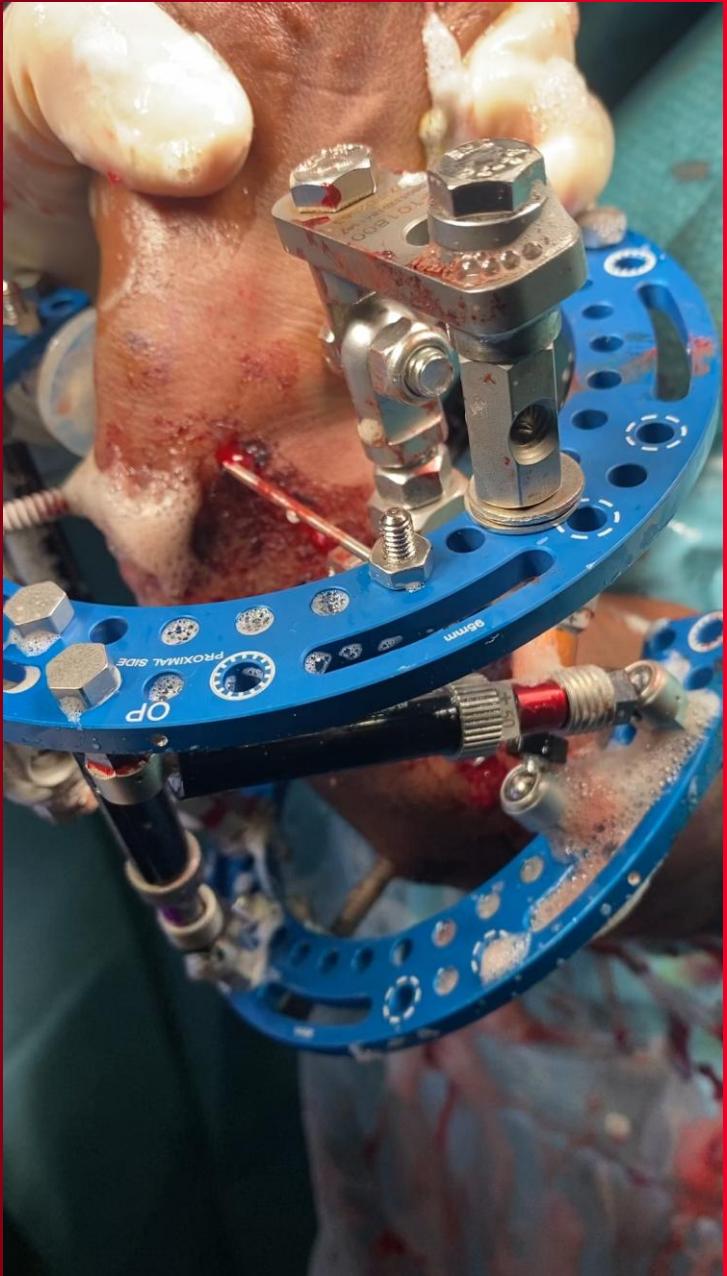


Forearm ulnar deviation of the radius with short ulna



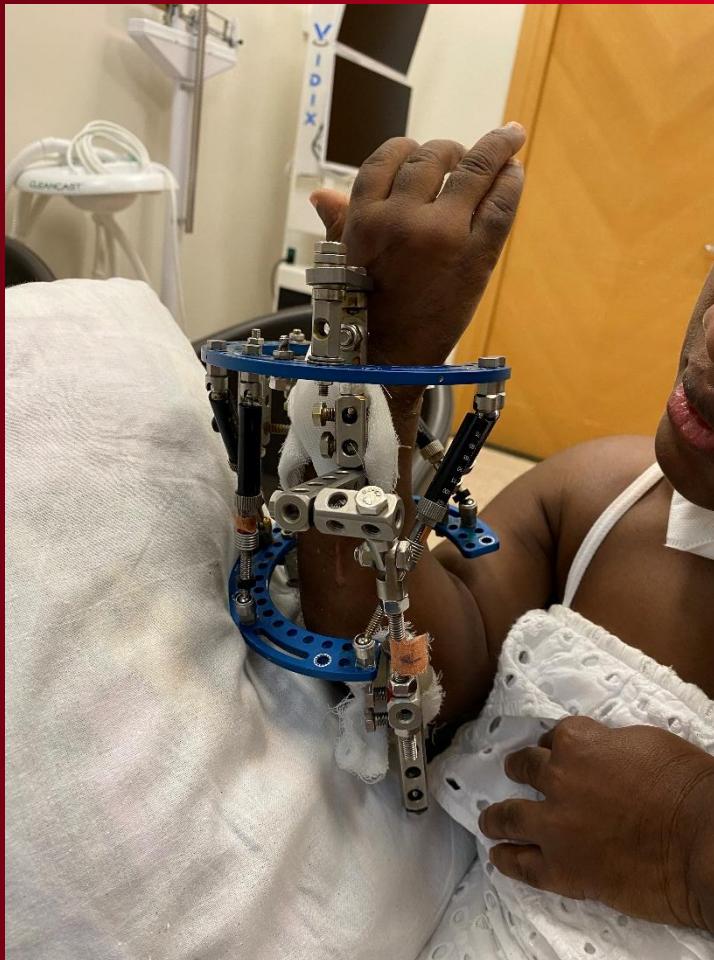
Forearm ulnar deviation of the radius with short ulna





Forearm ulnar deviation of the radius with short ulna





Forearm ulnar deviation of the radius with short ulna





Forearm ulnar
deviation of the
radius with short
ulna





Final Xrays

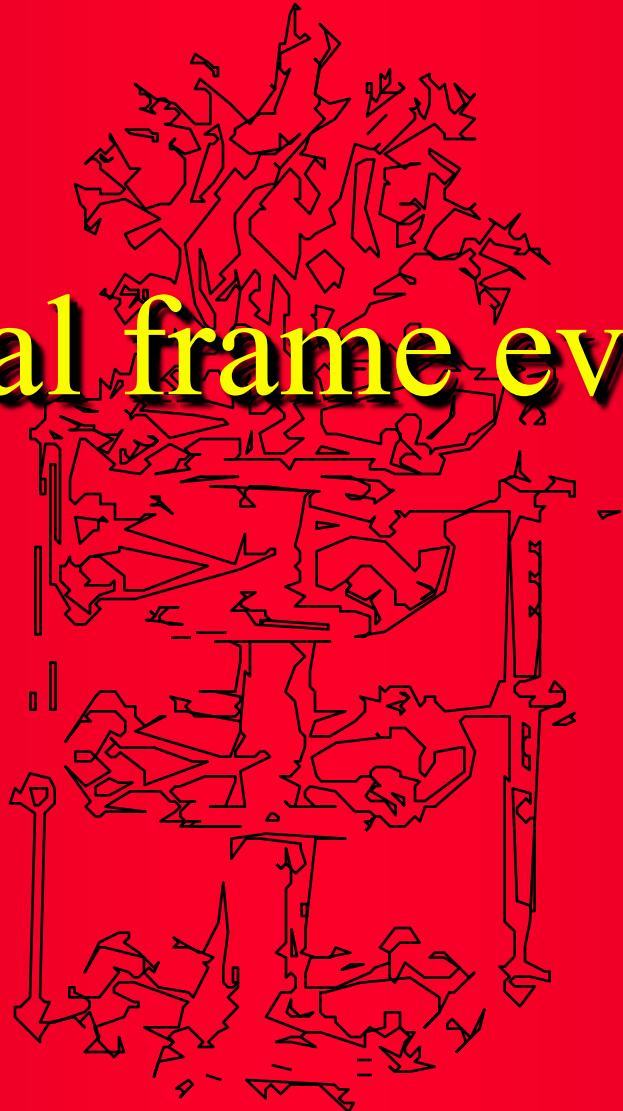




Final result



Femoral frame evolution

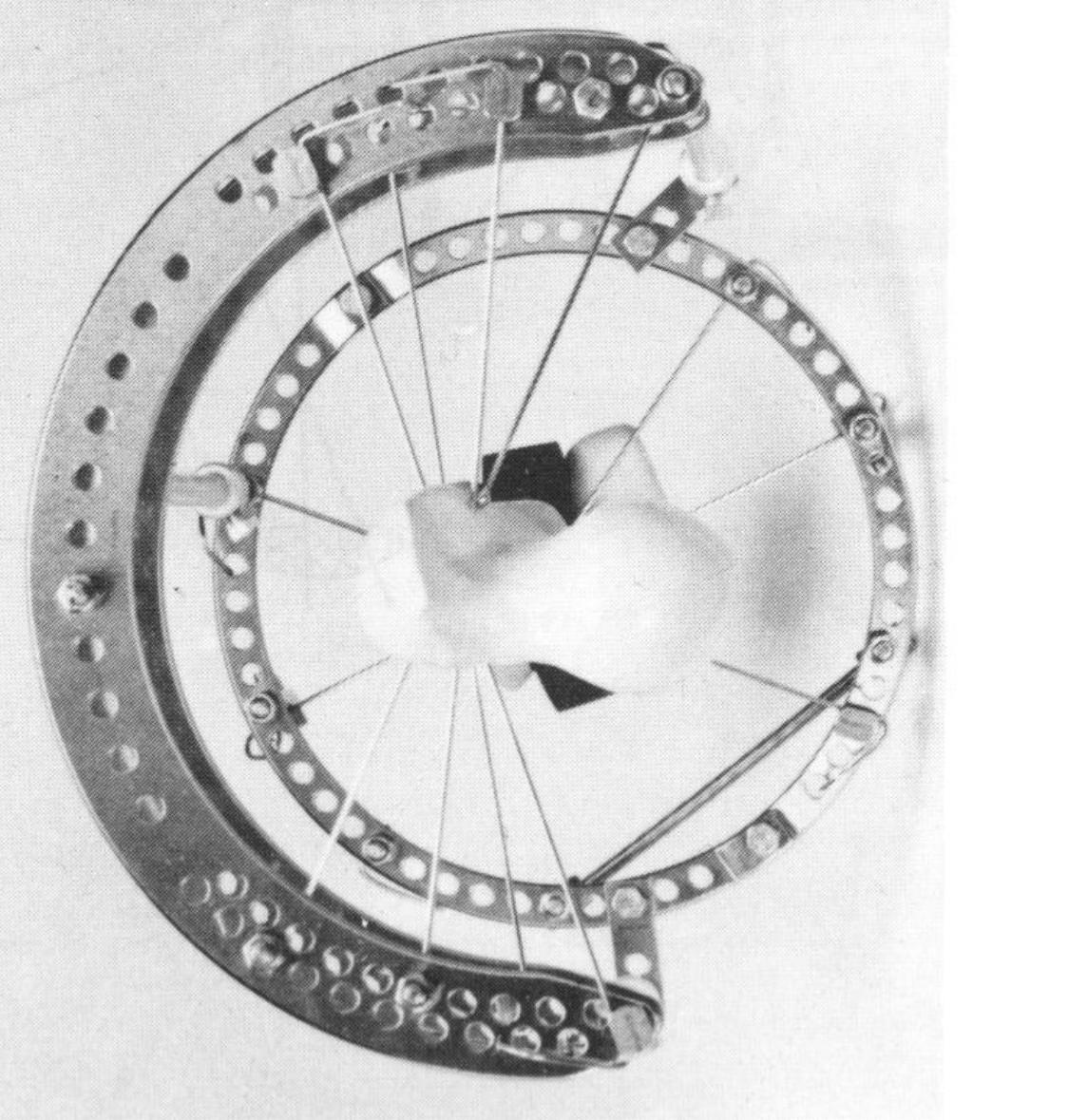


DRPILOORTOPEDICO

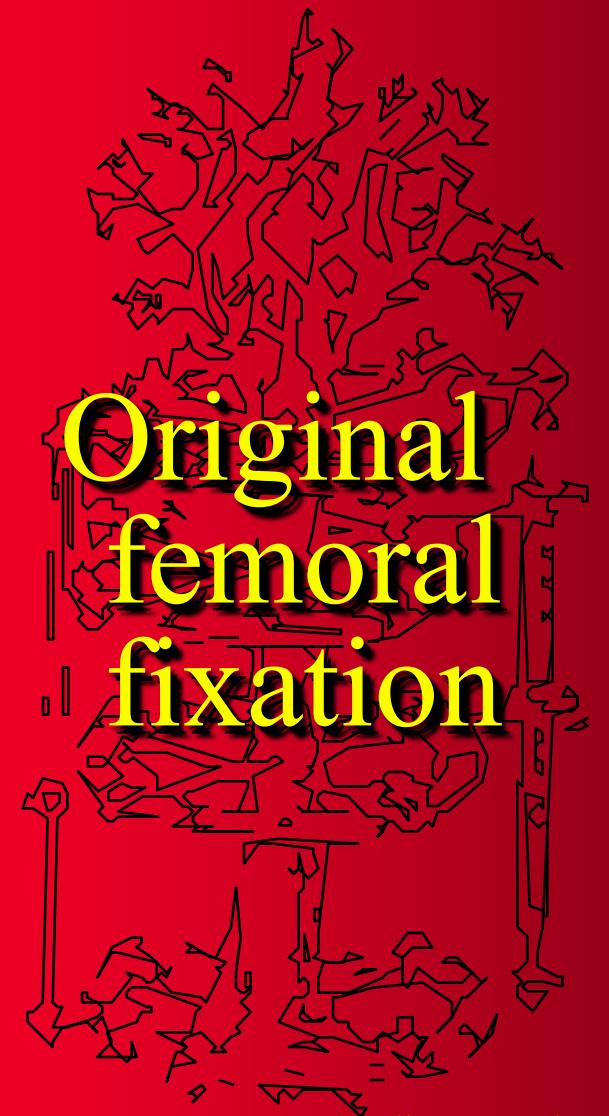


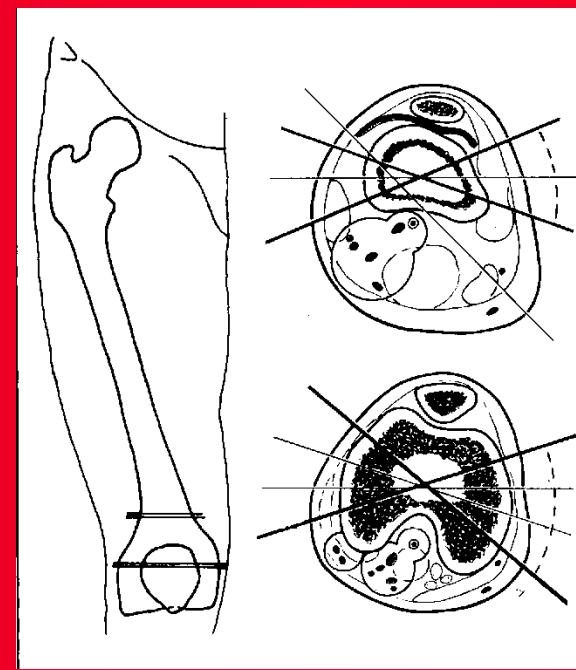
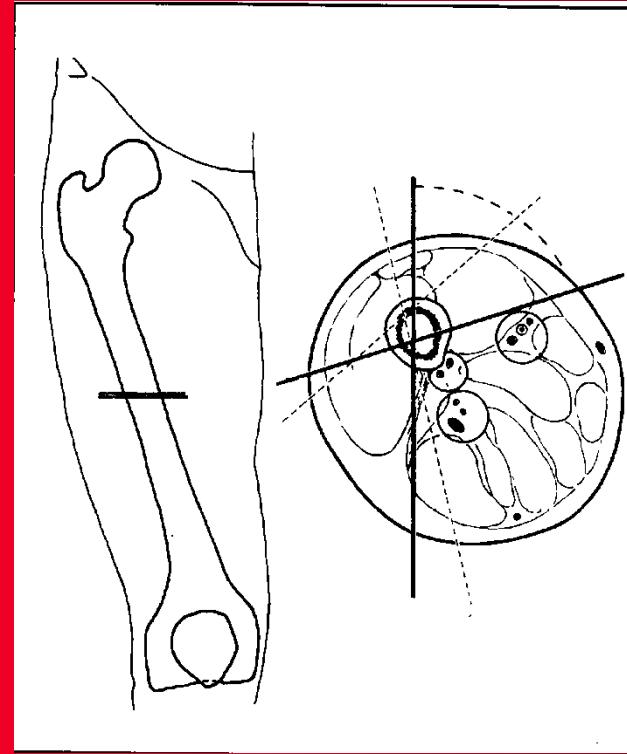
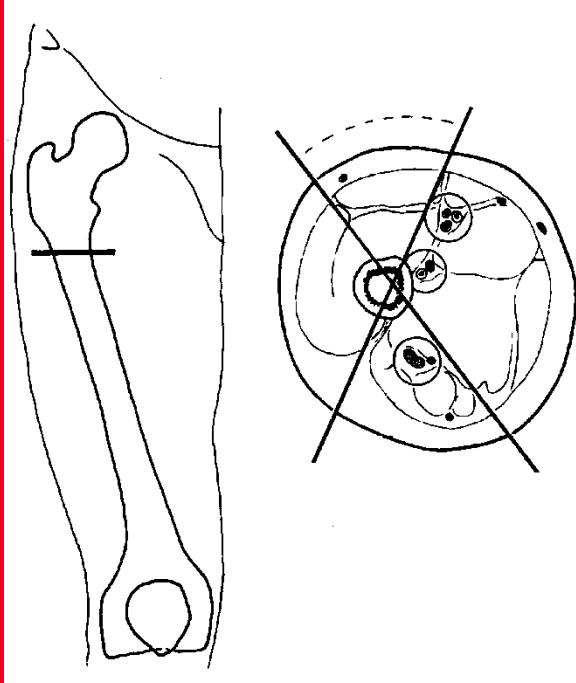
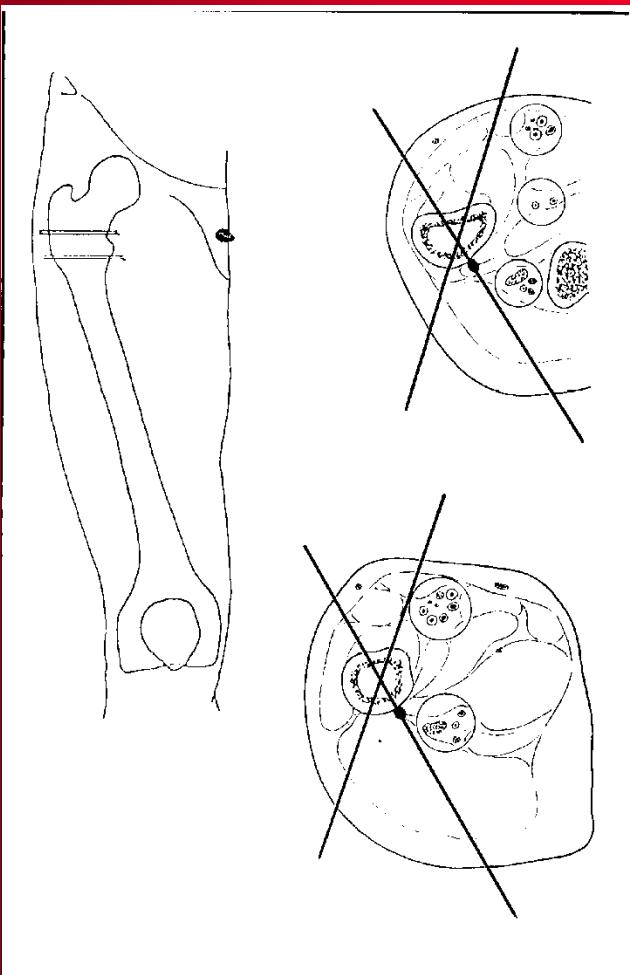
Ospedale Lecco

Ilizarov Unit

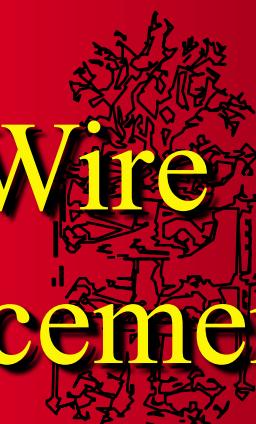


Ospedale Lecco





Wire
placement



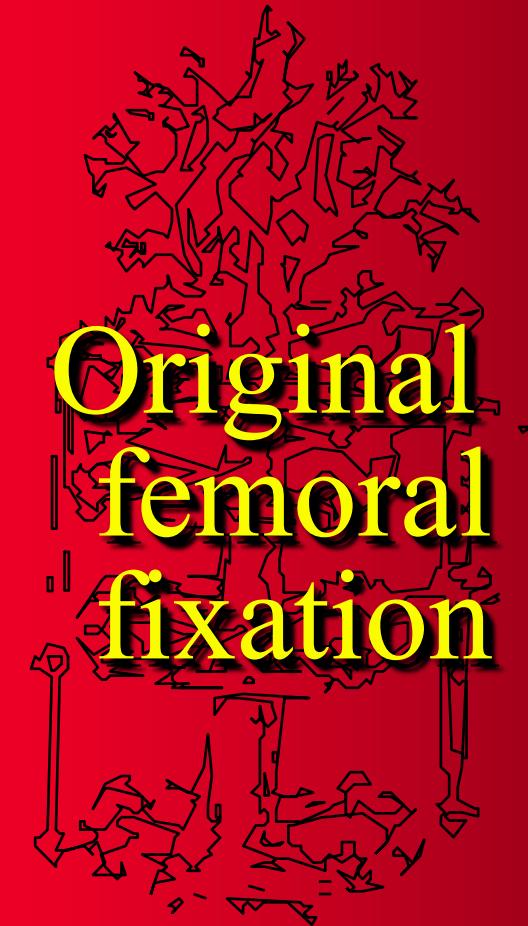
Ilizarov Unit



Ospedale Lecco



Ospedale Lecco

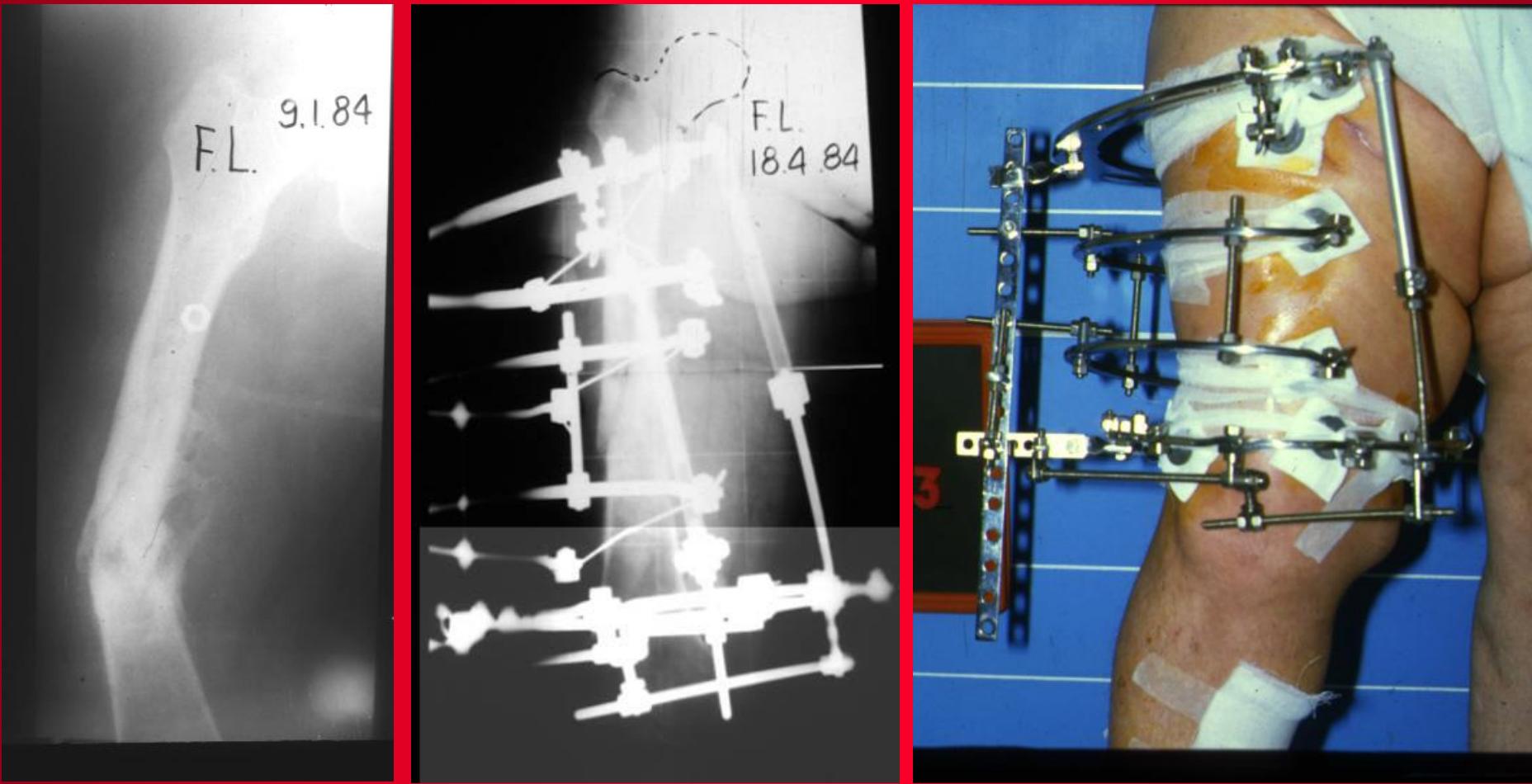


Original
femoral
fixation

Ilizarov Unit



DRPILOITOPEDICO



Infected nonunion treated with original Ilizarov



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit



Good result but stiffness of the
knee and same sufferance



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit

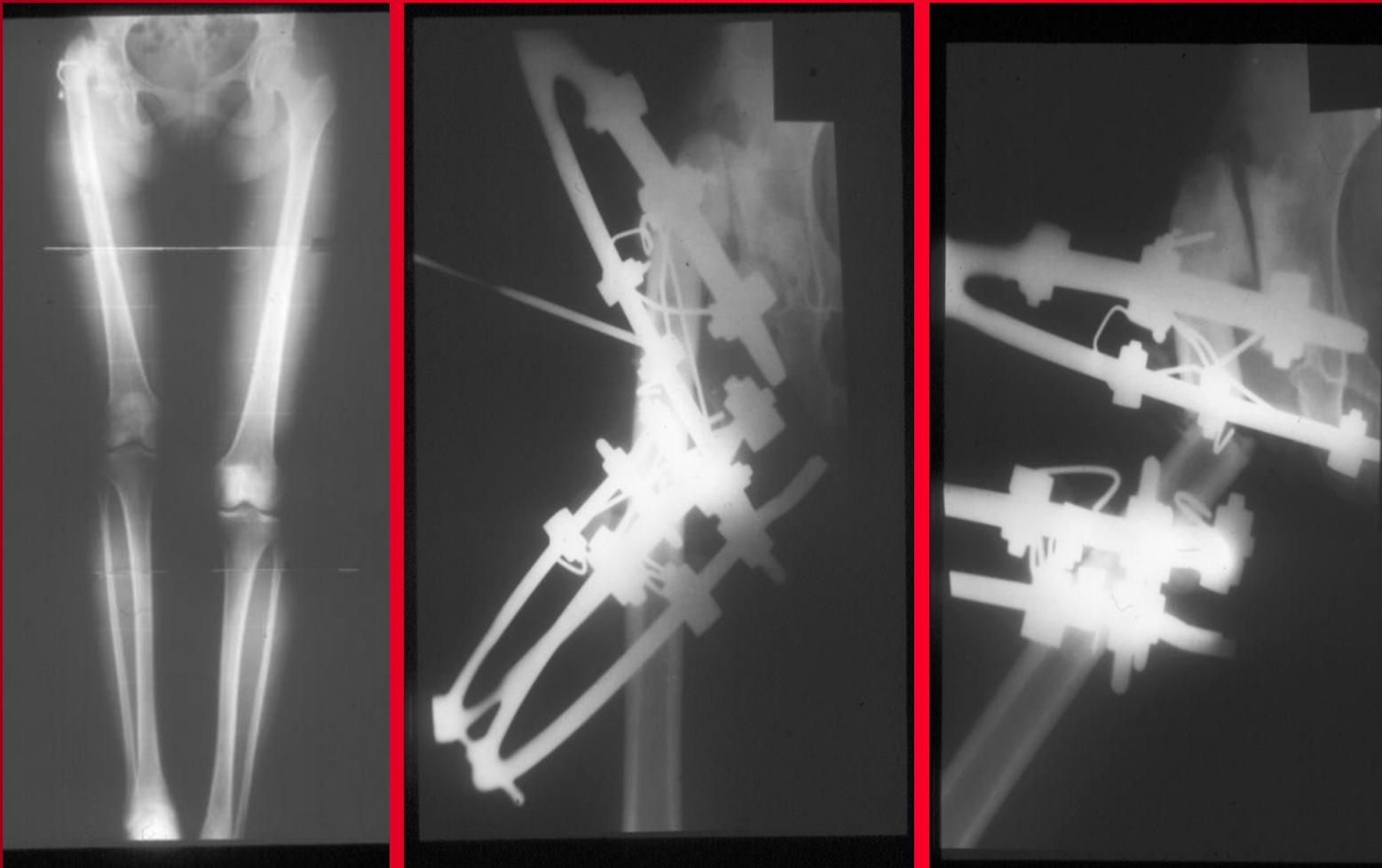


DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco

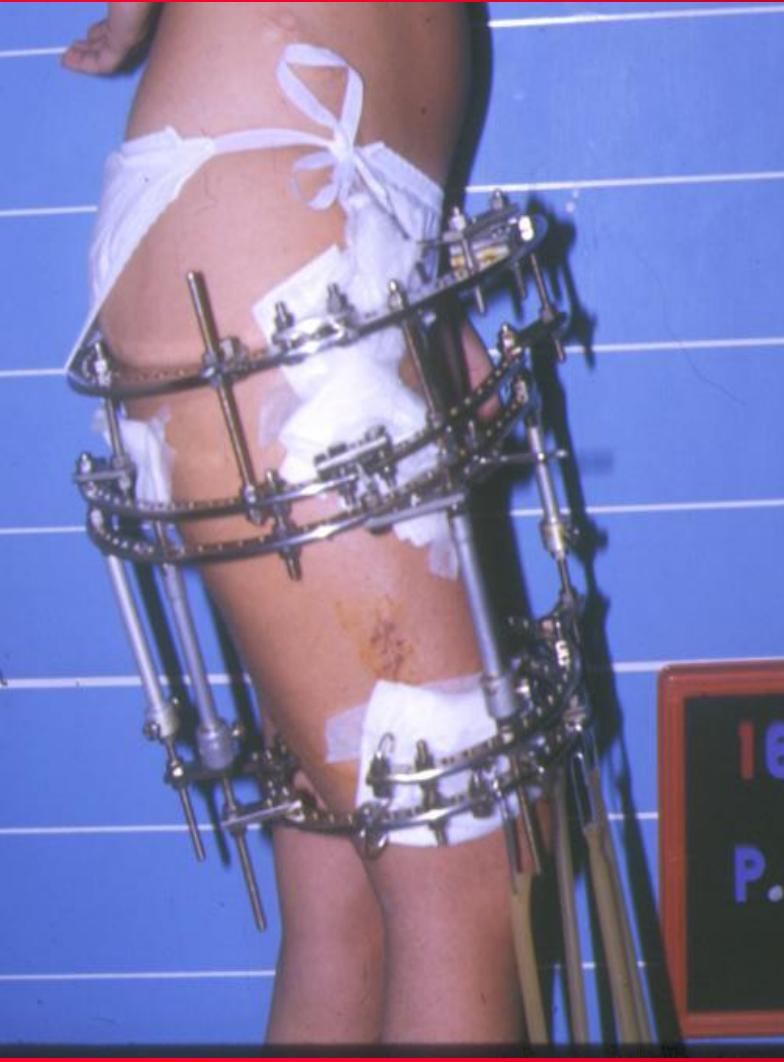
Ilizarov Unit



1986 Drama: complete sciatic nerve palsy!!

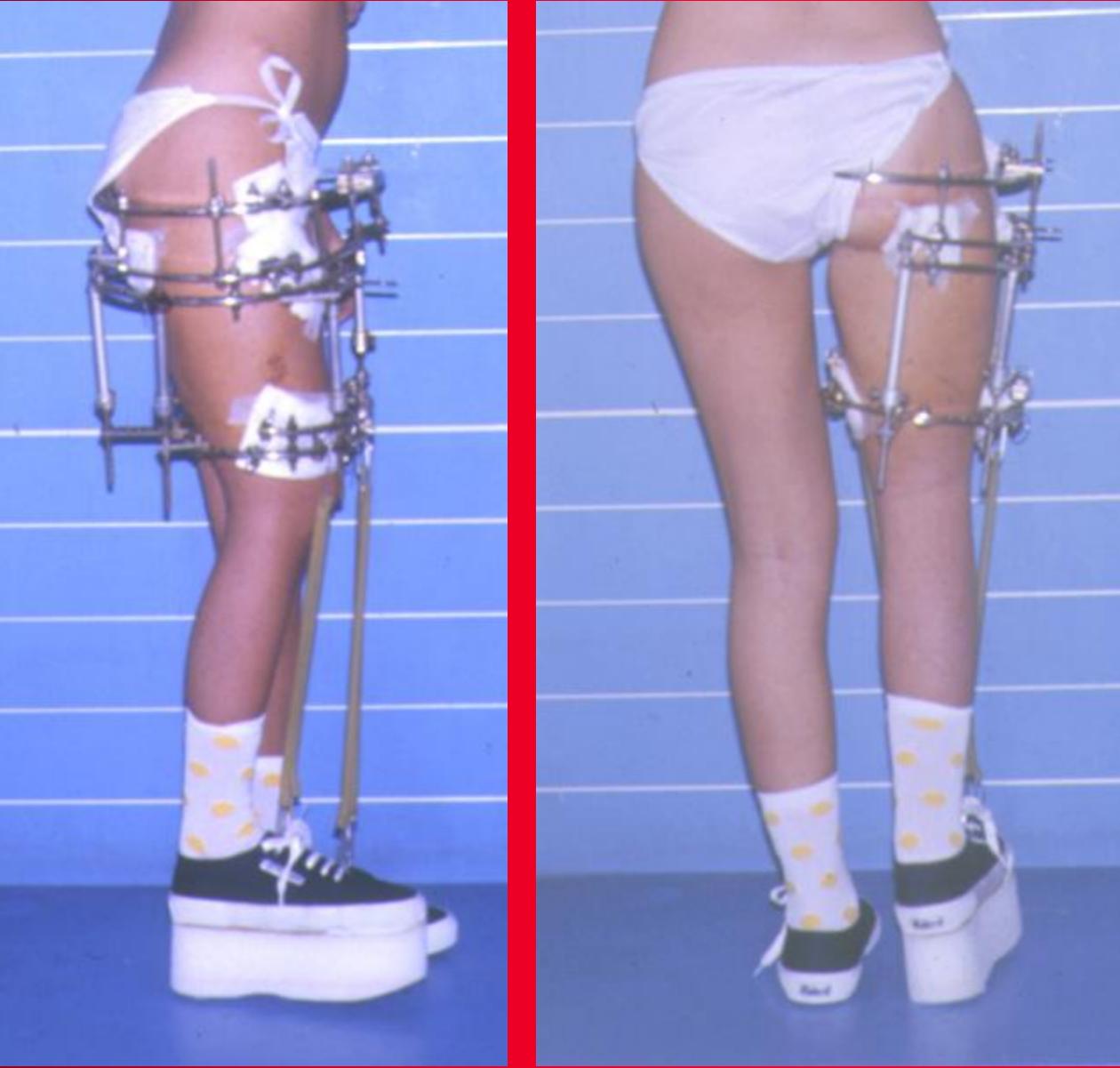


Ospedale Lecco

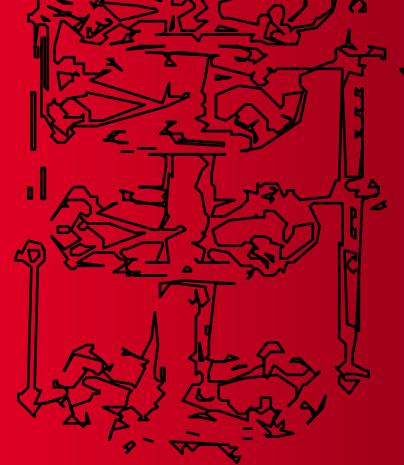


Removal of the proximal wires and
application of half pin





During
Treatment



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco

Ilizarov Unit



After nerve inspection



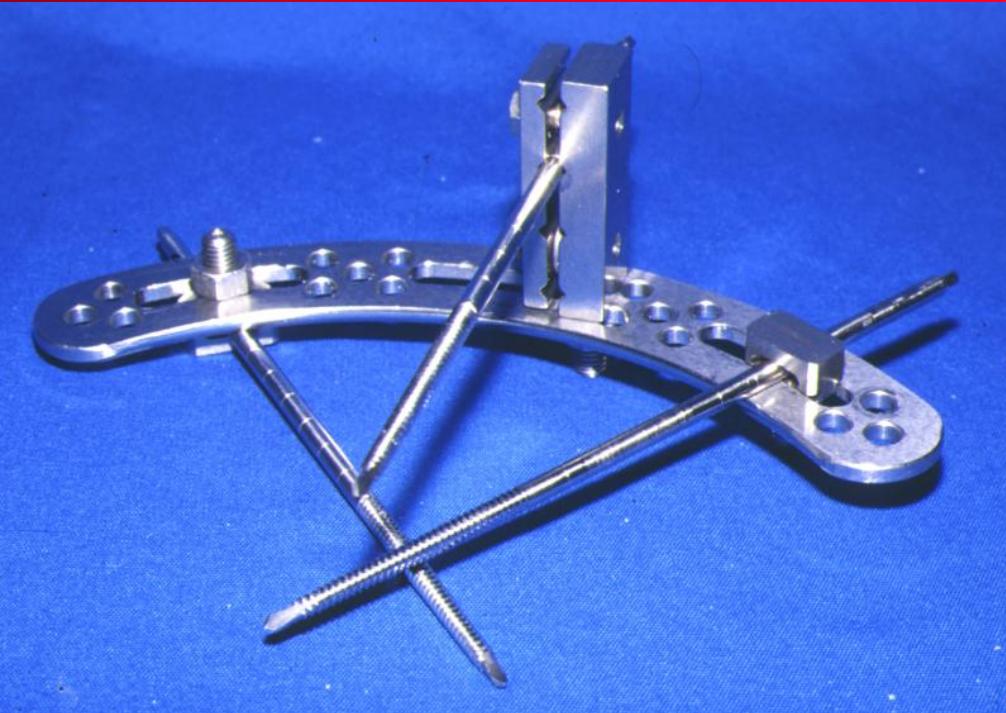
DRPILOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit



New femoral arch and devices for half pins
fixation developed in Lecco on 1986 and 1998



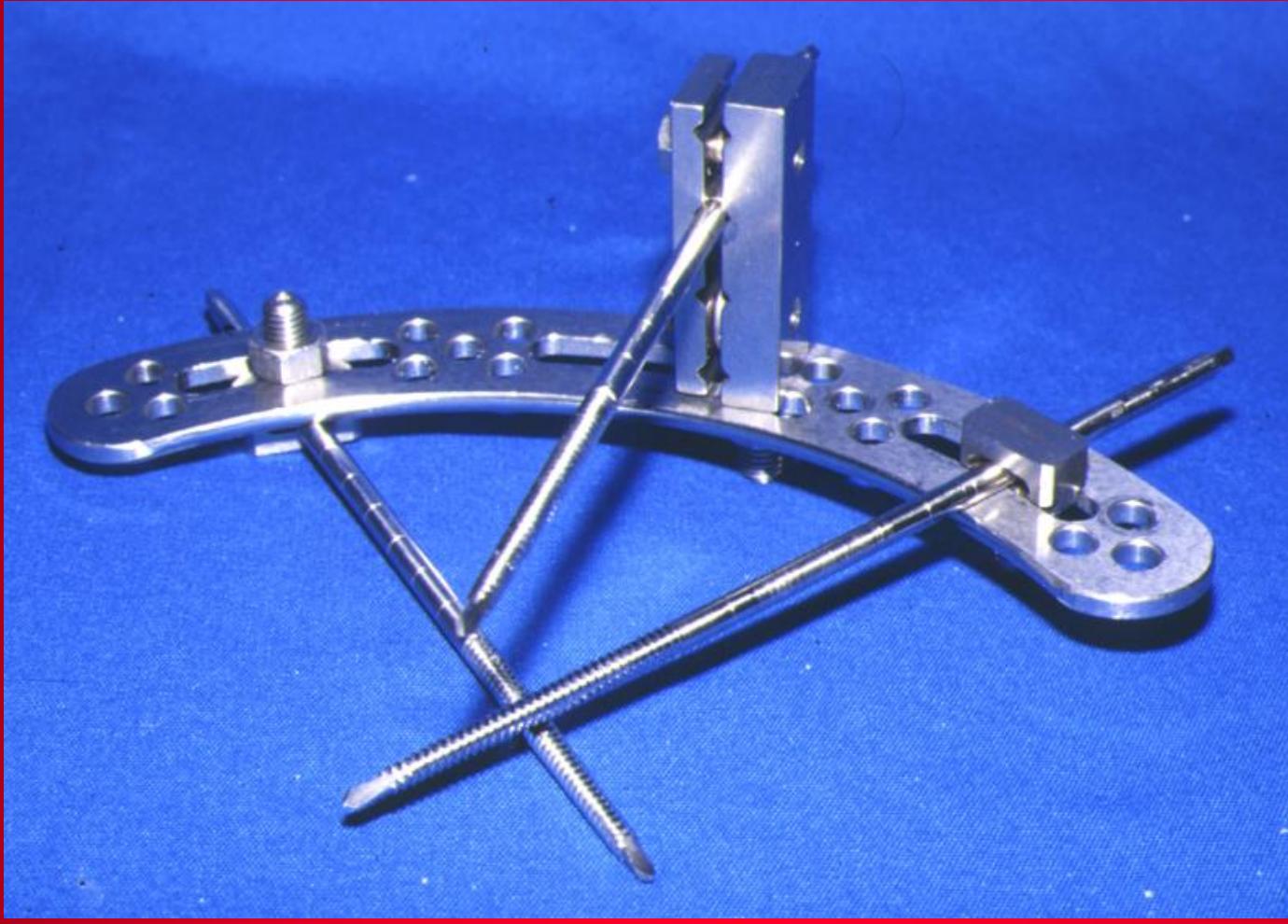
DRPILOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit



New femoral arch and devices for half pins
fixation developed in Lecco on 1986



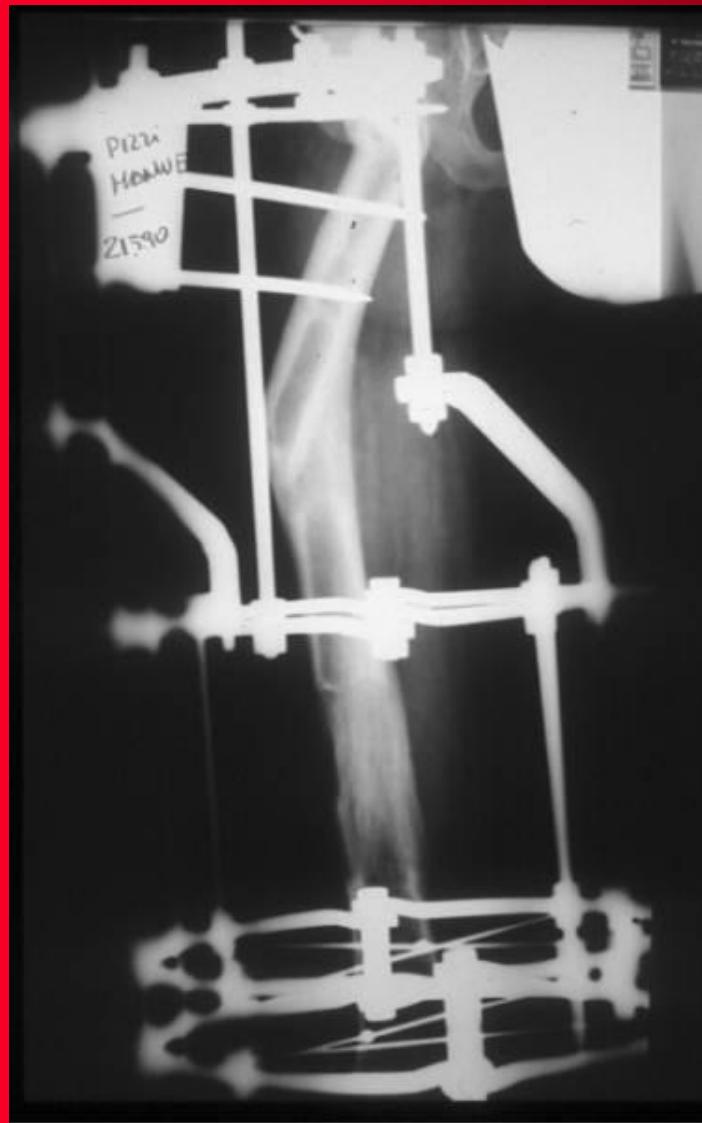
DRPILOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit

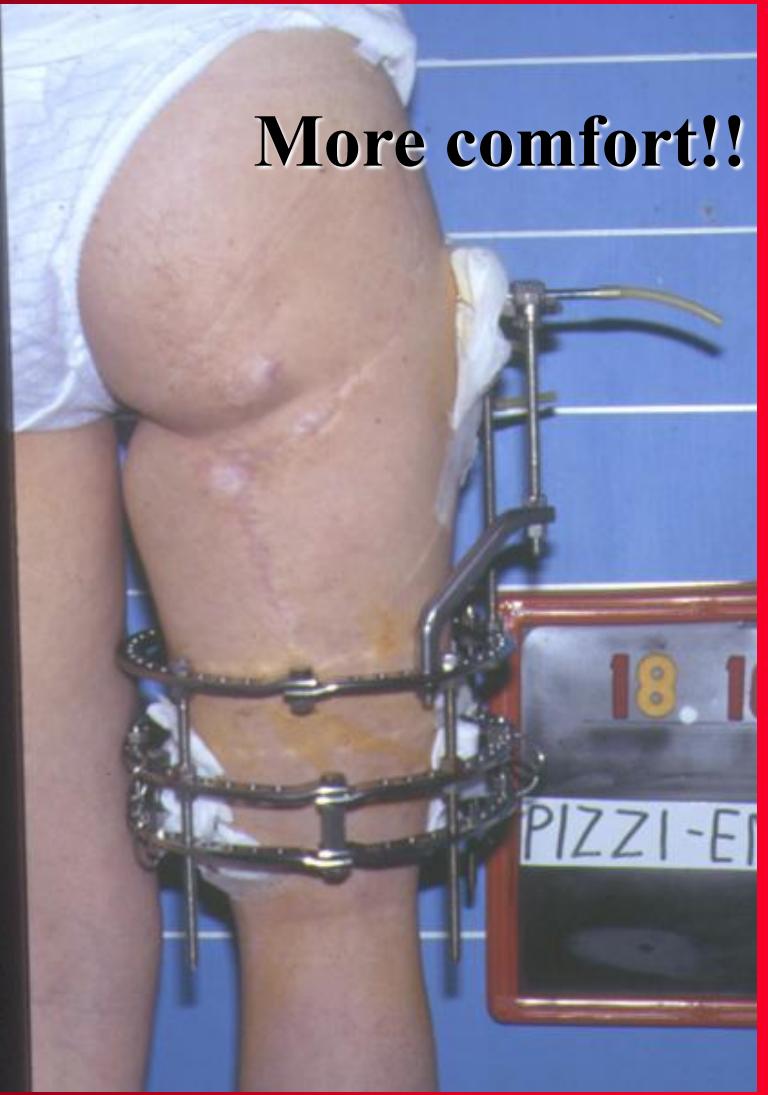


Ospedale Lecco

New lengthening after 3 years



Ilizarov Unit



More comfort!!



During and after lengthening



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit



Clinical result with great satisfaction for
the patient and for the Surgeon



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



Ilizarov Unit



Function



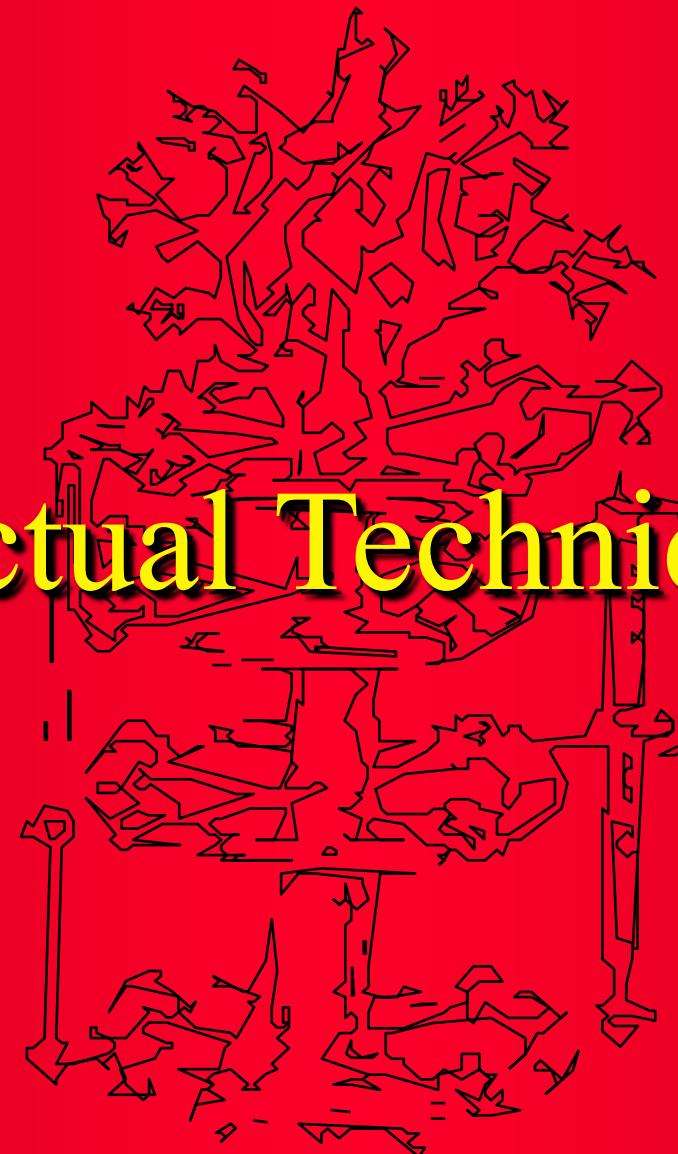
Ilizarov Unit



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



Ospedale Lecco



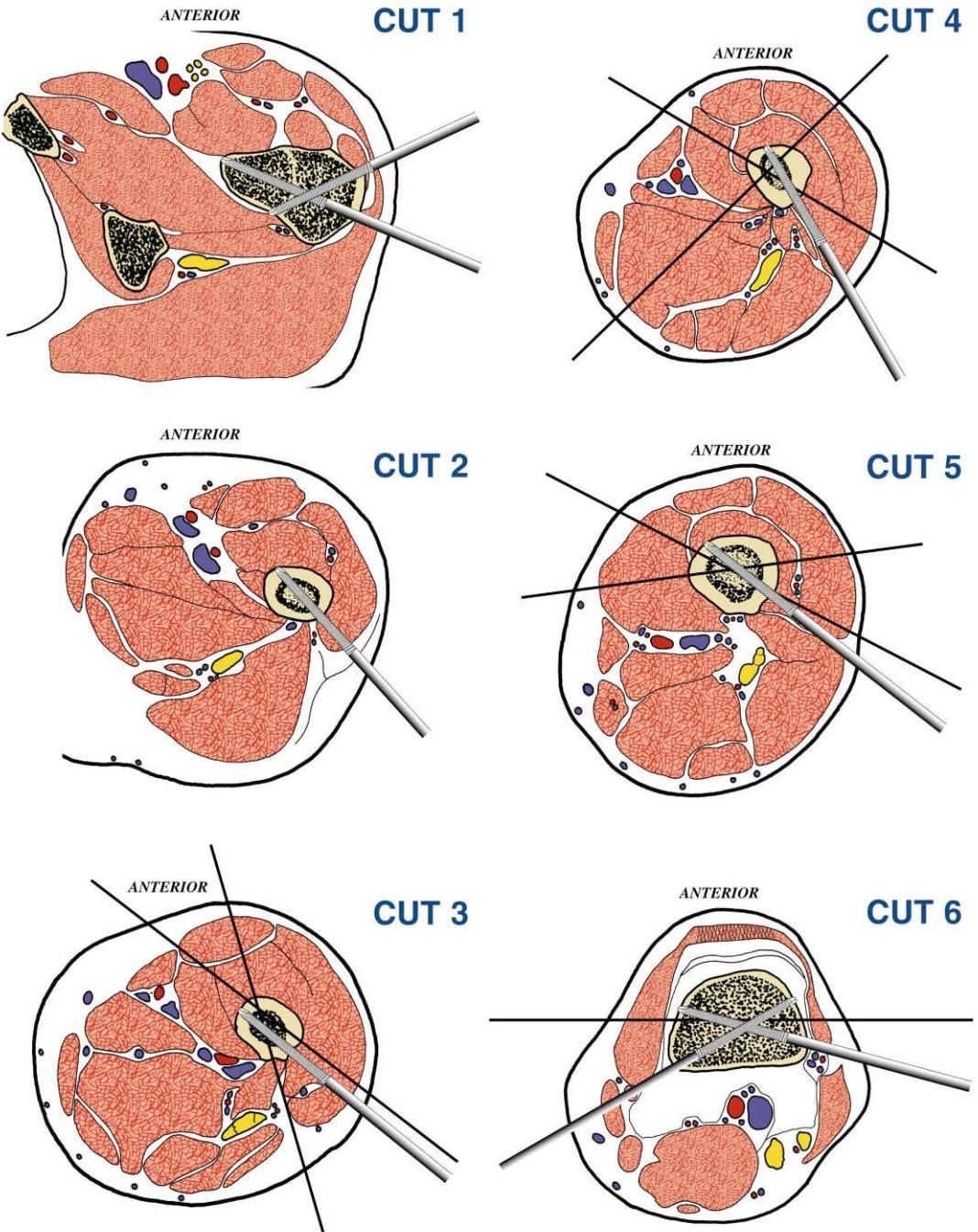
Actual Technique

Ilizarov Unit - Lecco



DRPILIOPTOPEDICO

INSERTION WIRES AND HALF-PINS - LEFT



DRPILIOTOPEDICO

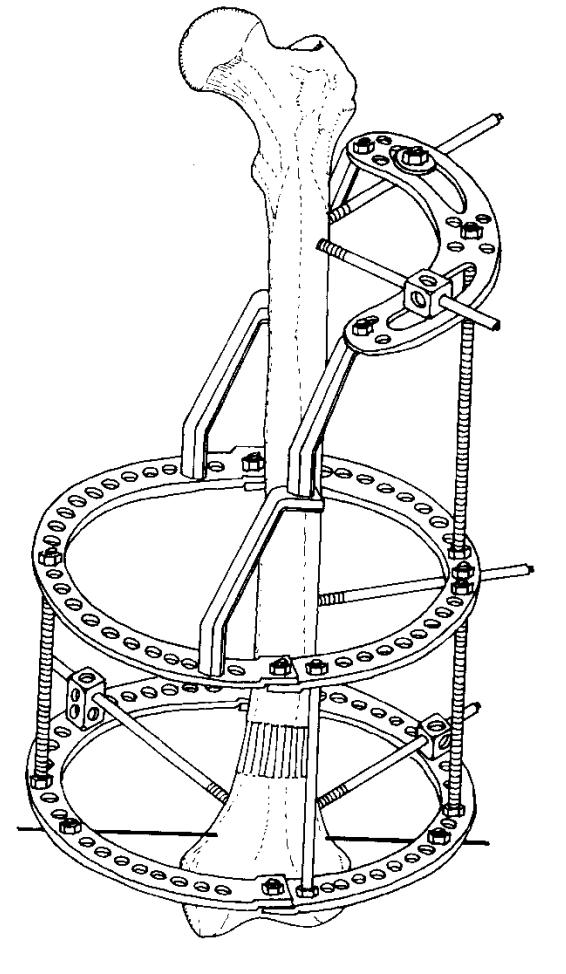


Ospedale Lecco

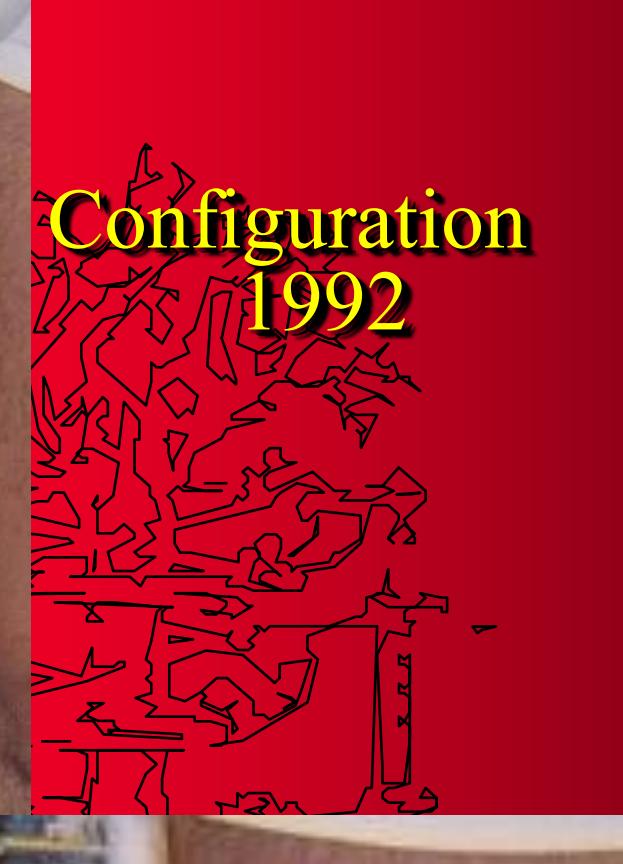
Wires and half pins in the femur



M. A. Catagni

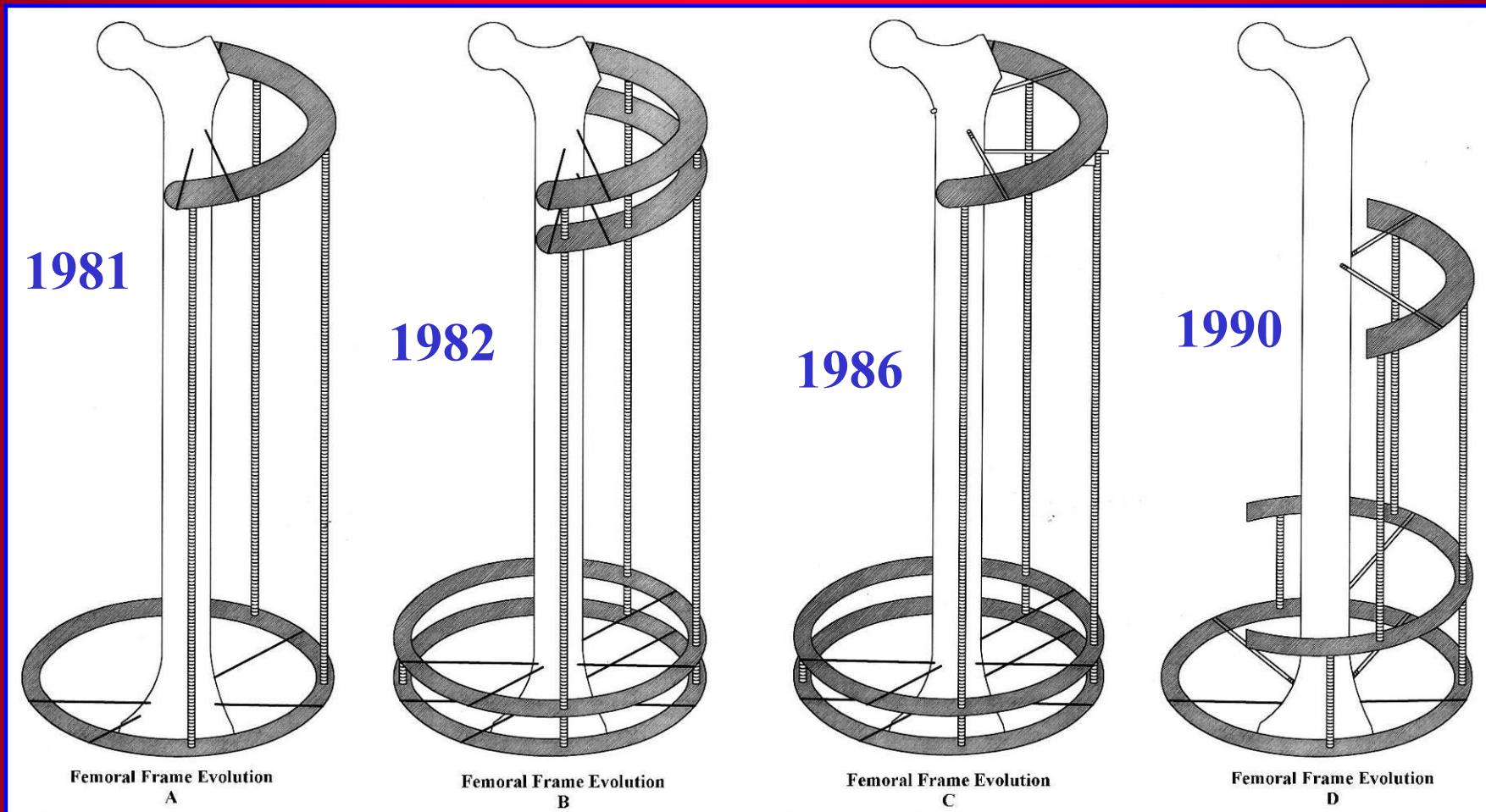


Configuration
1990



Ilizarov Unit - Lecco

Evolution of Ilizarov femoral frames



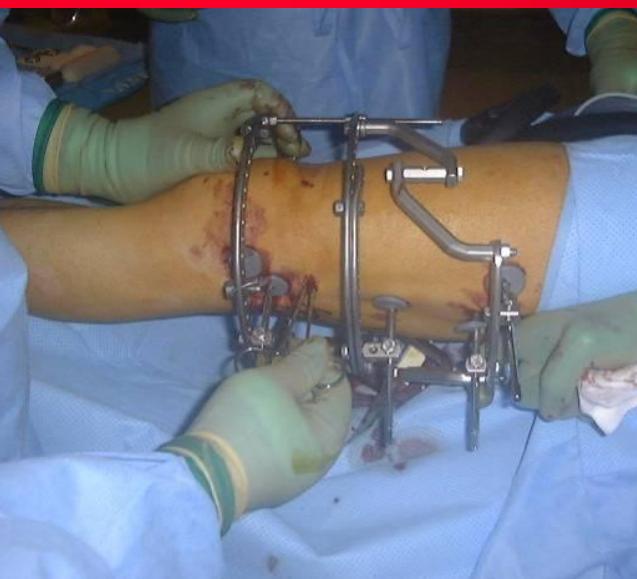
DRPILOITOPEDICO



Ilizarov Unit - Lecco



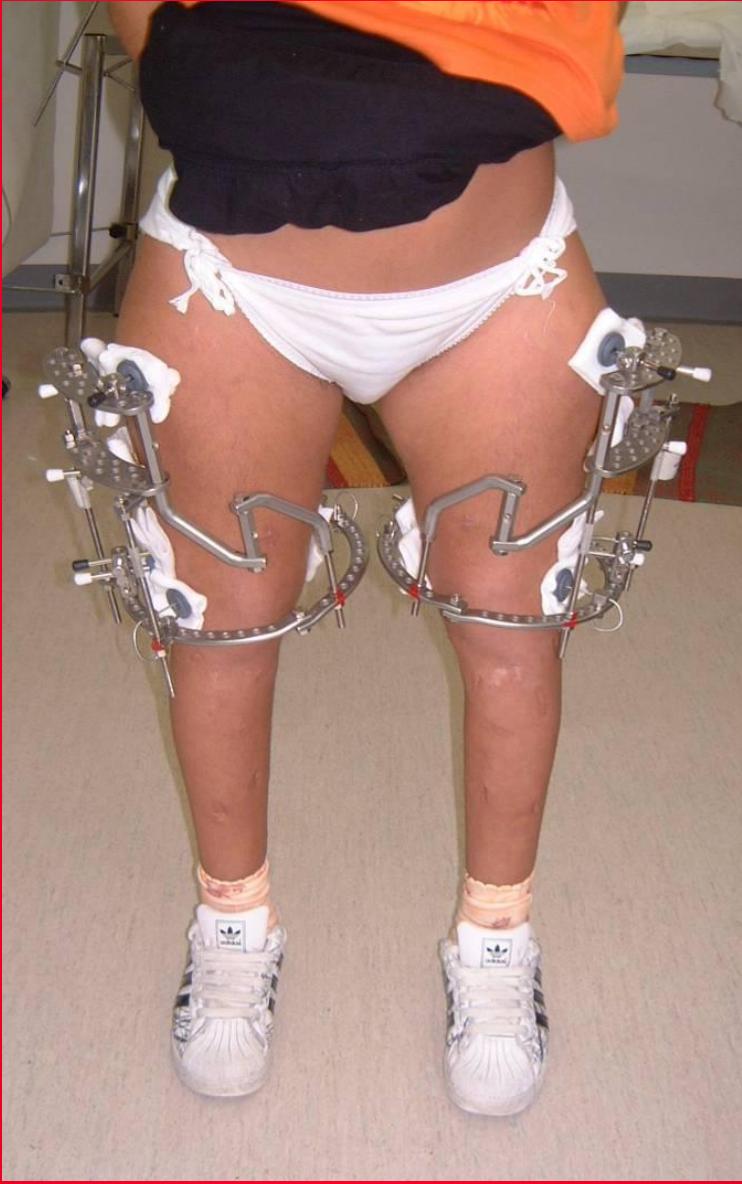
Ospedale Lecco



Frame application 1992



M. A. Catagni



Bilateral femoral lengthening



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



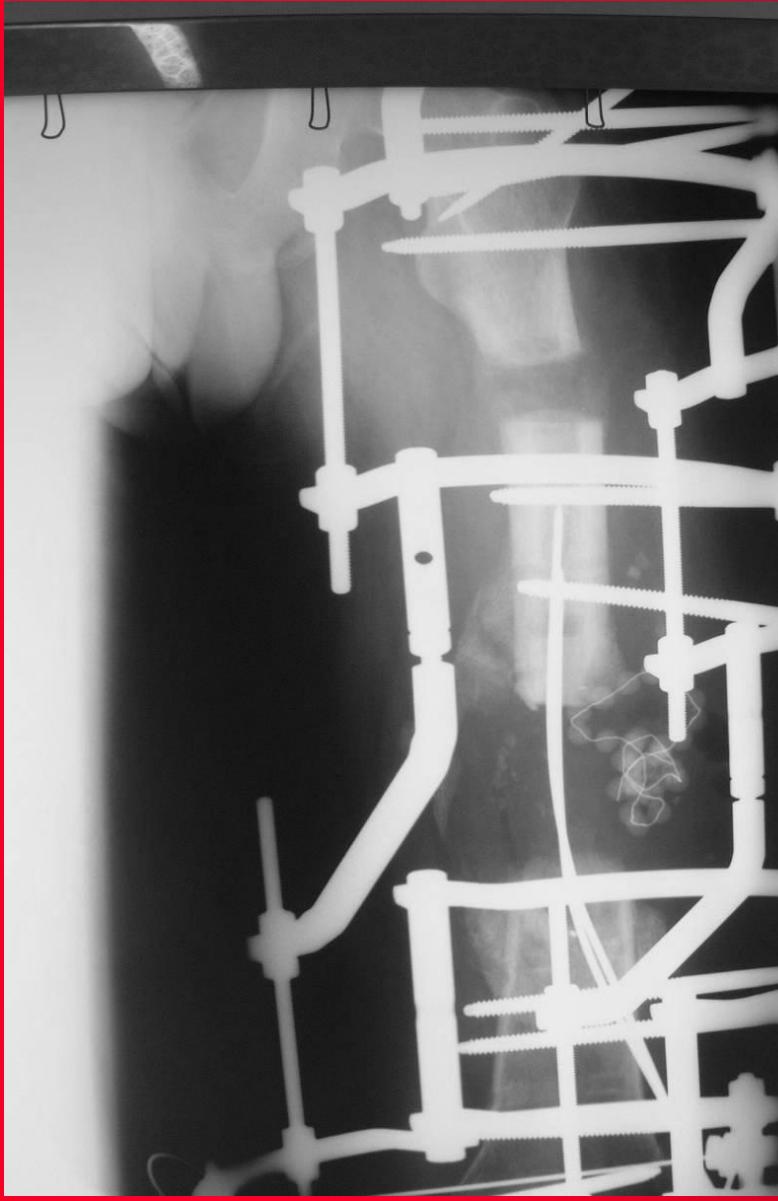
Ilizarov Unit



Bilateral femoral lengthening



Ilizarov Unit



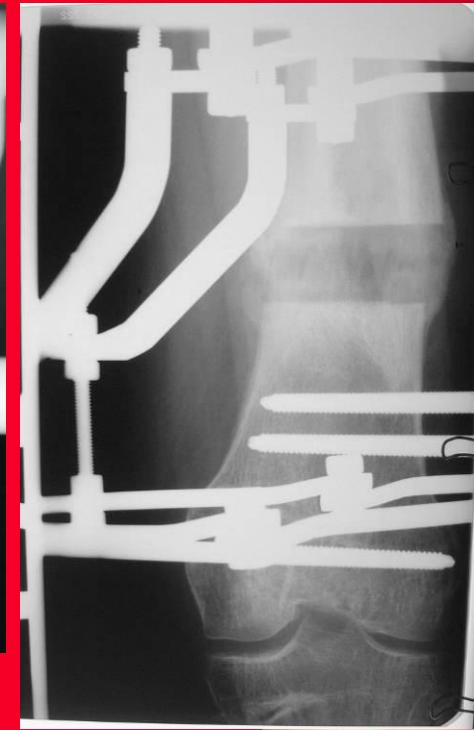
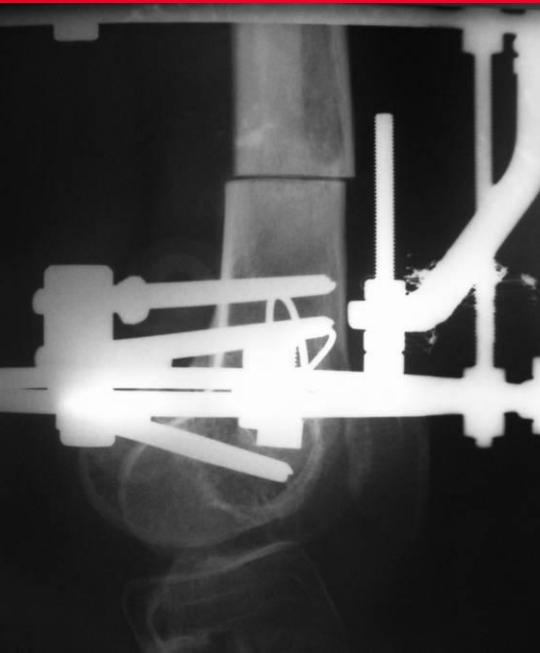
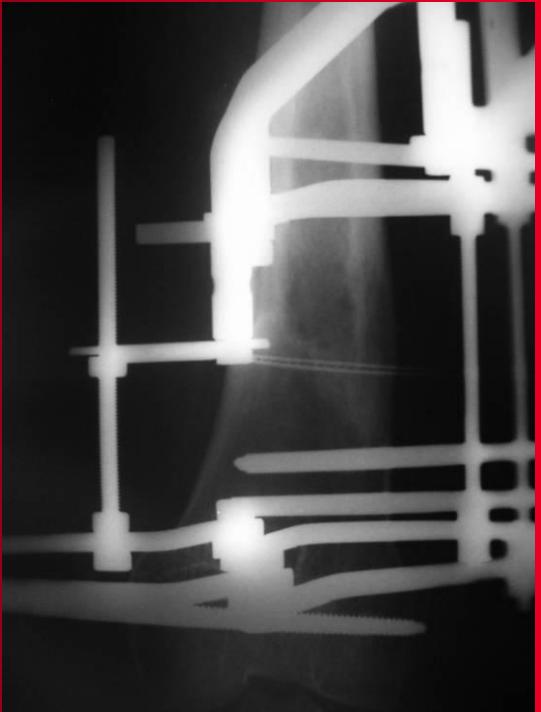


Bifocal in the femur





Ospedale Lecco



..but with e circular is easier to do
rotation, angular correction etc



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



DRPILIORTOPEDICO

Ospedale Lecco

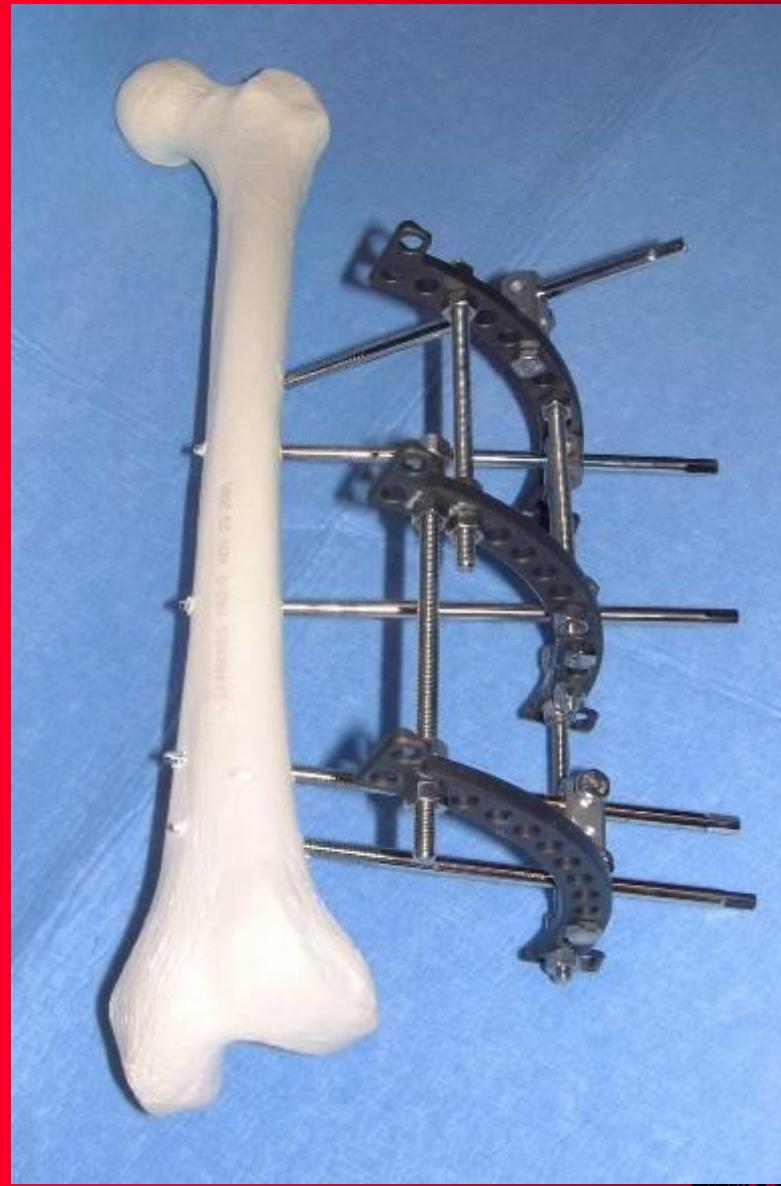
We develop a new
femoral frame



Ilizarov Unit



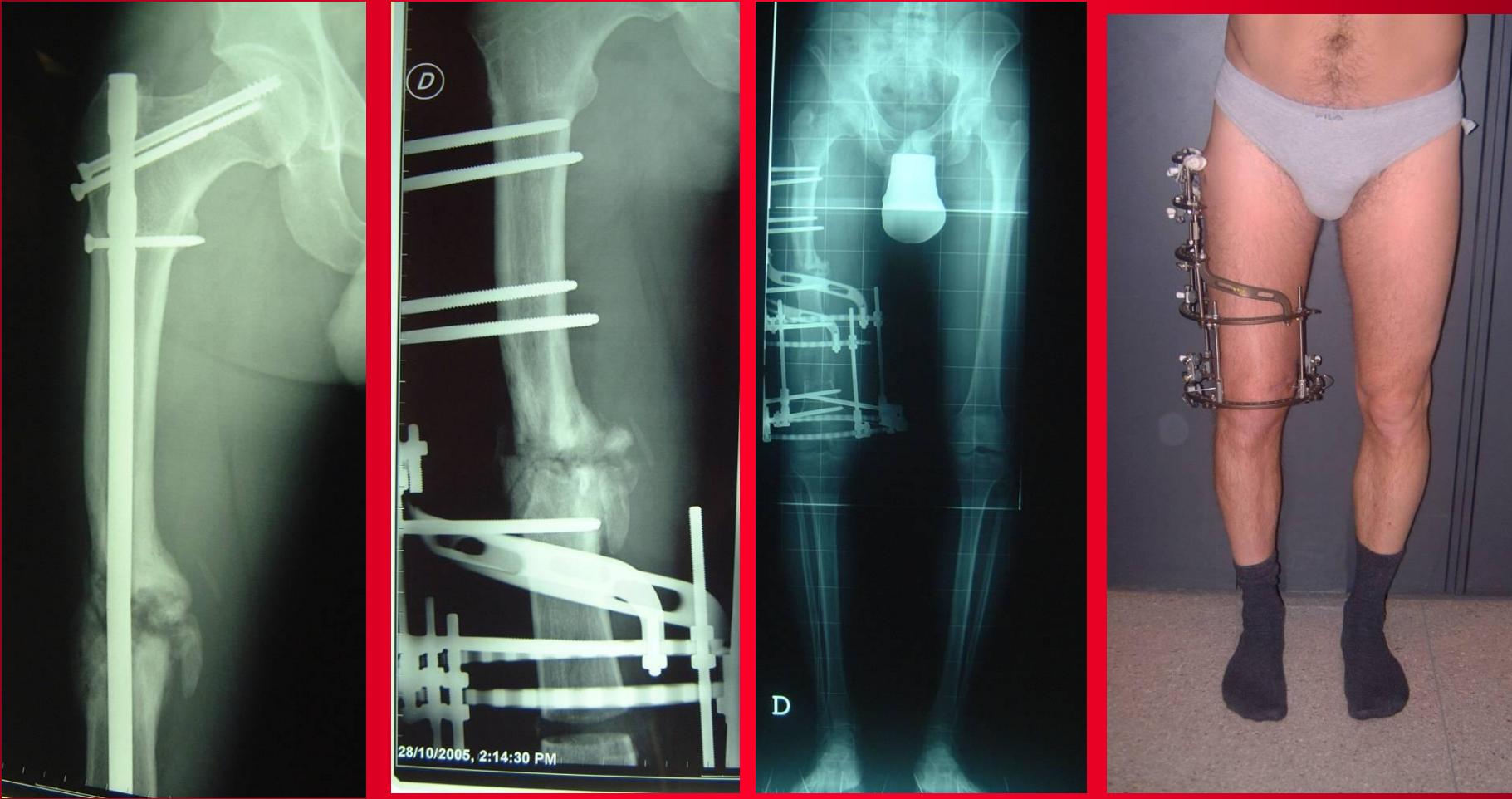
At the end of the lengthening or correction period, a great part can be removed



Ilizarov Unit



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



Lax femoral nonunion: bifocal treatment



DRPILIOPTOPEDICO



Ilizarov Unit



Dynamization



Ilizarov Unit

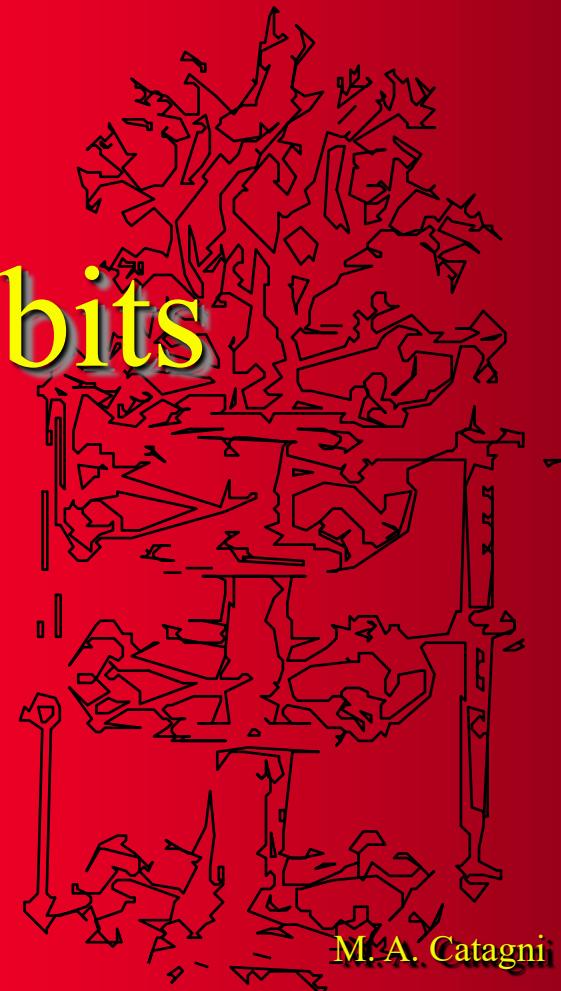


Rapid function
recovery



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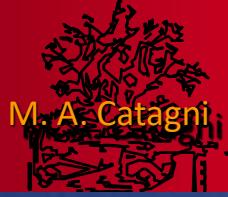
New devices and bits



M.A. Catagni



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



From 1990: Iuxta articular
hinges and universal for
correction of tibia vara
without fibular osteotomy

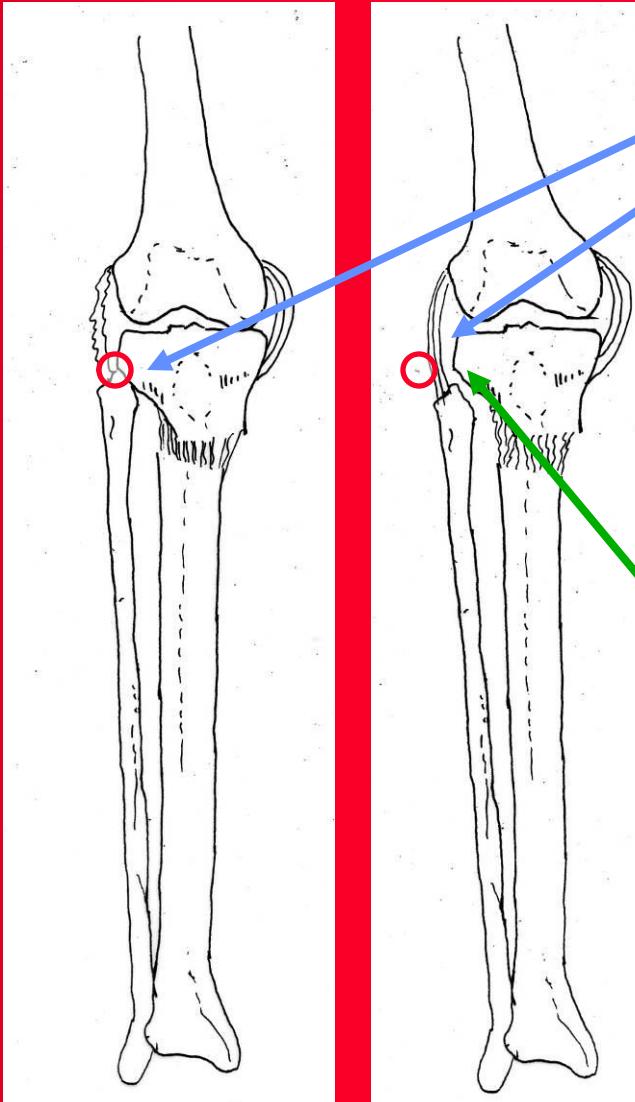
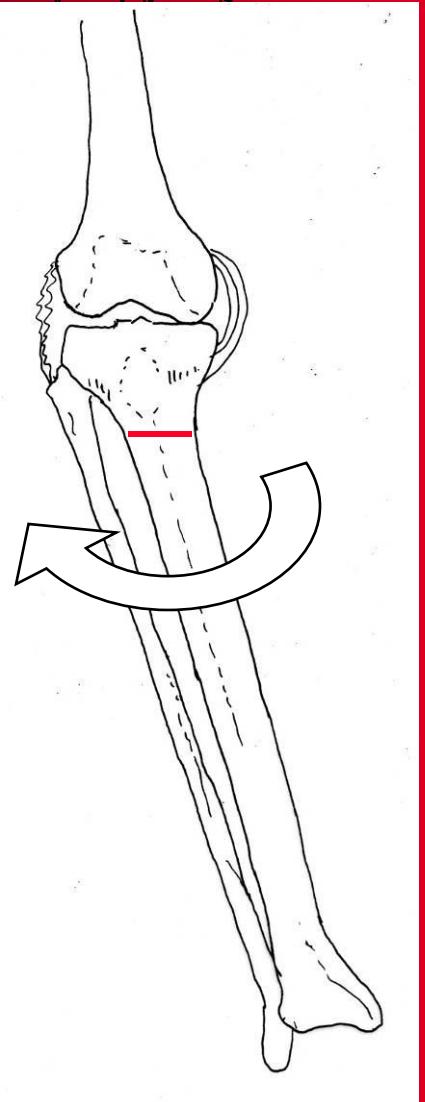


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M. A. Catagni

Without fibular osteotomy



Center of rotation

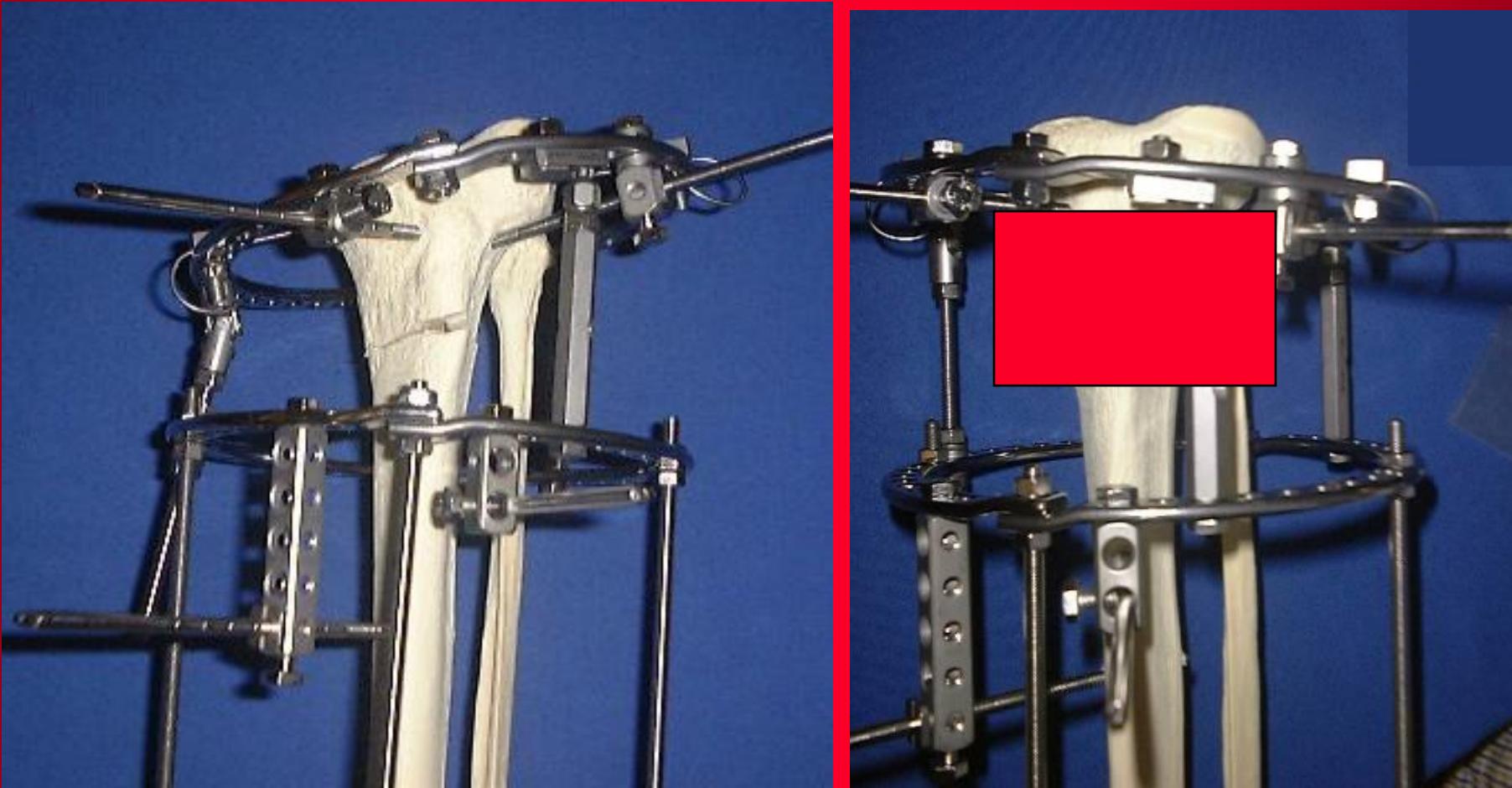
Retention of LCL



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Iuxta articular hinges



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Exapodalic frames



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Use of the intramedullary nail for femoral lengthening Experience in Lecco - Italy



DRPILIOORTOPEDICO



ASAMI Lecco

First femoral lengthening in
Lecco 1995 using Albizia Nail
(mechanic nail)
For 3 achondroplastic patient
(6 femora)



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ASAMI Lecco

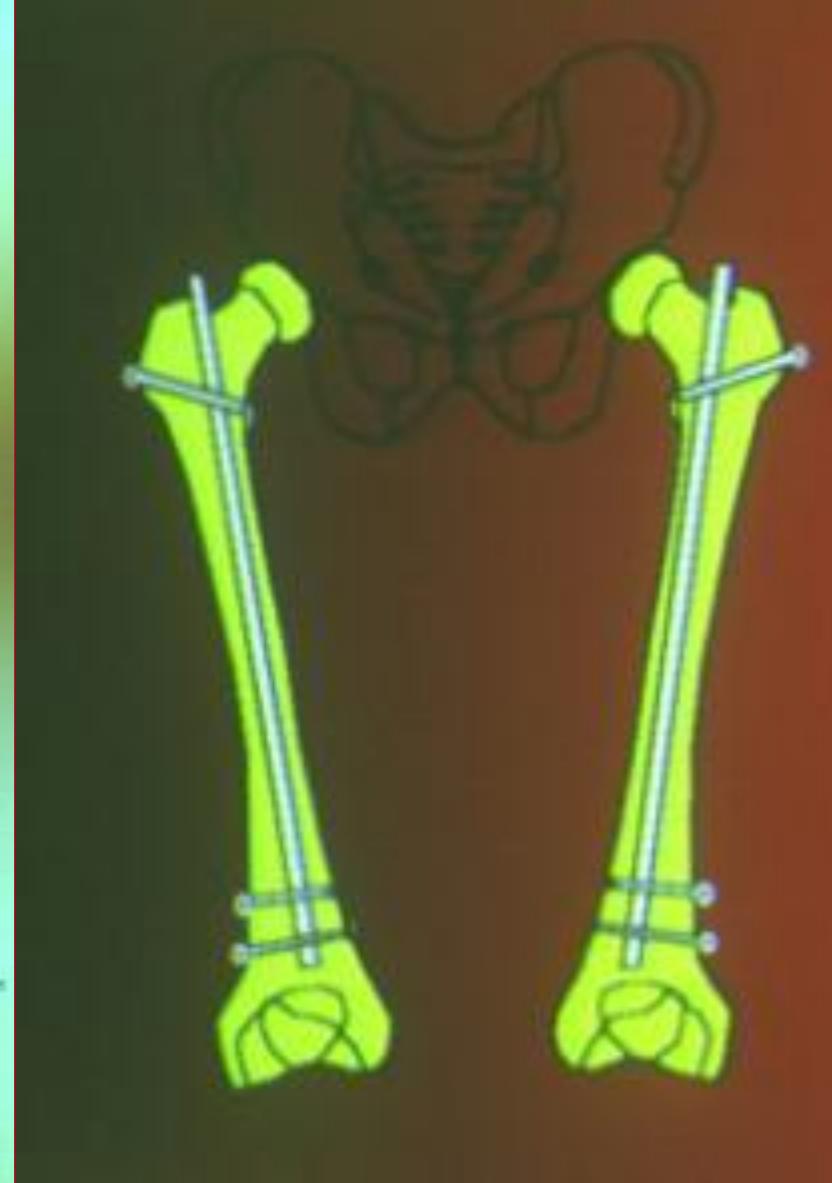
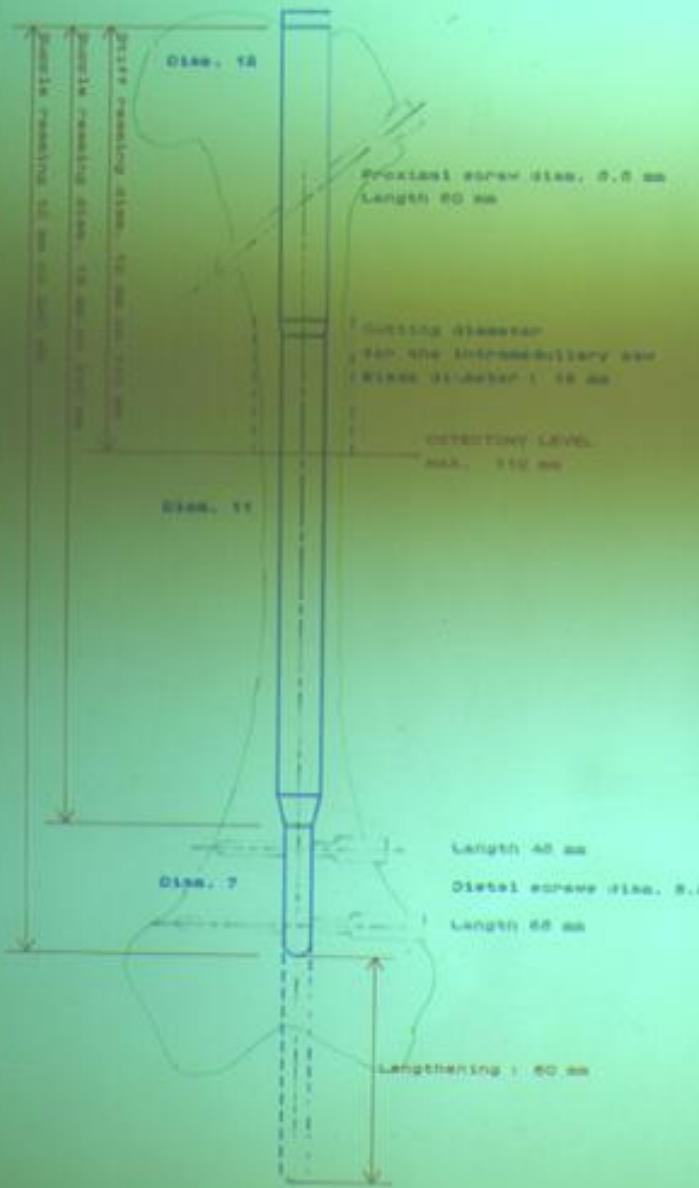


First femoral
lengthening
with “Albizia”

16 y.o. after
tibial and
humeral
lengthening
(13+9)



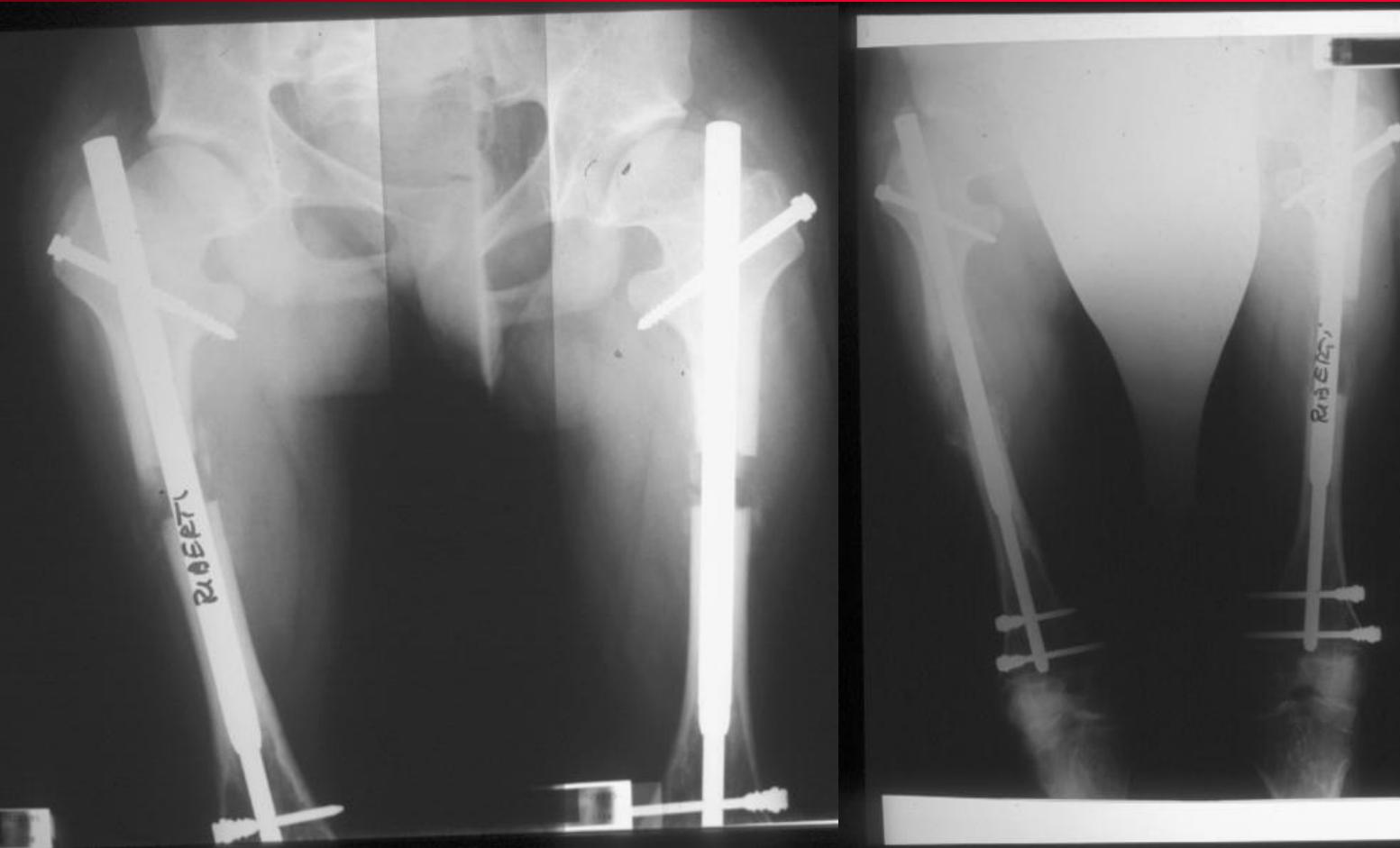
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Pre op plan



ASAMI Lecco



6 cm lengthening
250 days of treatment

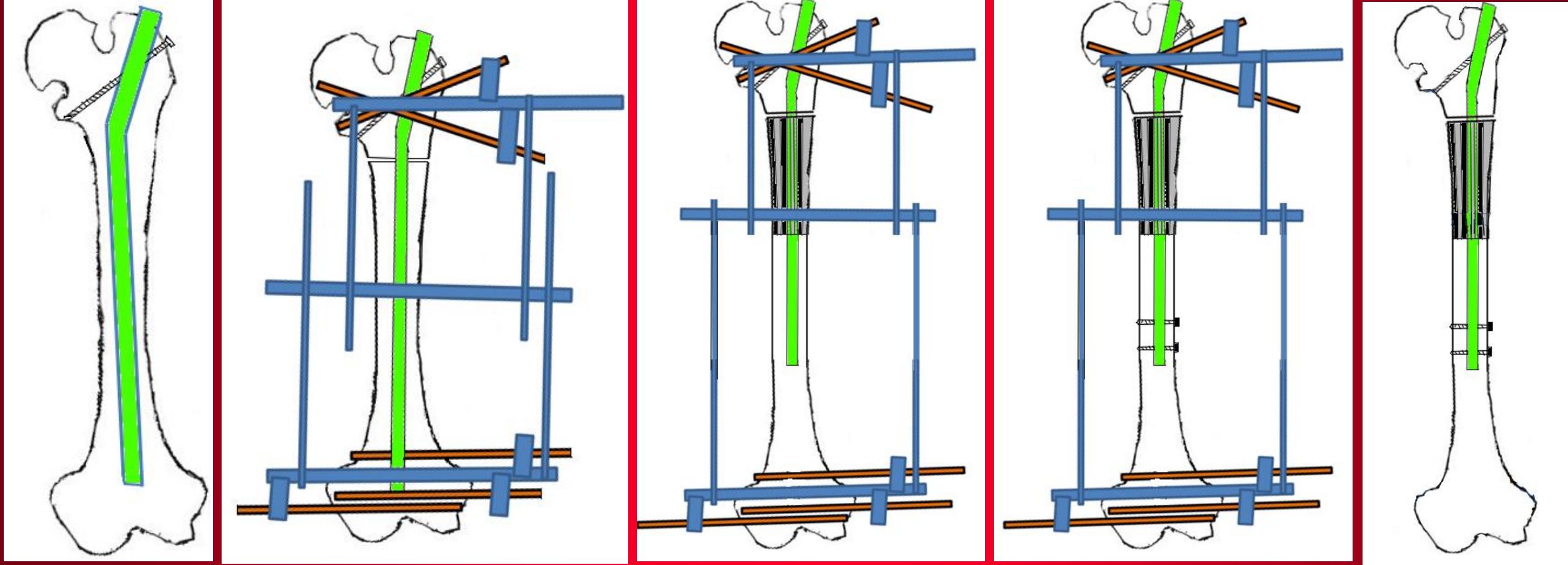


ASAMI Lecco



The patient asked for further lengthening
At that time the limit with the “Albizia” was only 6 cm





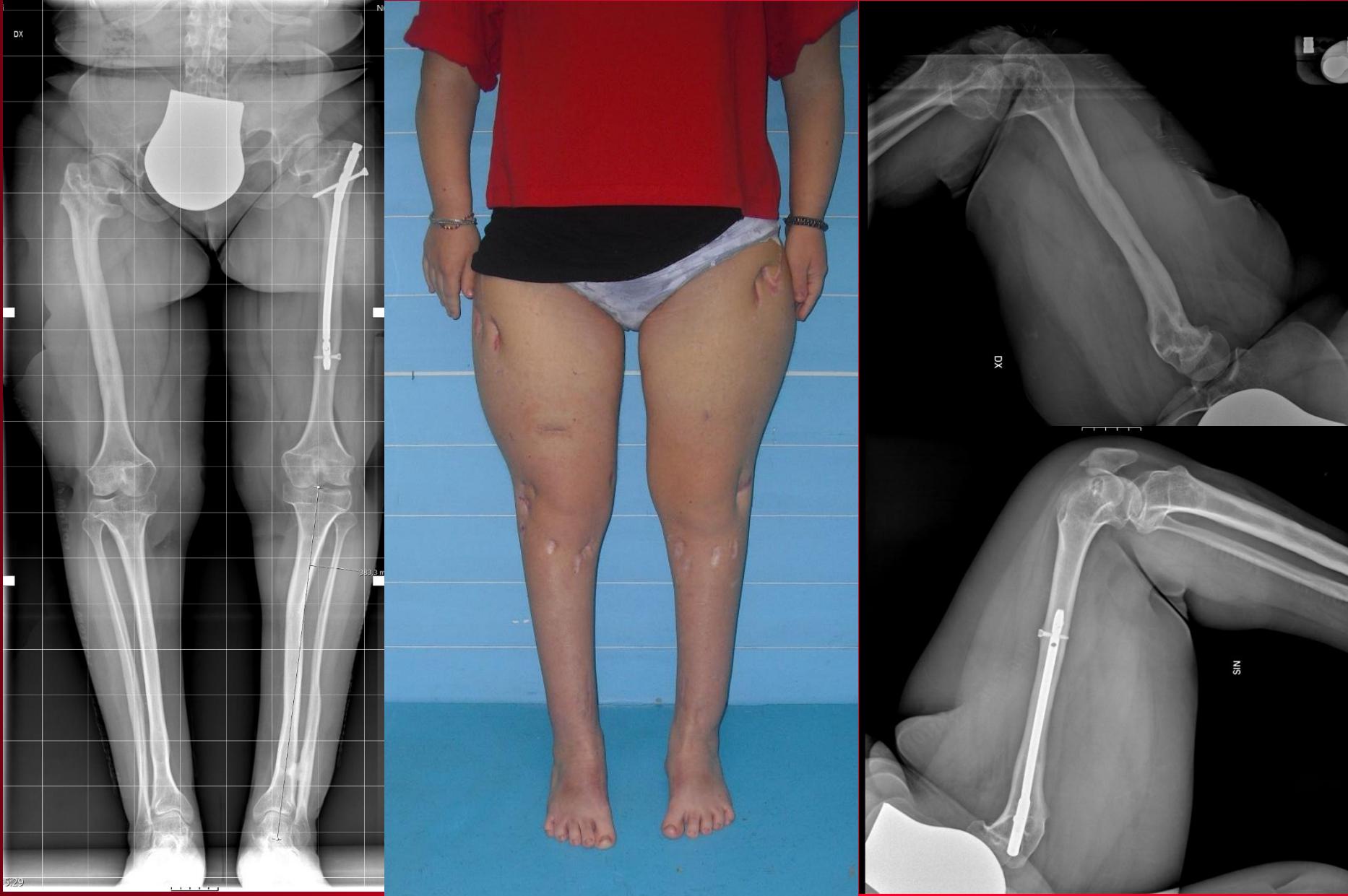
Pediatric nail insertion, proximal fixation, circular fixator application, osteotomy, fixator lengthening, distal nail fixation, fixator removal



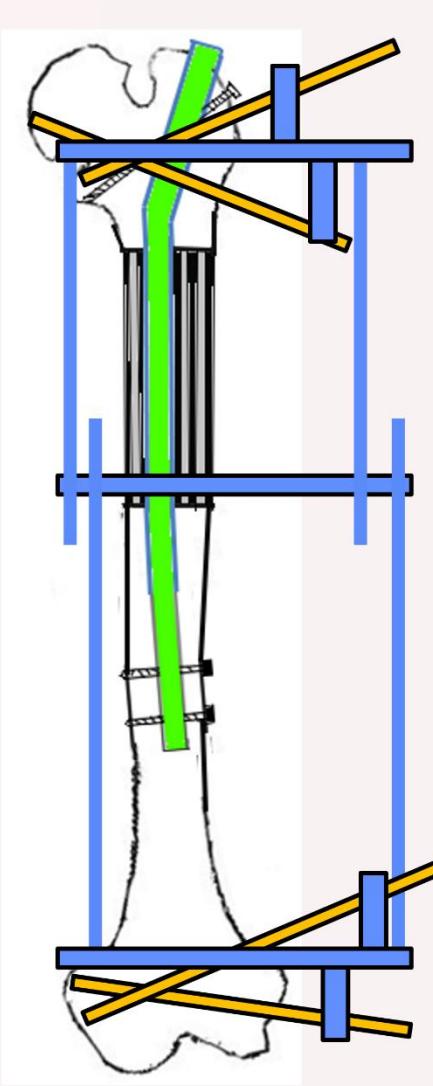
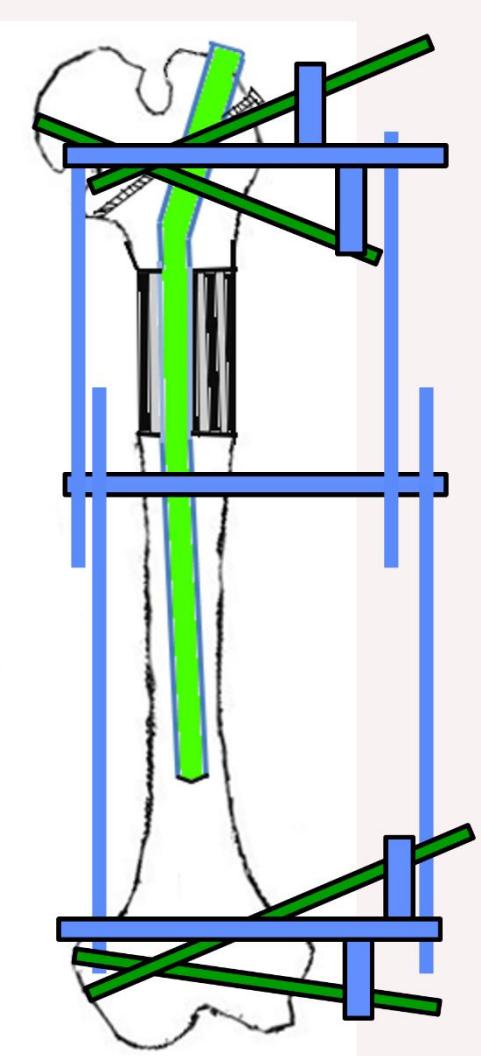
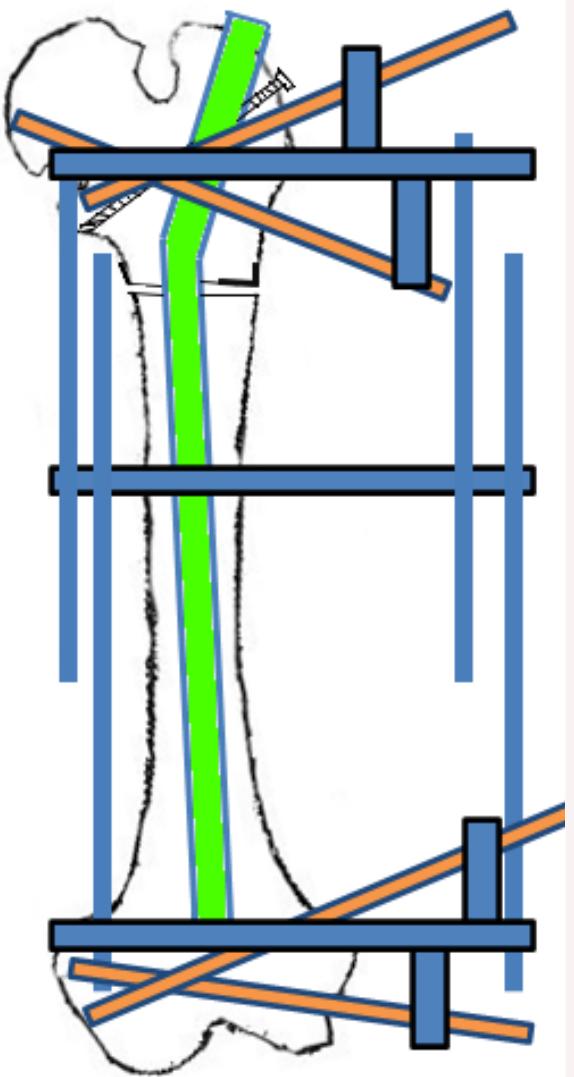


First case with traditional external circular fixator

ASAMI Lecco

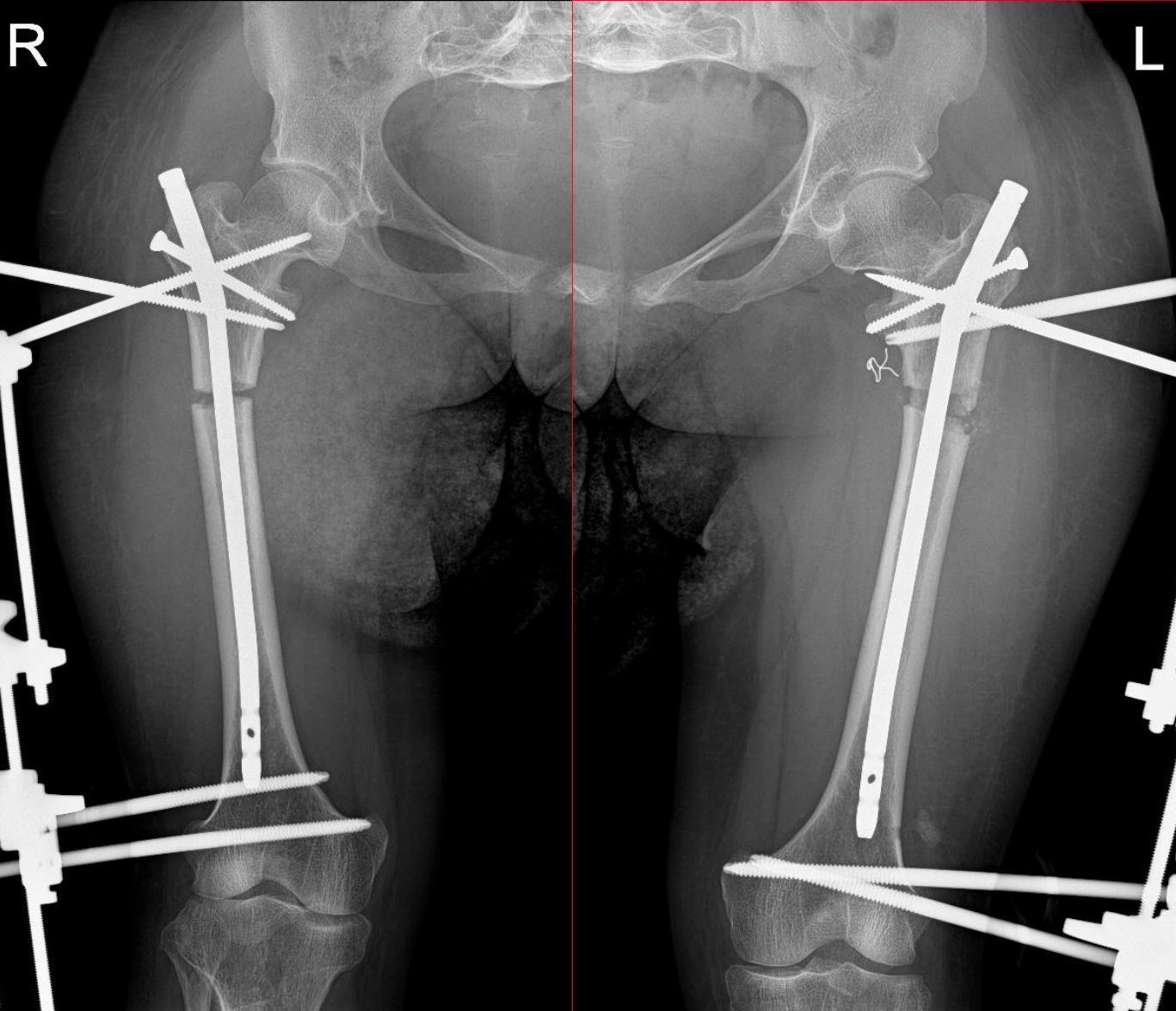


After frame removal



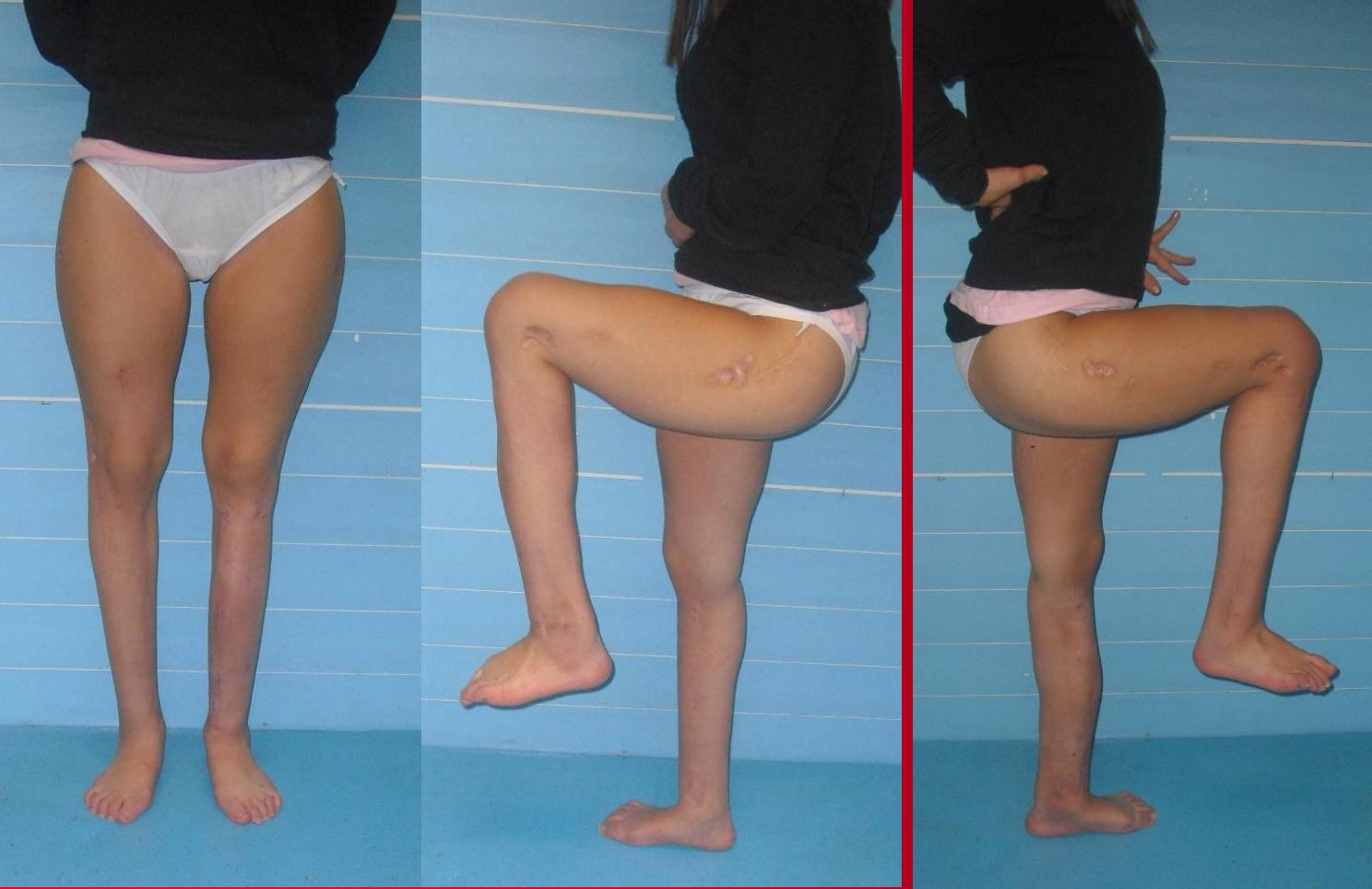
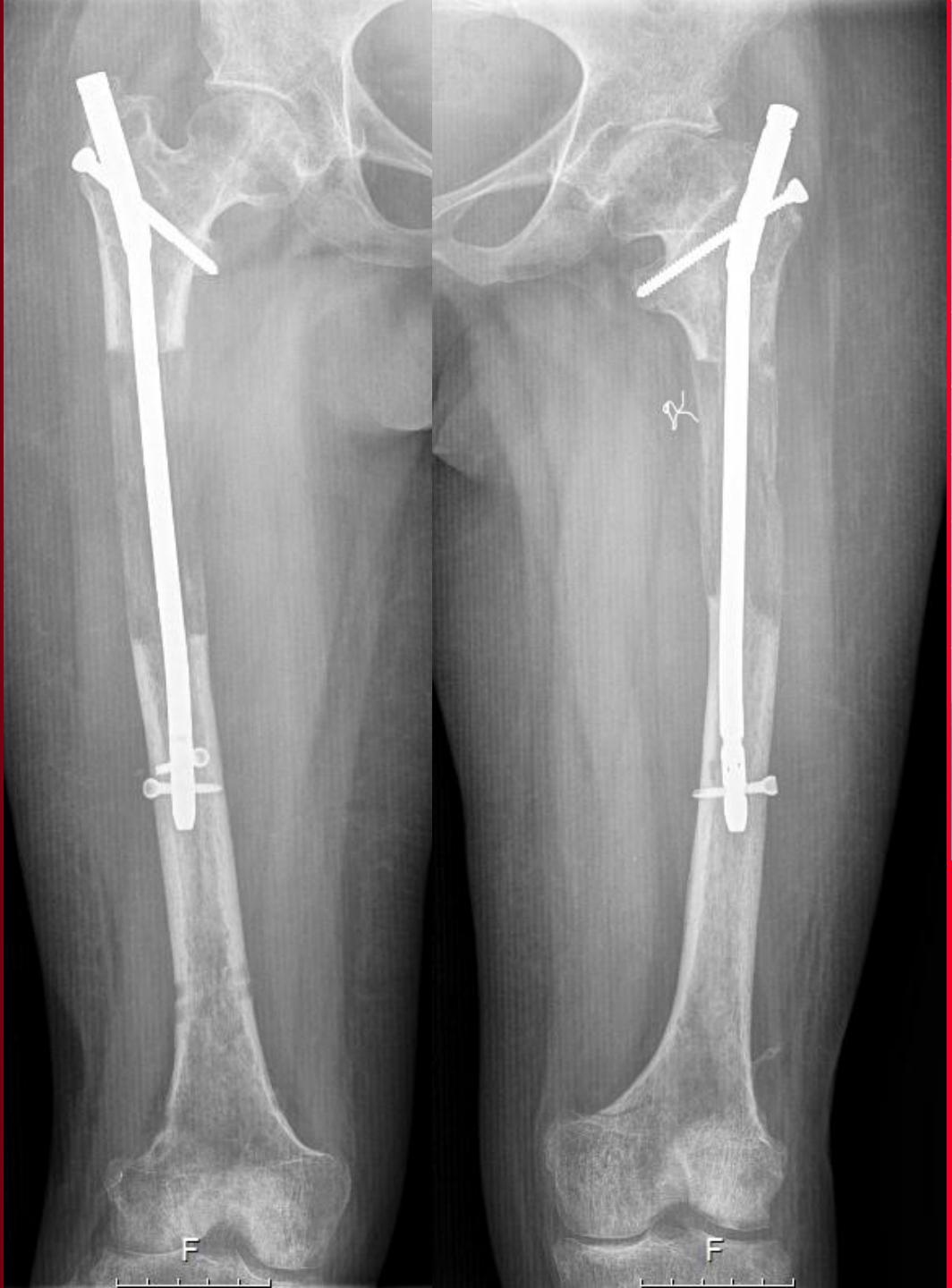
Second case: monolateral ex-fix





Second case: monolateral ex-fix

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Second case: monolateral ex-fix



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Third case: monolateral ex-fix



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Normal knee function



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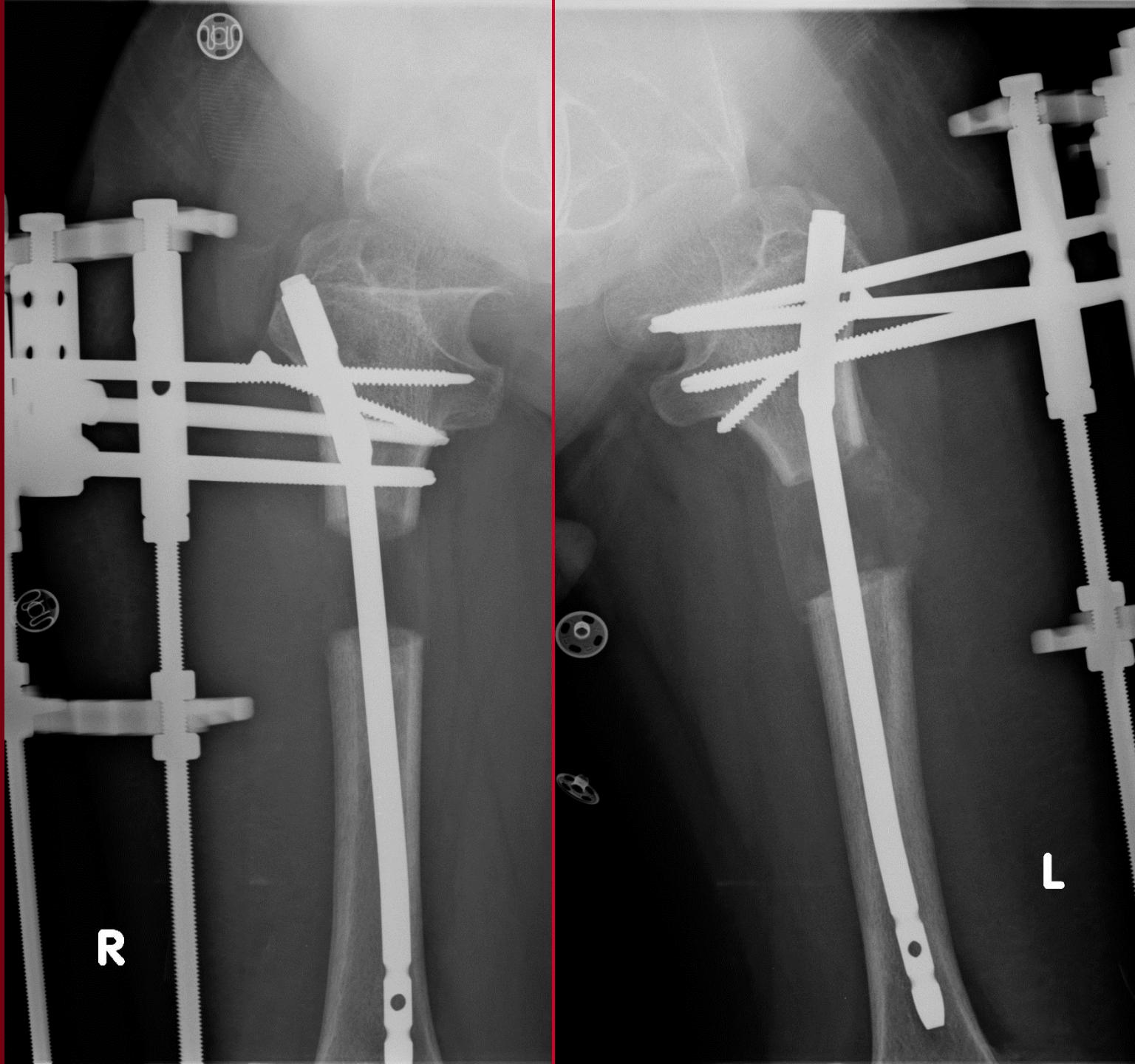


Last case done 2019 at
Mangioni Hospital Lecco

After tibial and humerus
lengthening in 2014 and
2015



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Nail 20 cm
 \varnothing 8.5 mm

Proximal and distal
pins \varnothing 6 mm
Hydroxyapatite

Frame Aluminum
arcs 200 mm
diameter



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Frame mounting



ASAMI Lecco



**Distal locking at the end
of lengthening period**

10 cm lengthening



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After frame
removal
In total 7 months
in the frame



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One year FU



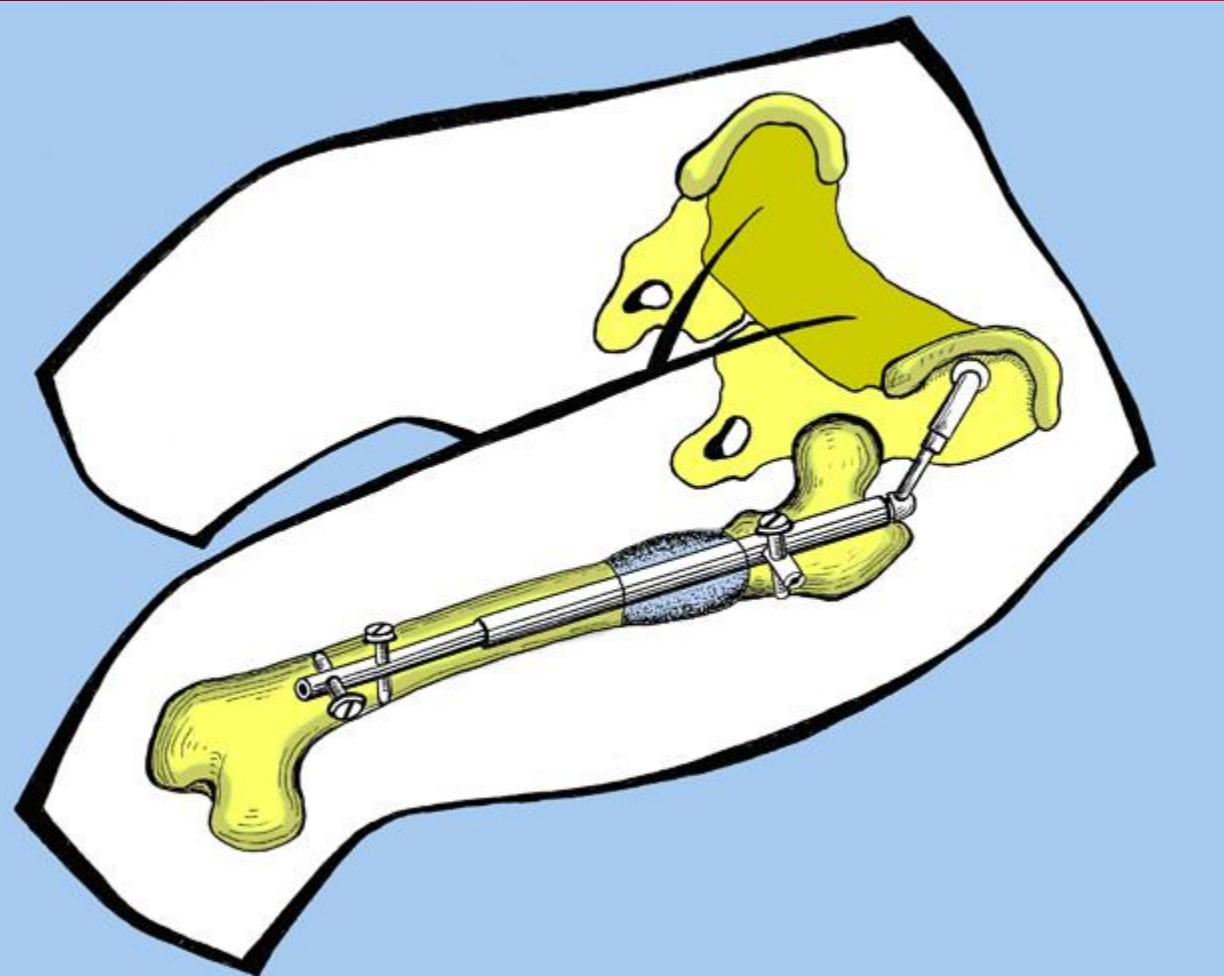
ASAMI Lecco

The difficulties we encountered in using the first "Albizzia" model were:

- Invasive surgery with conspicuous blood loss
- Difficulty performing rotational movements due to pain and muscle contractures which, in two cases, forced anesthesia to be performed twice a week to complete the lengthening
- The 6 cm limit in elongation with the "Albizzia" nail was the reason why the nail was dropped and we went back to using the external fixator



Lengthening with medullary nail: One of the first mechanical nails for lengthening was the Bliskunov nail, where the lengthening mechanism was controlled by a lever attached to the iliac crest.



In the 90s. the Albizzia nail (now Guichet nail) represented a good system for femoral lengthening, unfortunately associated with a certain difficulty, by the patients, to tolerate the relatively painful maneuvers to perform the daily lengthening (rotation of the femur by leveraging the leg)



An evolution was introduced with the ISKD (Intramedullary Skeletal Kinetic Distractor) nail in which the elongation occurred with the movement of the knee only, without control by the patient and with the risk of hyper-elongation and poor bone regeneration. (out of market from 2015)



Dong Hoon Lee 1, Keun Jung Ryu, Hae Ryong
Song, Soo-Hong Han

Complications of the Intramedullary Skeletal
Kinetic Distractor (ISKD) in distraction
osteogenesis

Comparative Study Clin Orthop Relat Res. 2014
Dec;472(12):3852-9. doi: 10.1007/s11999-014-3547-4.

Conclusions: Rate control was difficult to achieve with the ISKD nail for femoral and tibial lengthening, complications were relatively common, and among patients in whom rate control was not achieved, pain levels were high. Based on our findings, we believe that surgeons should avoid use of this nail.



Since 1988 the Fitbone nail has been introduced where the energy to move the nail is transmitted by a transducer placed under the skin

A fully implantable distraction nail was used clinically successfully for the first time by Baumgart and Betz in 1988

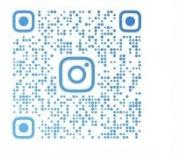


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All previous nails have a problem: in case of poor bone regeneration, it is not possible to perform a shortening to stimulate the formation of callus



Precice and Stryde nails introduced by Pili

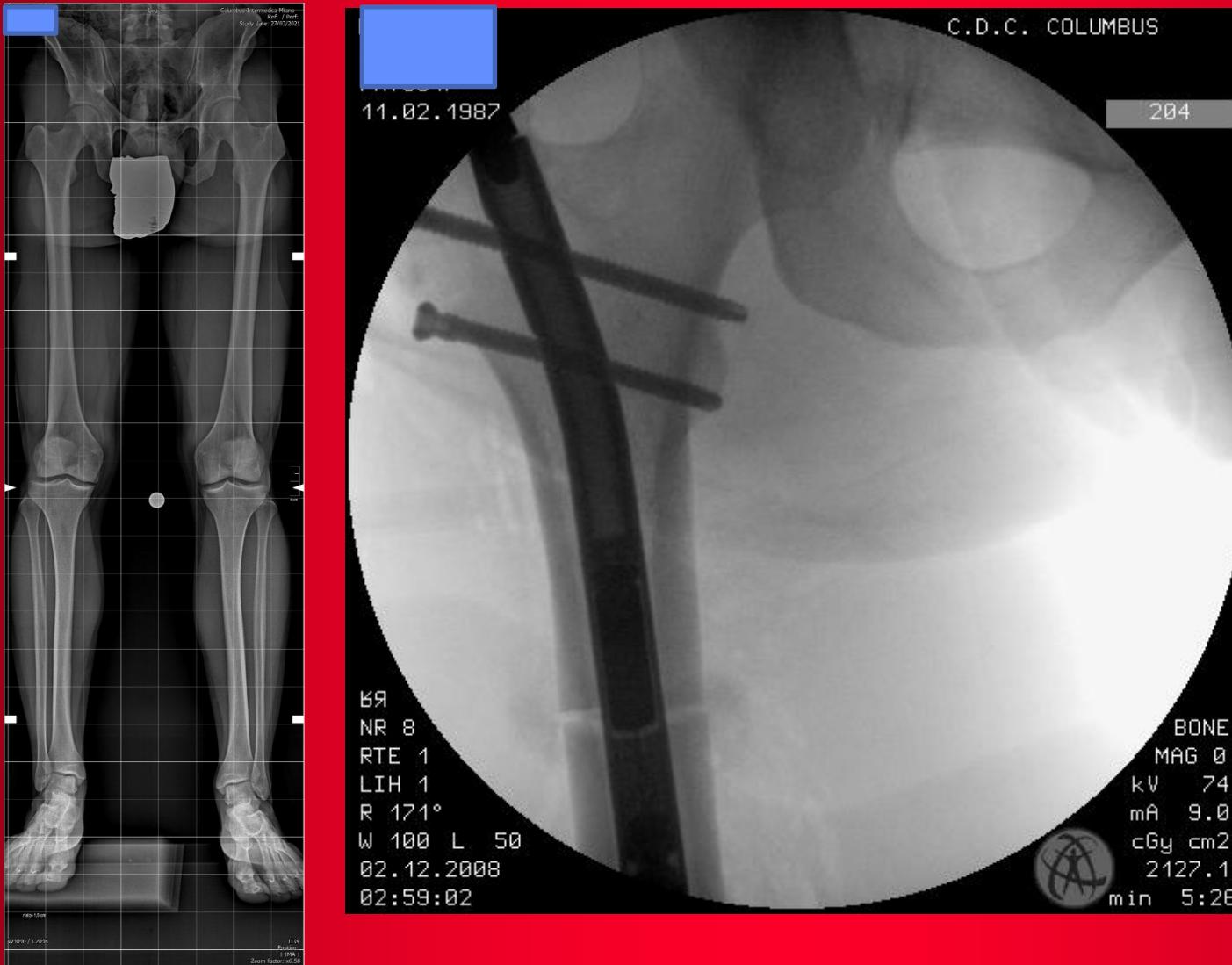


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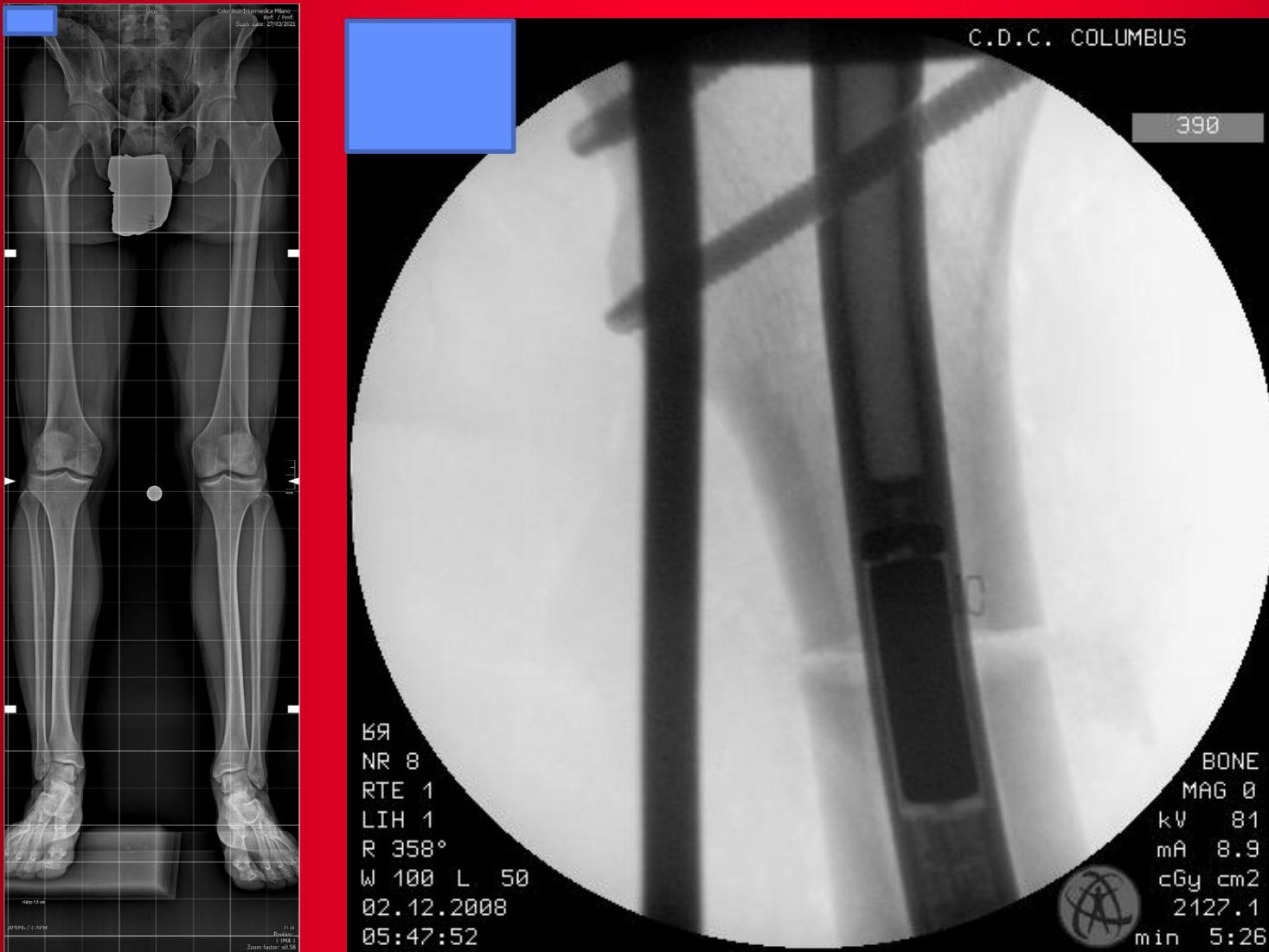


ASAMI Lecco

Precice and Stryde nauils



Precice and Stryde nauils

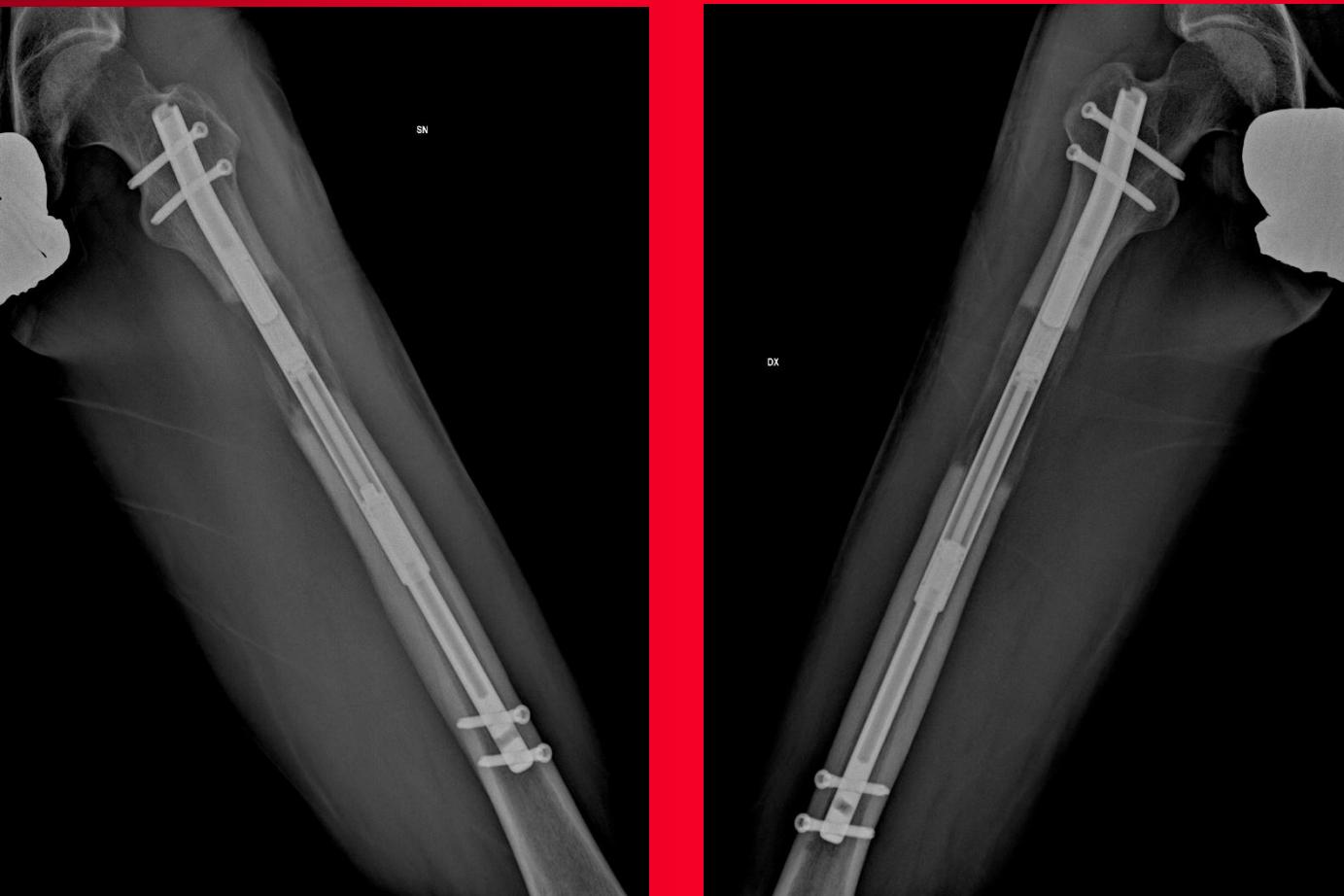


Precice and Stryde nauils



DRPILOIORTOPEDICO

Precice and Stryde nauils



DRPILOORTOPEDICO



ASAMI Lecco

Precice and Stryde nauils



ASAMI Lecco

Precice and Stryde nauils

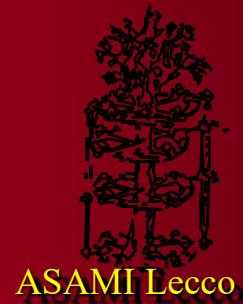
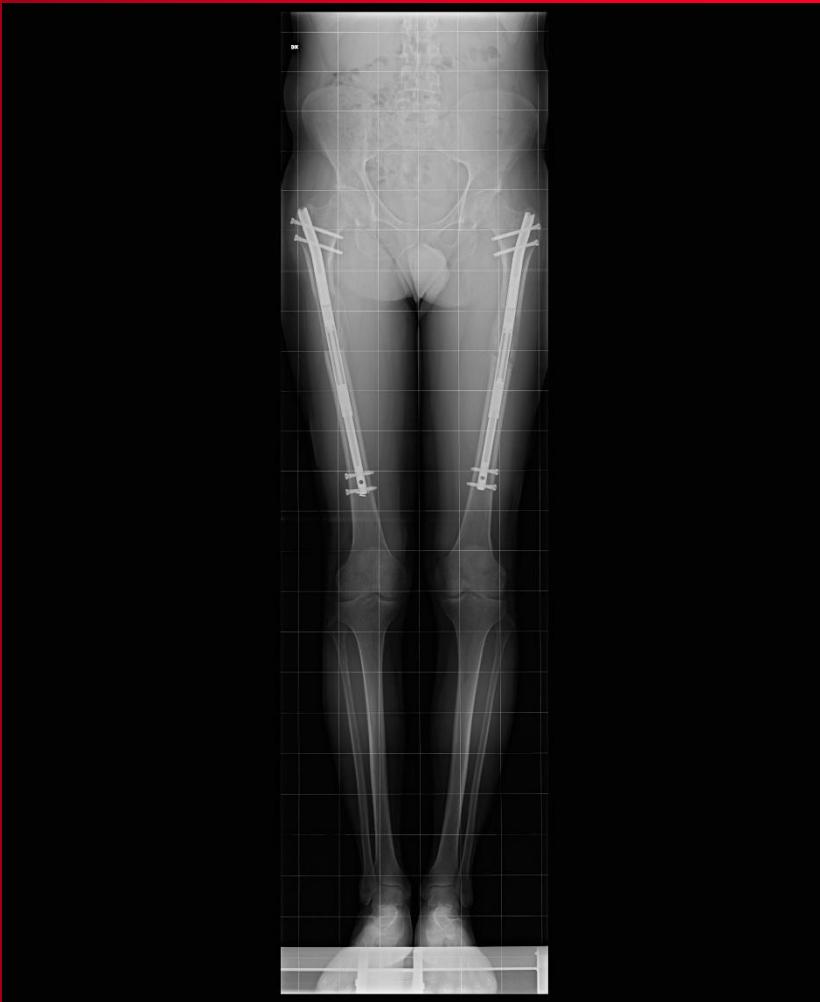


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ASAMI Lecco

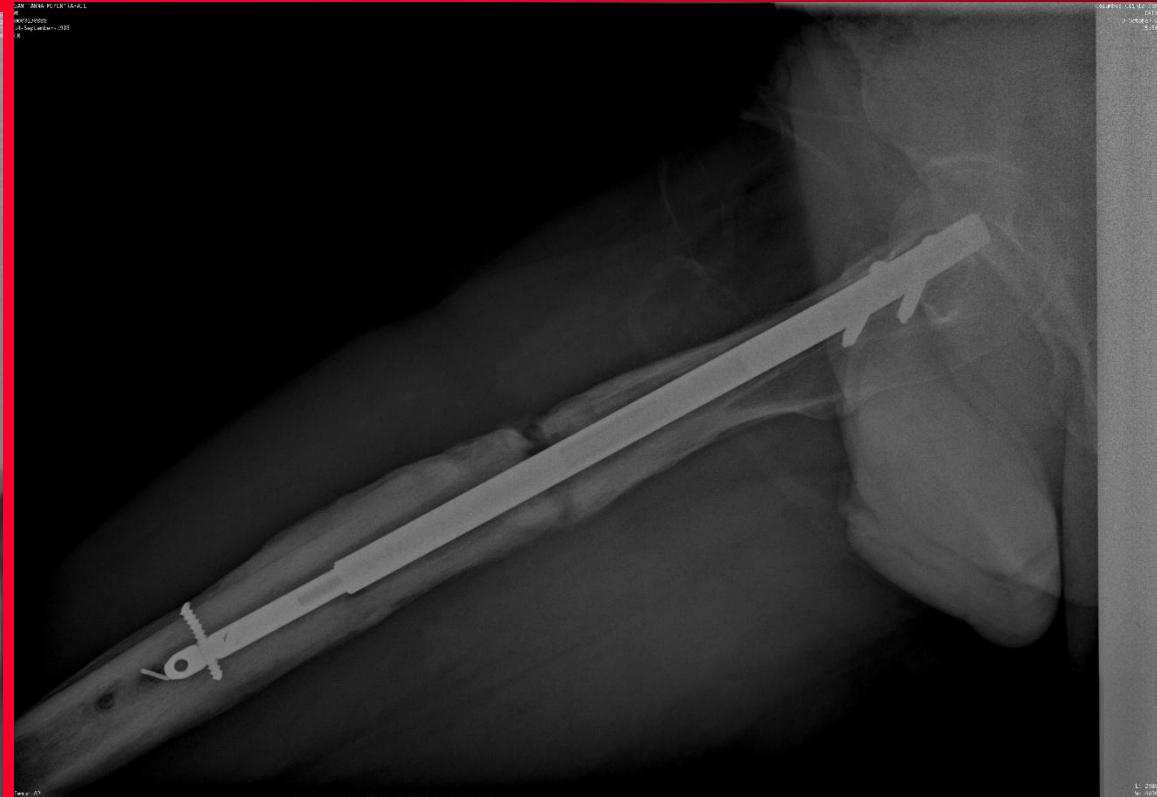
Precice and Stryde nauils



Precice and Stryde nauils



Stryde



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Guerreschi started (in 2017) using the lengthening system with support of an intramedullary nail.



DRPILIORTOPEDICO



ASAMI Lecco

Certainly, for the femur, in cases of severe deformity, the external fixator represents a safe and well-tested system, but, for a simple femoral lengthening, the intramedullary nail is certainly a solution better tolerated by patients.



The introduction of the Precice nail obviates this problem because the transcutaneous magnetic control allows to reverse the movement of the nail producing a shortening, if necessary



ASAMI Lecco



Femoral
lengthening with
magnetic nail
One mm per day



ASAMI Lecco



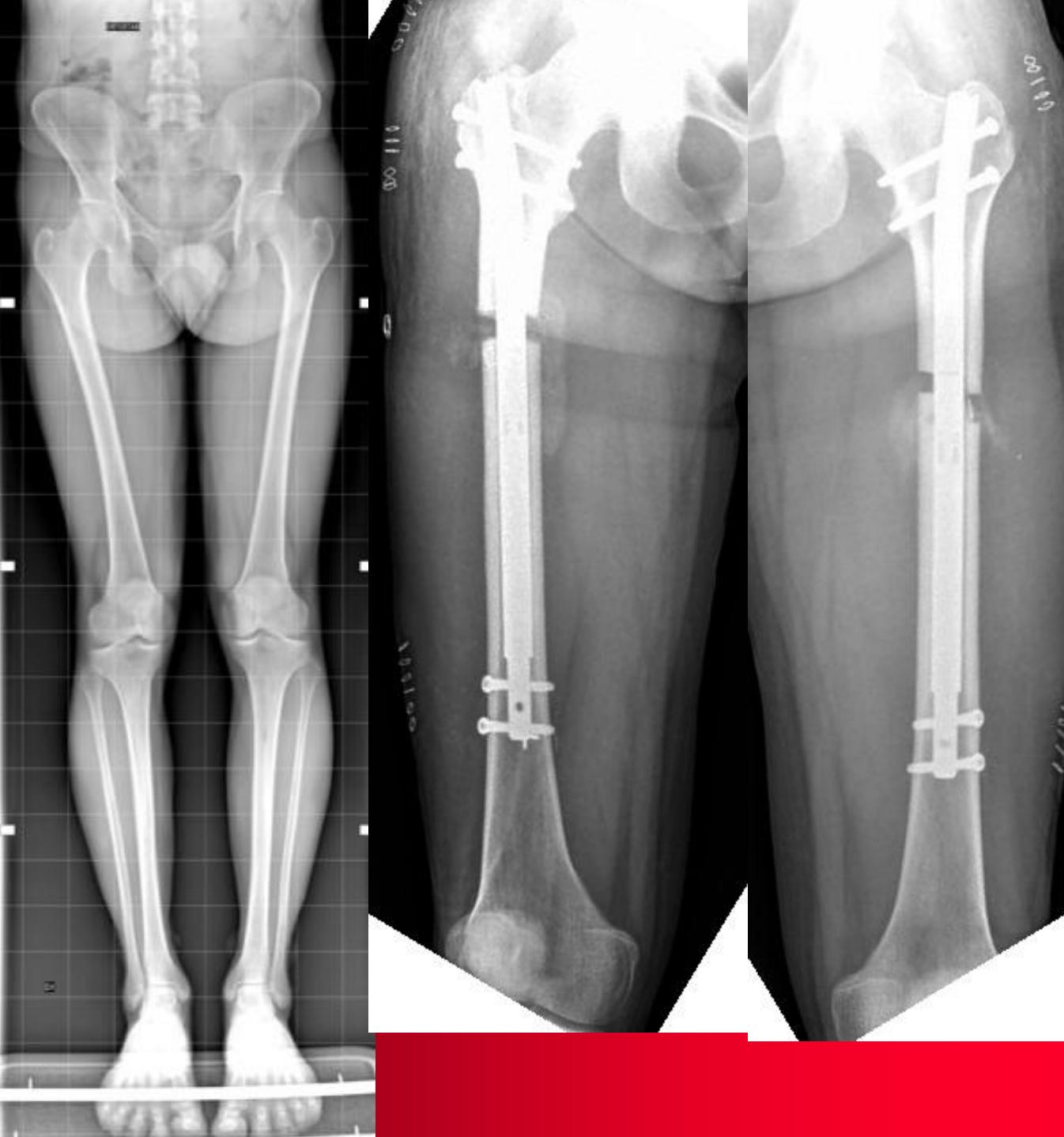
Very rapid
consolidation



ASAMI Lecco



Minimum scare



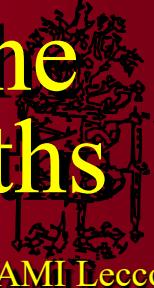
Initial lengthening
at the time of
surgery



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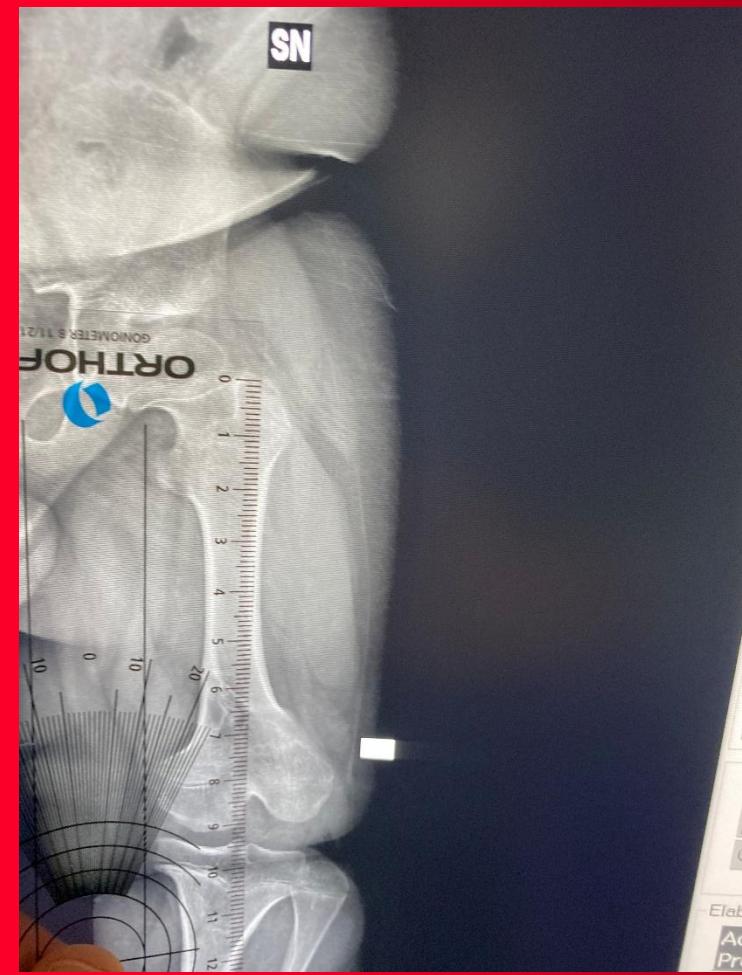
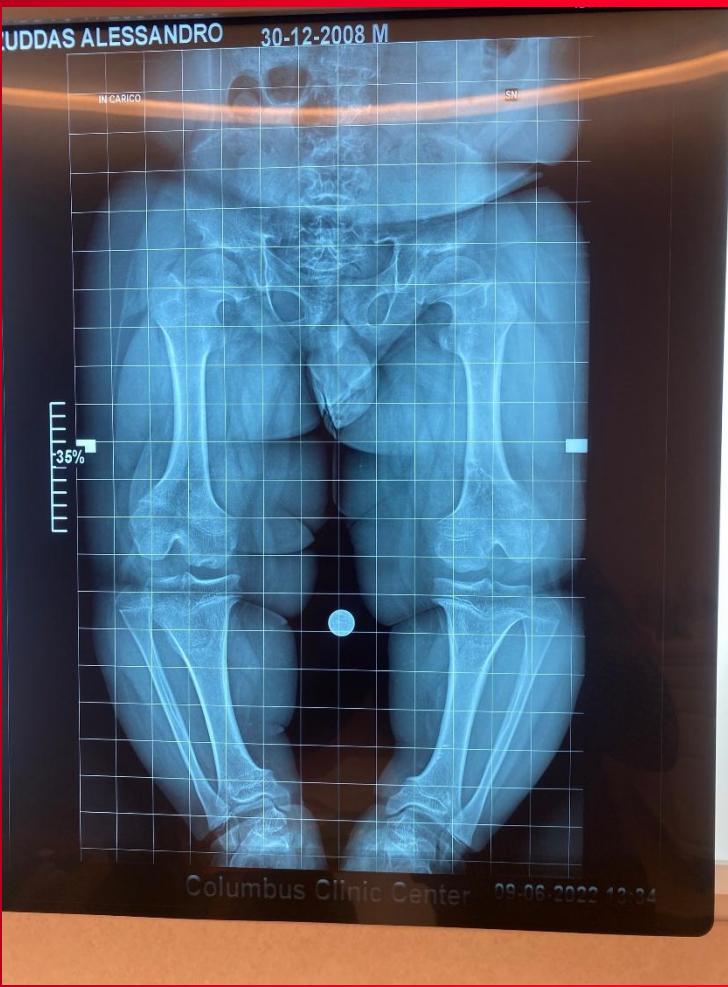
Rapid consolidation
and recovery of the
function in 6 months

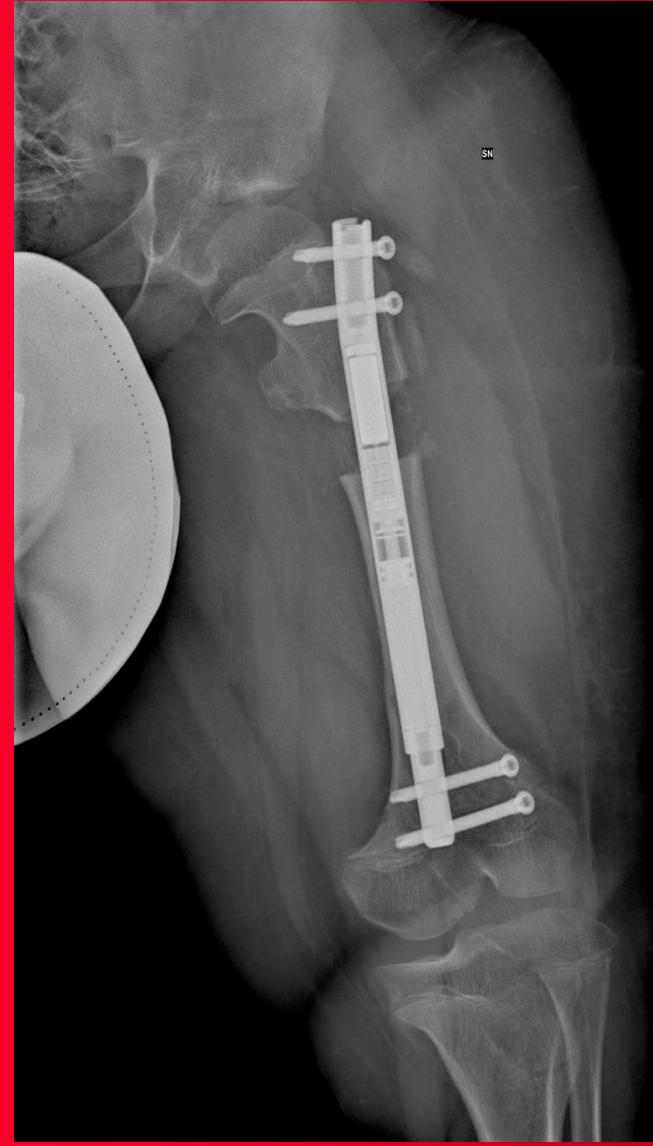


ASAMI Lecco



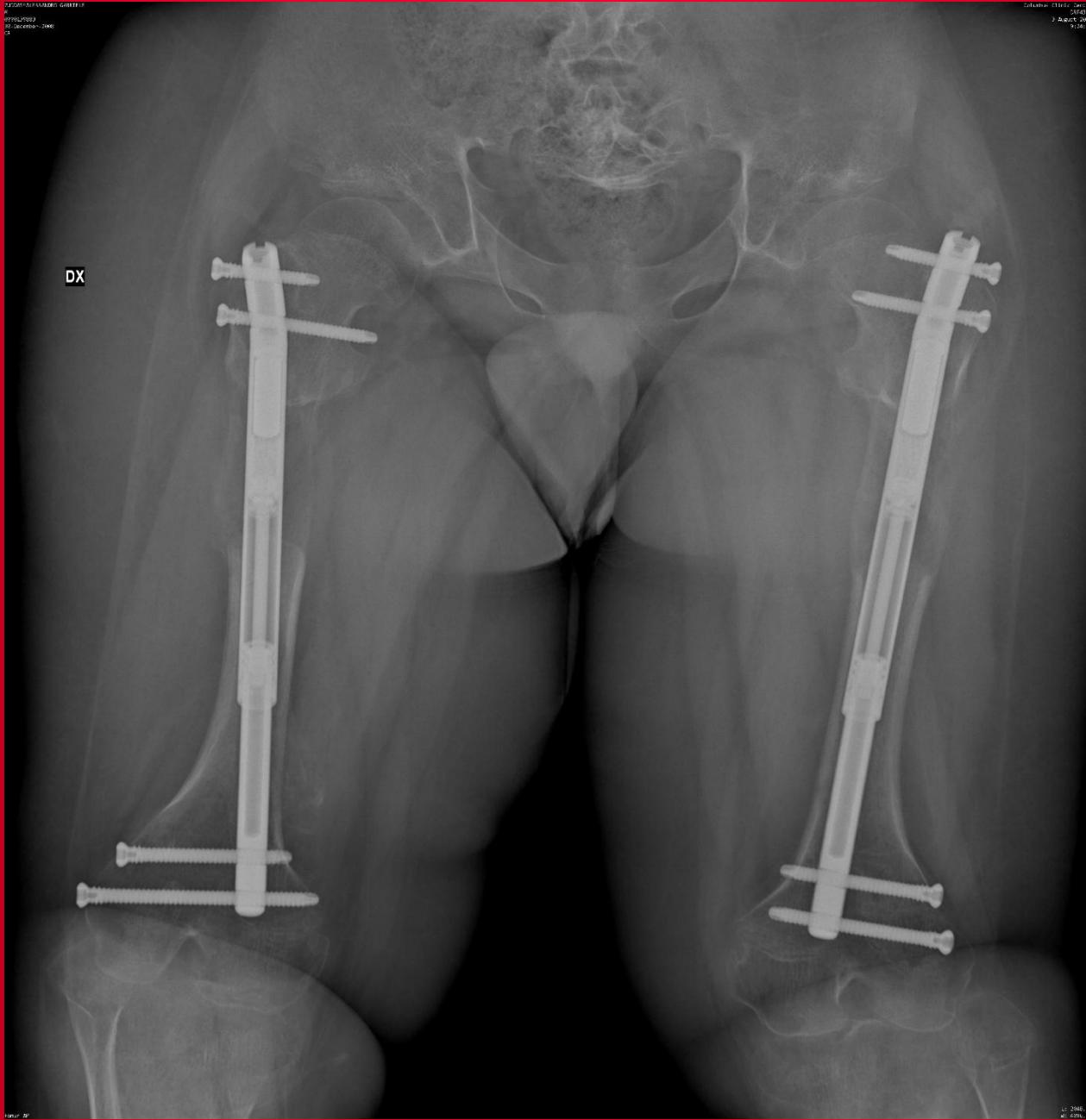




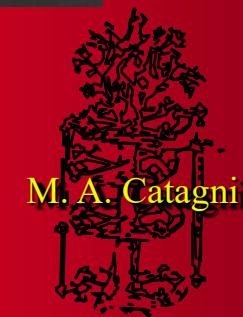












Thank you



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Thank you



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